

Converting Colors

RGB(237, 175, 140)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(237, 175, 140) contains.

RGB(237, 175, 140)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(237, 175, 140)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EDAF8C
RGB	237, 175, 140
RGB Percent	93%, 69%, 55%
CMY	0.0706, 0.3137, 0.4510
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.41, 0.07
HSL	22°, 73%, 74%
HSV	22°, 41%, 93%
XYZ	54.9886, 50.5579, 31.6714
YIQ	189.5480, 48.1870, 2.2590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

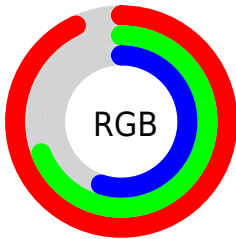
Format	Color
R _Y B	237, 195, 140
Decimal	15576972
CIE Lab	76.41, 18.31, 26.81
CIE LCh	76, 32.467, 55.676
Yxy	50.5579, 0.4007, 0.3684
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293767052 (0xFFEDAF8C)
YUV	189.5480, -24.4272, 41.6154
Hunter-Lab	71.1041, 13.6116, 23.3637

Details

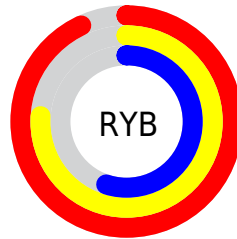
The RGB color **237, 175, 140** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **140, 202, 237**, and the grayscale version is **190, 190, 190**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 231, 194**, and **179, 122, 90** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **237, 160, 116**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **237, 190, 164**.

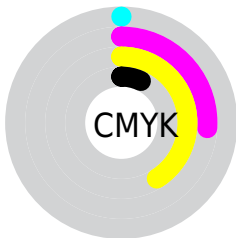
Distribution



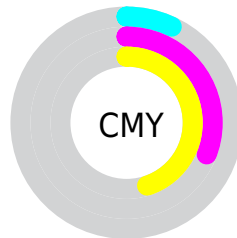
- Red (93%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 237, 175, 140 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 237, 175, 140 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 237, 175, 140

 237, 175, 140

255, 255, 255

 208, 148, 114

 255, 231, 194

 179, 122, 90


 255, 255, 222

 151, 97, 66

 255, 255, 250

 123, 73, 43


 97, 50, 22

 71, 28, 0

 45, 7, 0

 7, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 237, 175, 140

 237, 175, 140

 237, 160, 116

 237, 190, 164

 237, 145, 93

 237, 205, 187

 237, 130, 69

 237, 220, 211

 237, 114, 45

 237, 236, 235

 237, 99, 22

 237, 251, 255

 237, 86, 0

 237, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



248, 168, 164



237, 175, 140



214, 185, 129

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



237, 175, 140



114, 205, 183



187, 182, 242

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



237, 175, 140



140, 202, 237

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



143, 193, 248



237, 175, 140



92, 205, 213

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



237, 175, 140



148, 201, 154



104, 200, 237



223, 172, 223

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



237, 175, 140



194, 192, 130



104, 200, 237



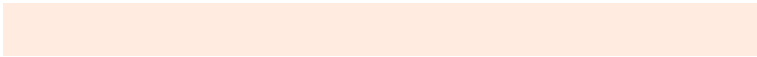
173, 186, 246

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



237, 175, 140



255, 235, 224



237, 140, 203



128, 116, 110



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



237, 175, 140



255, 175, 130



237, 222, 140



117, 110, 106



181, 65, 0



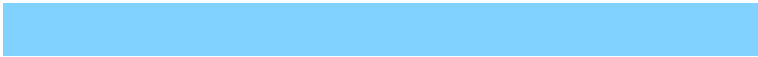
54, 19, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



140, 202, 237



130, 210, 255



140, 155, 237



106, 113, 117



0, 116, 181



0, 34, 54

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 237, 175, 140 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

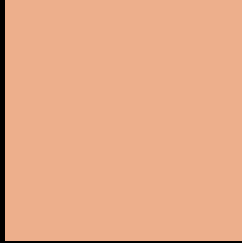
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 237, 175, 140 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

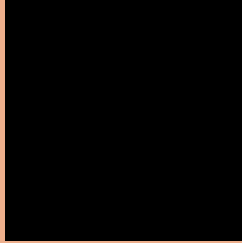
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 237, 175, 140 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 237, 175, 140.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 237, 175, 140.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
237, 175, 140

Protanopia
201, 189, 146

Deuteranopia
223, 181, 139



Tritanopia
241, 169, 182

Trichromacy



Original Color
237, 175, 140

Protanomaly
214, 184, 144

Deuteranomaly
228, 179, 139

Tritanomaly
240, 171, 167

Monochromacy



Original Color
237, 175, 140

Achromatopsia
190, 190, 190

Achromatomaly
207, 185, 172

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 237, 175, 140 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(237, 175, 140)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 175, 140)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 175, 140) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 175, 140) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 237, 175, 140 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 175, 140) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 175, 140) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(237, 175, 140)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 175, 140); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 175, 140);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 175,  
140) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 237, 175, 140 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 175, 140) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237,  
175, 140) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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