

Converting Colors

RGB(237, 173, 242)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(237, 173, 242) contains.

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Color

RGB(237, 173, 242)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EDADF2
RGB	237, 173, 242
RGB Percent	93%, 68%, 95%
CMY	0.0706, 0.3216, 0.0510
CMYK	0.02, 0.29, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	296°, 73%, 81%
HSV	296°, 29%, 95%
XYZ	65.8956, 54.3025, 91.0127
YIQ	200.0020, 15.9950, 35.0270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

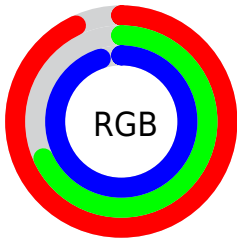
Format	Color
R _Y B	237, 173, 242
Decimal	15576562
CIE Lab	78.64, 34.61, -25.23
CIE LCh	79, 42.829, 323.908
Yxy	54.3025, 0.3120, 0.2571
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293766642 (0xFFEDADF2)
YUV	200.0020, 20.7050, 32.4472
Hunter-Lab	73.6902, 30.6613, -21.6443

Details

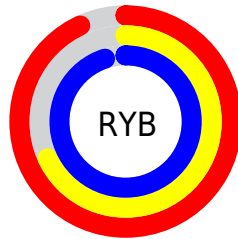
The RGB color **237, 173, 242** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **178, 242, 173**, and the grayscale version is **200, 200, 200**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 229, 255**, and **180, 120, 186** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **235, 149, 242**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **239, 197, 242**.

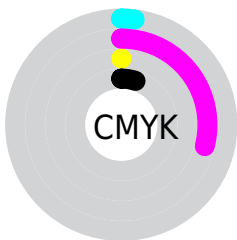
Distribution



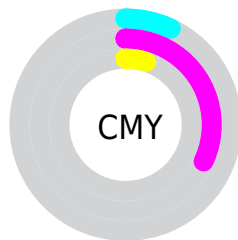
- Red (93%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (5%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 237, 173, 242 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 237, 173, 242 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 237, 173, 242

255, 255, 255

■ 255, 229, 255

■ 237, 173, 242

■ 208, 146, 214

■ 180, 120, 186

■ 153, 94, 159

■ 126, 70, 132

■ 100, 45, 107

■ 75, 21, 82

■ 51, 0, 59

■ 31, 0, 37

■ 0, 1, 13

237, 173, 242

237, 173, 242

235, 149, 242

239, 197, 242

233, 125, 242

241, 221, 242

232, 100, 242

242, 246, 242

230, 76, 242

244, 255, 242

228, 52, 242

246, 255, 242

226, 28, 242

248, 255, 242

225, 4, 242

249, 255, 242

224, 0, 242

251, 255, 242

253, 255, 242

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



187, 187, 255



237, 173, 242



255, 164, 204

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



237, 173, 242



228, 189, 115



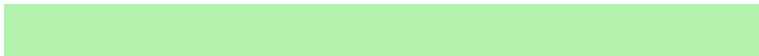
6, 215, 226

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



237, 173, 242



178, 242, 173

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87, 215, 185



237, 173, 242



188, 202, 120

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



237, 173, 242



255, 176, 132



142, 211, 146



40, 211, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



237, 173, 242



255, 164, 177



142, 211, 146



41, 216, 212

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



237, 173, 242



253, 232, 255



173, 179, 242



126, 113, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



237, 173, 242



249, 168, 255



242, 173, 213



119, 108, 120



170, 0, 184



52, 0, 56

Inverse Universe

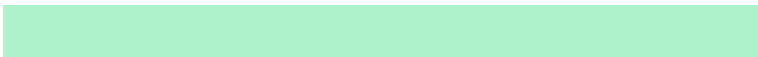
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



242, 173, 178



255, 168, 175



173, 242, 202



120, 108, 109



184, 0, 13



56, 0, 4

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 237, 173, 242 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

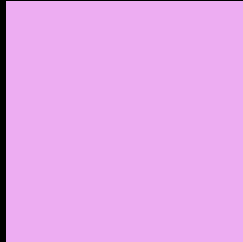
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 237, 173, 242 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 237, 173, 242 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 237, 173, 242.

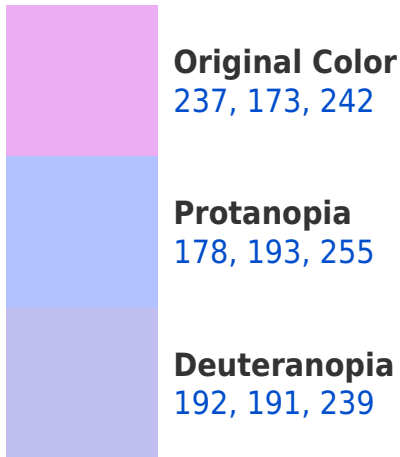



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 237, 173, 242.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
231, 182, 196

Trichromacy



Original Color

237, 173, 242



Protanomaly

199, 186, 250



Deuteranomaly

208, 184, 240



Tritanomaly

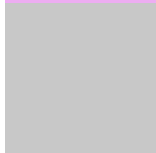
233, 179, 213

Monochromacy



Original Color

237, 173, 242



Achromatopsia

200, 200, 200



Achromatomaly

213, 190, 215

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 237, 173, 242 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(237, 173, 242)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 173, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 173, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 173, 242) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 237, 173, 242 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 173, 242) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 173, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(237, 173, 242)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 173, 242); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 173, 242);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 173,  
242) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 237, 173, 242 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 173, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237,  
173, 242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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