

Converting Colors

RGB(237, 197, 111)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(237, 197, 111) contains.

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Color

RGB(237, 197, 111)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EDC56F
RGB	237, 197, 111
RGB Percent	93%, 77%, 44%
CMY	0.0706, 0.2275, 0.5647
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.53, 0.07
HSL	41°, 78%, 68%
HSV	41°, 53%, 93%
XYZ	57.7605, 59.0847, 23.3991
YIQ	199.1560, 51.4460, -18.2660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

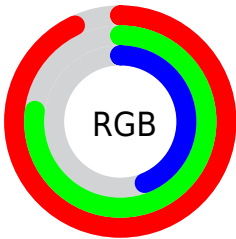
Format	Color
RYB	170, 237, 111
Decimal	15582575
CIELab	81.34, 3.95, 48.03
CIELCh	81, 48.191, 85.295
Yxy	59.0847, 0.4119, 0.4213
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293772655 (0xFFEDC56F)
YUV	199.1560, -43.4609, 33.1892
Hunter-Lab	76.8666, -0.3847, 35.7580

Details

The RGB color **237, 197, 111** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC66**. A complement of this color would be **111, 151, 237**, and the grayscale version is **200, 200, 200**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 253, 164**, and **178, 143, 60** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **237, 189, 87**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **237, 205, 135**.

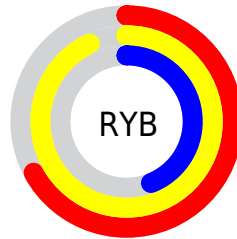
Distribution



Red (93%)

Green (77%)

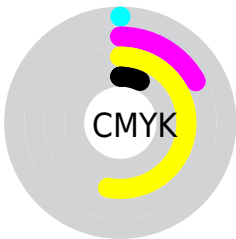
Blue (44%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (93%)

Blue (44%)

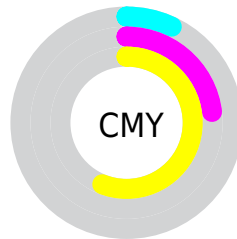


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (53%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (7%)

Magenta (23%)


Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 237, 197, 111 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 237, 197, 111 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 237, 197, 111

 237, 197, 111

255, 255, 255

 207, 170, 85

 255, 253, 164

 178, 143, 60

 255, 255, 192

 150, 118, 34

 255, 255, 220

 122, 93, 3

 255, 255, 249

 95, 70, 0

 69, 48, 0

 43, 27, 0

 17, 2, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 237, 197, 111

■ 237, 197, 111

■ 237, 189, 87

■ 237, 205, 135

■ 237, 182, 64

■ 237, 212, 158

■ 237, 174, 40

■ 237, 220, 182

■ 237, 167, 16

■ 237, 227, 206

■ 237, 162, 0

■ 237, 235, 229

■ 237, 242, 253

■ 237, 250, 255

■ 237, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 181, 129



237, 197, 111



192, 211, 118

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



237, 197, 111



0, 225, 239



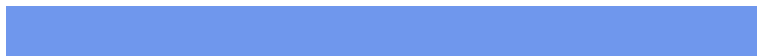
252, 177, 254

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



237, 197, 111



111, 151, 237

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



196, 193, 255



237, 197, 111



0, 220, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



237, 197, 111



67, 225, 193



117, 209, 255



255, 166, 211

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



237, 197, 111



157, 218, 137



117, 209, 255



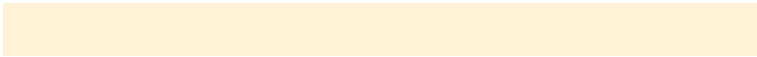
236, 182, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



237, 197, 111



255, 242, 214



237, 111, 153



128, 120, 103



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



237, 197, 111



255, 203, 92



216, 237, 111



117, 114, 106



181, 124, 0



54, 37, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



111, 151, 237



92, 144, 255



132, 111, 237



106, 109, 117



0, 57, 181



0, 17, 54

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 237, 197, 111 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

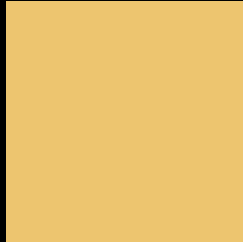
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 237, 197, 111 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 237, 197, 111 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 237, 197, 111.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 237, 197, 111.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
237, 197, 111

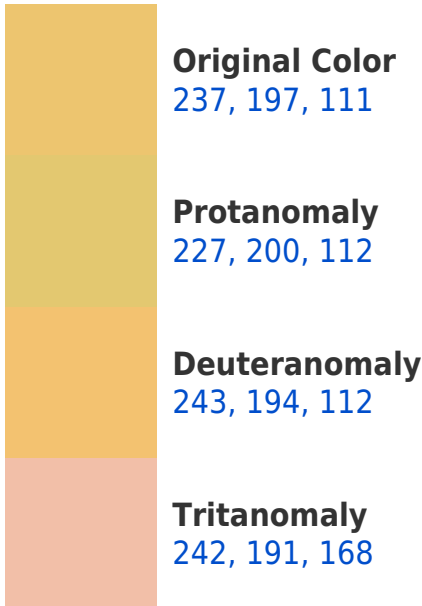
Protanopia
222, 202, 113

Deuteranopia
247, 193, 112

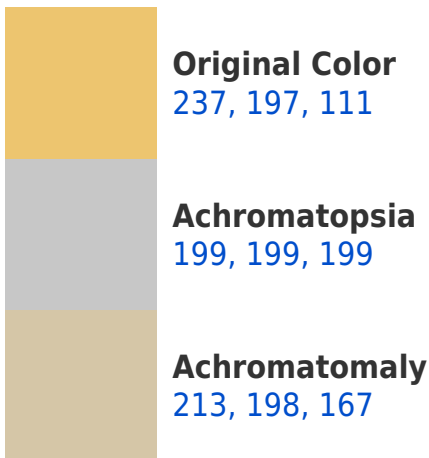


Tritanopia
245, 187, 201

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 237, 197, 111 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(237, 197, 111)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 197, 111)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 197, 111) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 197, 111) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 237, 197, 111 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 197, 111) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 197, 111) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(237, 197, 111)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 197, 111); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 197, 111);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 197,  
111) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 237, 197, 111 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 197, 111) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237,  
197, 111) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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