

Converting Colors

RGB(238, 90, 212)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(238, 90, 212) contains.

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Color

RGB(238, 90, 212)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EE5AD4
RGB	238, 90, 212
RGB Percent	93%, 35%, 83%
CMY	0.0667, 0.6471, 0.1686
CMYK	0.00, 0.62, 0.11, 0.07
HSL	311°, 81%, 64%
HSV	311°, 62%, 93%
XYZ	50.7997, 30.2429, 65.4474
YIQ	148.1600, 49.0460, 69.3180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

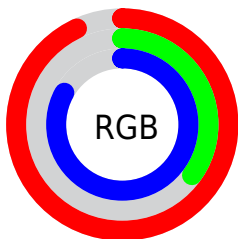
Format	Color
R_{YB}	238, 90, 212
Decimal	15620820
CIE _{Lab}	61.86, 70.15, -34.54
CIE _{LCh}	62, 78.193, 333.785
Yxy	30.2429, 0.3468, 0.2065
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293810900 (0xFFEE5AD4)
YUV	148.1600, 31.4731, 78.7897
Hunter-Lab	54.9936, 68.6487, -32.0650

Details

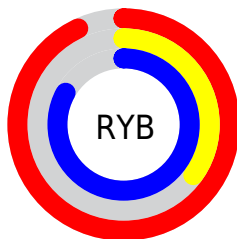
The RGB color **238, 90, 212** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF66CC**. The color can be described as light muted magenta. A complement of this color would be **90, 238, 116**, and the grayscale version is **148, 148, 148**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 148, 255**, and **179, 18, 157** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **238, 66, 208**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **238, 114, 216**.

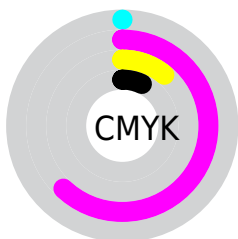
Distribution



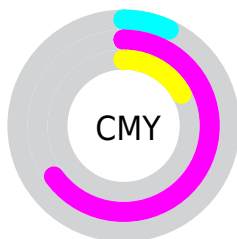
- Red (93%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (7%)


















- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (17%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 238, 90, 212 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 238, 90, 212 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 238, 90, 212	 238, 90, 212
255, 255, 255	 208, 59, 184
 255, 148, 255	 179, 18, 157
 255, 177, 255	 150, 0, 131
 255, 206, 255	 121, 0, 105
 255, 236, 255	 93, 0, 80
	 67, 0, 57
	 39, 0, 35
	 0, 0, 8
	 0, 0, 0

■ 238, 90, 212

■ 238, 90, 212

■ 238, 66, 208

■ 238, 114, 216

■ 238, 42, 204

■ 238, 138, 220

■ 238, 19, 199

■ 238, 161, 225

■ 238, 0, 196

■ 238, 185, 229

■ 238, 209, 233

■ 238, 233, 237

■ 238, 255, 241

■ 238, 255, 245

■ 238, 255, 250

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



158, 127, 255



238, 90, 212



255, 68, 144

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



238, 90, 212



172, 149, 0



0, 179, 225

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



238, 90, 212



90, 238, 116

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 180, 157



238, 90, 212



100, 167, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



238, 90, 212



227, 122, 0



0, 176, 84



0, 172, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



238, 90, 212



255, 78, 98



0, 176, 84



0, 180, 204

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



238, 90, 212



255, 207, 246



115, 90, 238



128, 98, 122



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



238, 90, 212



255, 64, 221



238, 90, 139



120, 108, 118



184, 0, 151



56, 0, 46

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



238, 90, 212



255, 64, 221



90, 238, 189



120, 108, 118



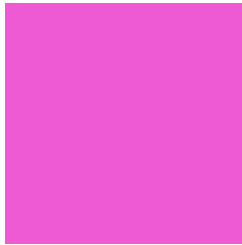
184, 0, 151



56, 0, 46

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 238, 90, 212 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

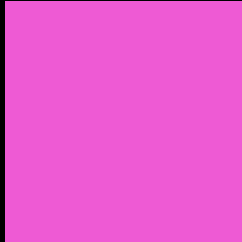
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 238, 90, 212 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 238, 90, 212 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 238, 90, 212.

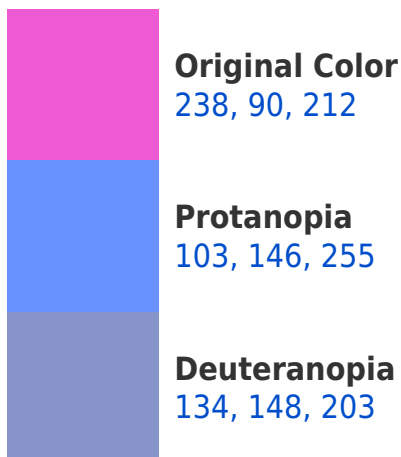


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 238, 90, 212.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
229, 114, 122

Trichromacy



Original Color
238, 90, 212



Protanomaly
152, 126, 239



Deuteranomaly
172, 127, 206



Tritanomaly
232, 105, 155

Monochromacy



Original Color
238, 90, 212



Achromatopsia
148, 148, 148



Achromatomaly
181, 127, 171

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 238, 90, 212 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(238, 90, 212)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(238, 90, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(238, 90, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(238, 90, 212) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 238, 90, 212 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(238, 90, 212) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(238, 90, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(238, 90, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(238, 90, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 90, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 90,  
212) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 238, 90, 212 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(238, 90, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(238, 90,  
212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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