

Converting Colors

RGB(237, 121, 222)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(237, 121, 222) contains.

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Color

RGB(237, 121, 222)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ED79DE
RGB	237, 121, 222
RGB Percent	93%, 47%, 87%
CMY	0.0706, 0.5255, 0.1294
CMYK	0.00, 0.49, 0.06, 0.07
HSL	308°, 76%, 70%
HSV	308°, 49%, 93%
XYZ	54.9472, 36.9532, 73.3439
YIQ	167.1980, 36.7150, 56.0030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

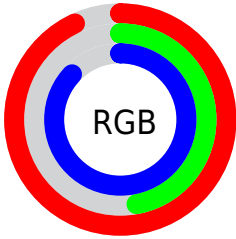
Format	Color
R_{YB}	237, 121, 222
Decimal	15563230
CIE _{Lab}	67.24, 57.72, -31.80
CIE _{LCh}	67, 65.902, 331.149
Yxy	36.9532, 0.3325, 0.2236
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293753310 (0xFFED79DE)
YUV	167.1980, 27.0174, 61.2164
Hunter-Lab	60.7891, 54.9650, -28.9827

Details

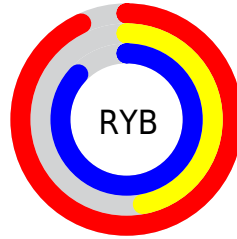
The RGB color **237, 121, 222** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC66CC**. A complement of this color would be **121, 237, 136**, and the grayscale version is **167, 167, 167**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 177, 255**, and **179, 66, 167** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **237, 97, 219**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **237, 145, 225**.

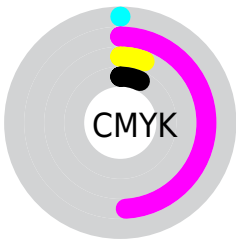
Distribution



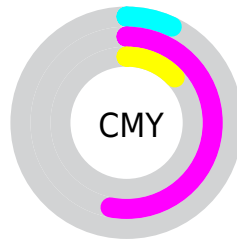
- Red (93%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (7%)




- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 237, 121, 222 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 237, 121, 222 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 237, 121, 222

 237, 121, 222


255, 255, 255

 208, 94, 194

 255, 177, 255

 179, 66, 167

 255, 205, 255

 150, 36, 140

 255, 235, 255

 123, 0, 114

 96, 0, 89

 69, 0, 65

 45, 0, 43

 0, 0, 21

 0, 0, 0

■ 237, 121, 222

■ 237, 121, 222

■ 237, 97, 219

■ 237, 145, 225

■ 237, 74, 216

■ 237, 168, 228

■ 237, 50, 213

■ 237, 192, 231

■ 237, 26, 210

■ 237, 216, 234

■ 237, 3, 207

■ 237, 239, 237

■ 237, 0, 206

■ 237, 255, 240

■ 237, 255, 243

■ 237, 255, 247

■ 237, 255, 250

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



167, 147, 255



237, 121, 222



255, 106, 164

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



237, 121, 222



192, 162, 27



0, 191, 224

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



237, 121, 222



121, 237, 136

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 192, 164



237, 121, 222



132, 178, 52

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



237, 121, 222



238, 139, 57



25, 188, 103



0, 184, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



237, 121, 222



255, 110, 124



25, 188, 103



0, 192, 205

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



237, 121, 222



255, 217, 250



135, 121, 237



128, 105, 125



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



237, 121, 222



255, 105, 236



237, 121, 165



117, 106, 116



181, 0, 158



54, 0, 47

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



237, 121, 222



255, 105, 236



121, 237, 193



117, 106, 116



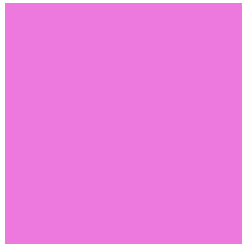
181, 0, 158



54, 0, 47

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 237, 121, 222 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

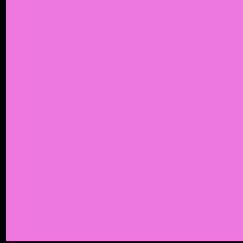
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 237, 121, 222 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 237, 121, 222 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 237, 121, 222.

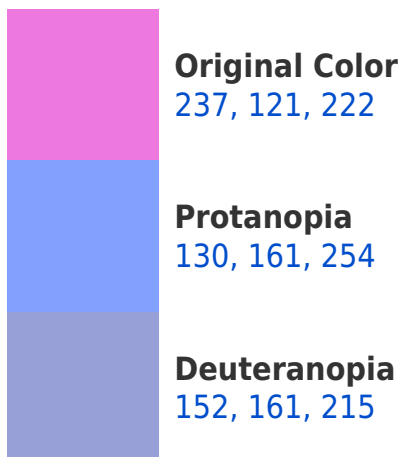


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 237, 121, 222.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
228, 138, 148

Trichromacy



Original Color

237, 121, 222



Protanomaly

169, 146, 242



Deuteranomaly

183, 146, 218



Tritanomaly

231, 132, 175

Monochromacy



Original Color

237, 121, 222



Achromatopsia

167, 167, 167



Achromatomaly

192, 150, 187

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 237, 121, 222 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(237, 121, 222)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 121, 222)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 121, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 121, 222) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 237, 121, 222 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 121, 222) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 121, 222) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(237, 121, 222)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 121, 222); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 121, 222);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 121,  
222) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 237, 121, 222 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 121, 222) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237,  
121, 222) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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