

# Converting Colors

RGB(238, 207, 229)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(238, 207, 229) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(238, 207, 229)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EECFE5
RGB	238, 207, 229
RGB Percent	93%, 81%, 90%
CMY	0.0667, 0.1882, 0.1020
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.04, 0.07
HSL	317°, 48%, 87%
HSV	317°, 13%, 93%
XYZ	71.7156, 68.4599, 83.5630
YIQ	218.7770, 11.4140, 13.4140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

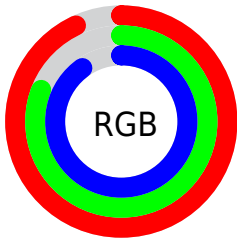
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	238, 207, 229
Decimal	15650789
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	86.24, 14.52, -6.84
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	86, 16.052, 334.769
Yxy	68.4599, 0.3205, 0.3060
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293840869 (0xFFEECFE5)
YUV	218.7770, 5.0399, 16.8586
Hunter-Lab	82.7405, 9.9195, -1.9610

# Details

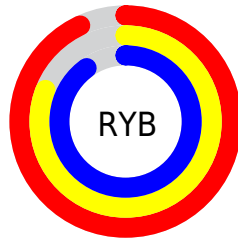
The RGB color **238, 207, 229** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **207, 238, 216**, and the grayscale version is **219, 219, 219**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and **182, 153, 174** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **238, 183, 222**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **238, 231, 236**.

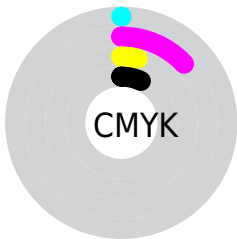
# Distribution



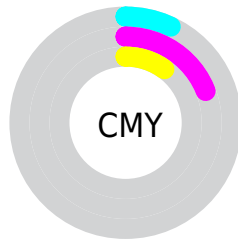
- Red (93%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (10%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 238, 207, 229 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 238, 207, 229 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 238, 207, 229

255, 255, 255

■ 238, 207, 229

■ 210, 179, 201

■ 182, 153, 174

■ 155, 127, 147

■ 129, 102, 121

■ 104, 77, 96

■ 79, 54, 73

■ 56, 33, 50

■ 34, 12, 29

■ 0, 0, 1

238, 207, 229

238, 207, 229

238, 183, 222

238, 231, 236

238, 159, 215

238, 255, 243

238, 136, 208

238, 255, 250

238, 112, 201

238, 255, 255

238, 88, 194

238, 64, 188

238, 40, 181

238, 17, 174

238, 0, 169

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



222, 211, 241



238, 207, 229



247, 205, 214

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



238, 207, 229



226, 215, 186



177, 224, 232

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



238, 207, 229



207, 238, 216

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



180, 225, 218



238, 207, 229



208, 220, 191

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



238, 207, 229



240, 210, 189



192, 223, 202



186, 221, 243

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



238, 207, 229



248, 206, 204



192, 223, 202



177, 224, 228



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



238, 207, 229



255, 245, 252



216, 207, 238



128, 121, 126



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



238, 207, 229



255, 214, 243



238, 207, 214



120, 108, 116



184, 0, 130



56, 0, 40



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



238, 207, 229



255, 214, 243



207, 238, 231



120, 108, 116



184, 0, 130

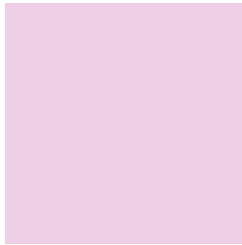


56, 0, 40



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 238, 207, 229 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

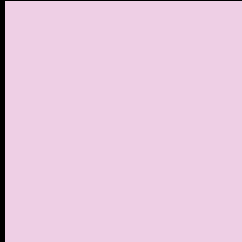
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 238, 207, 229 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 238, 207, 229 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 238, 207, 229.

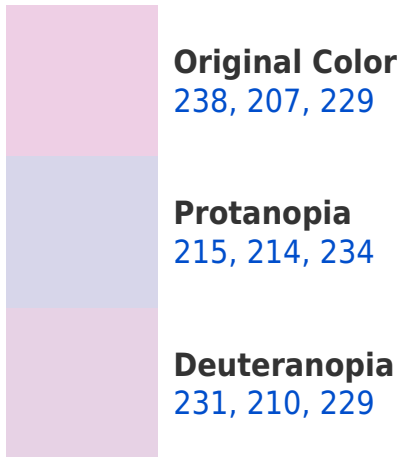


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 238, 207, 229.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
237, 208, 224

# Trichromacy



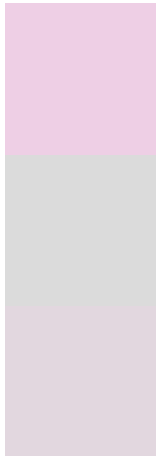
**Original Color**  
238, 207, 229

**Protanomaly**  
223, 211, 232

**Deuteranomaly**  
234, 209, 229

**Tritanomaly**  
237, 208, 226

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
238, 207, 229

**Achromatopsia**  
219, 219, 219

**Achromatomaly**  
226, 215, 223

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 238, 207, 229 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(238, 207, 229)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(238, 207, 229)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(238, 207, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(238, 207, 229) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 238, 207, 229 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(238, 207, 229) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(238, 207, 229) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(238, 207, 229)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(238, 207, 229); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 207, 229);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 207,  
229) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 238, 207, 229 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(238, 207, 229) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(238,  
207, 229) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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