

# Converting Colors

RGB(237, 218, 220)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(237, 218, 220) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(237, 218, 220)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EDDADC
RGB	237, 218, 220
RGB Percent	93%, 85%, 86%
CMY	0.0706, 0.1451, 0.1373
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.07, 0.07
HSL	354°, 35%, 89%
HSV	354°, 8%, 93%
XYZ	72.9147, 73.3146, 78.0183
YIQ	223.9090, 10.6820, 4.6500

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

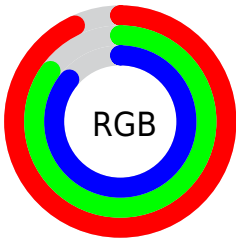
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	237, 218, 220
Decimal	15588060
CIE Lab	88.60, 6.86, 1.37
CIE LCh	89, 7.000, 11.309
Yxy	73.3146, 0.3252, 0.3269
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293778140 (0xFFEDDADC)
YUV	223.9090, -1.9271, 11.4808
Hunter-Lab	85.6240, 2.1631, 5.9133

# Details

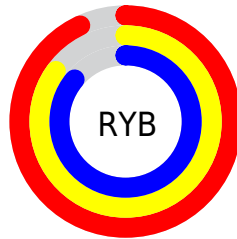
The RGB color **237, 218, 220** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **218, 237, 235**, and the grayscale version is **224, 224, 224**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **181, 163, 165** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **237, 194, 199**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **237, 242, 241**.

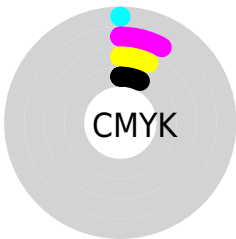
# Distribution



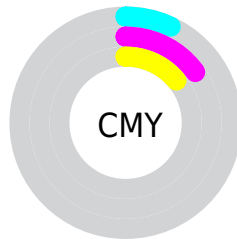
- Red (93%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (14%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 237, 218, 220 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 237, 218, 220 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 237, 218, 220

255, 255, 255

 237, 218, 220

 209, 190, 192

 181, 163, 165

 154, 137, 139

 128, 111, 113

 103, 87, 89

 79, 64, 66


 56, 42, 44

 34, 21, 23


 2, 0, 0

 237, 218, 220

 237, 218, 220


 237, 194, 199

 237, 242, 241

 237, 171, 178

 237, 255, 255

 237, 147, 156

 237, 123, 135

 237, 99, 114

 237, 76, 93

 237, 52, 72

 237, 28, 50

 237, 5, 29

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



234, 218, 227



237, 218, 220



237, 219, 214

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



237, 218, 220



218, 225, 212



211, 224, 235

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



237, 218, 220



218, 237, 235

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



207, 226, 231



237, 218, 220



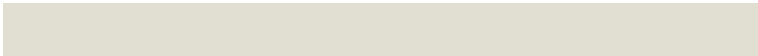
211, 226, 218

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



237, 218, 220



225, 223, 209



207, 227, 225



219, 222, 235

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



237, 218, 220



234, 220, 211



207, 227, 225



209, 225, 234



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



237, 218, 220



255, 250, 250



235, 218, 237



128, 125, 125



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

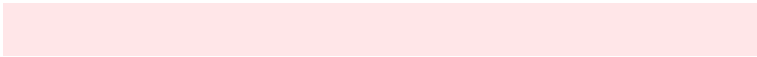


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



237, 218, 220



255, 230, 232



237, 225, 218



117, 106, 107



181, 0, 19



54, 0, 6

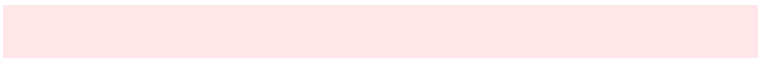


# Inverse Universe

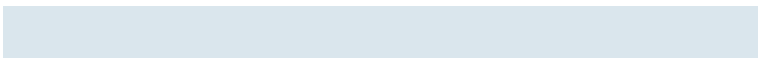
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



237, 218, 220



255, 230, 232



218, 230, 237



117, 106, 107



181, 0, 19

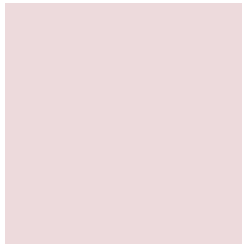


54, 0, 6



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 237, 218, 220 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

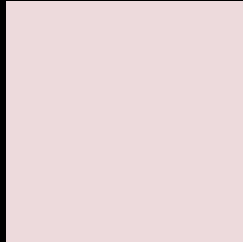
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 237, 218, 220 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

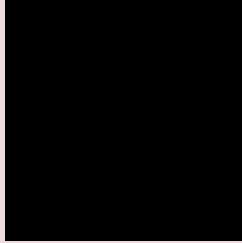
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

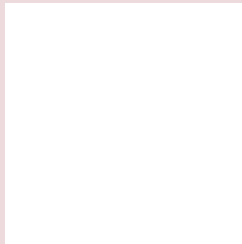
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 237, 218, 220 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 237, 218, 220.

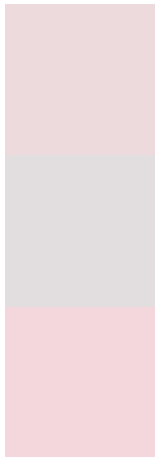


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 237, 218, 220.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

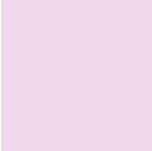
## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
237, 218, 220

**Protanopia**  
226, 221, 222

**Deuteranopia**  
244, 215, 221



**Tritanopia**  
239, 216, 233

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

237, 218, 220

**Protanomaly**

230, 220, 221

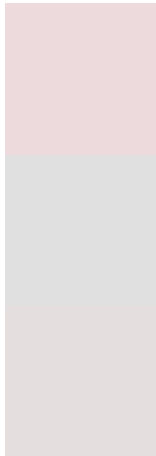
**Deuteranomaly**

241, 216, 221

**Tritanomaly**

238, 217, 228

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

237, 218, 220

**Achromatopsia**

224, 224, 224

**Achromatomaly**

229, 222, 223

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 237, 218, 220 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(237, 218, 220) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 218, 220)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 218, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 218, 220) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 237, 218, 220 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 218, 220) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 218, 220) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(237, 218, 220)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 218, 220); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 218, 220);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 218,  
220) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 237, 218, 220 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 218, 220) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237,  
218, 220) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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