

Converting Colors

RGB(237, 202, 226)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(237, 202, 226) contains.

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Color

RGB(237, 202, 226)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EDCAE2
RGB	237, 202, 226
RGB Percent	93%, 79%, 89%
CMY	0.0706, 0.2078, 0.1137
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.05, 0.07
HSL	319°, 49%, 86%
HSV	319°, 15%, 93%
XYZ	69.7730, 65.7366, 80.9625
YIQ	215.2010, 13.1560, 14.8840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

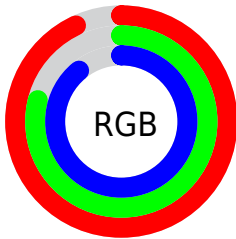
Format	Color
R _Y B	237, 202, 226
Decimal	15583970
CIE Lab	84.86, 16.30, -7.29
CIE LCh	85, 17.853, 335.893
Yxy	65.7366, 0.3223, 0.3037
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293774050 (0xFFEDCAE2)
YUV	215.2010, 5.3239, 19.1177
Hunter-Lab	81.0781, 11.7244, -2.4508

Details

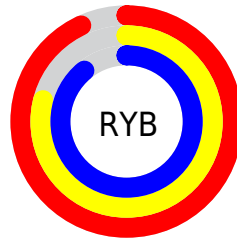
The RGB color **237, 202, 226** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **202, 237, 213**, and the grayscale version is **215, 215, 215**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and **181, 148, 171** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **237, 178, 219**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **237, 226, 233**.

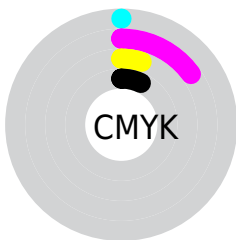
Distribution



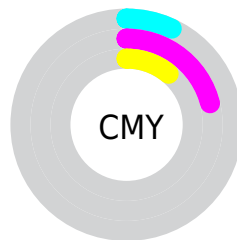
- Red (93%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 237, 202, 226 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 237, 202, 226 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 237, 202, 226

255, 255, 255

■ 237, 202, 226

■ 209, 175, 198

■ 181, 148, 171

■ 154, 122, 144

■ 128, 97, 119

■ 102, 73, 94

■ 78, 50, 70

■ 55, 29, 48

■ 34, 6, 27

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 237, 202, 226

■ 237, 202, 226

■ 237, 178, 219

■ 237, 226, 233

■ 237, 155, 211

■ 237, 249, 241

■ 237, 131, 204

■ 237, 255, 248

■ 237, 107, 196

■ 237, 255, 255

■ 237, 83, 189

■ 237, 60, 181

■ 237, 36, 174

■ 237, 12, 166

■ 237, 0, 163

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



219, 207, 239



237, 202, 226



247, 200, 209

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



237, 202, 226



222, 212, 178



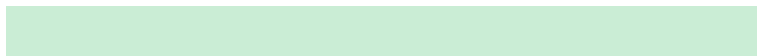
168, 221, 231

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



237, 202, 226



202, 237, 213

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



171, 222, 215



237, 202, 226



203, 217, 184

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



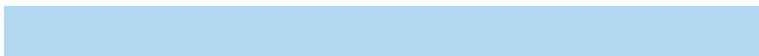
237, 202, 226



238, 206, 182



184, 221, 198



178, 217, 242

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



237, 202, 226



248, 201, 198



184, 221, 198



168, 221, 226

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



237, 202, 226



255, 245, 252



212, 202, 237



128, 121, 125



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



237, 202, 226



255, 209, 241



237, 202, 209



117, 106, 114



181, 0, 124



54, 0, 37

Inverse Universe

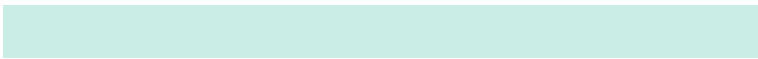
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



237, 202, 226



255, 209, 241



202, 237, 230



117, 106, 114



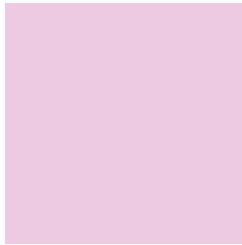
181, 0, 124



54, 0, 37

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 237, 202, 226 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

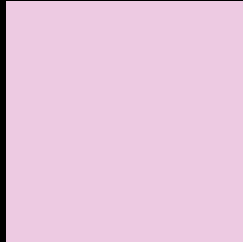
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 237, 202, 226 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 237, 202, 226 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 237, 202, 226.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 237, 202, 226.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
237, 202, 226

Protanopia
210, 211, 231

Deuteranopia
227, 206, 225



Tritanopia
236, 203, 219

Trichromacy



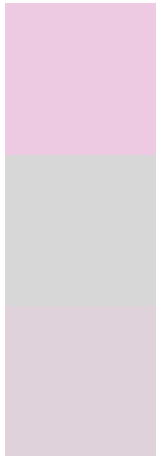
Original Color
237, 202, 226

Protanomaly
220, 208, 229

Deuteranomaly
231, 205, 225

Tritanomaly
236, 203, 222

Monochromacy



Original Color
237, 202, 226

Achromatopsia
215, 215, 215

Achromatomaly
223, 210, 219

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 237, 202, 226 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(237, 202, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 202, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 202, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 202, 226) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 237, 202, 226 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 202, 226) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 202, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(237, 202, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 202, 226); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 202, 226); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 202, 226) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 237, 202, 226 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 202, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237,  
202, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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