

Converting Colors

RGB(239, 0, 33)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(239, 0, 33) contains.

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Color

RGB(239, 0, 33)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EF0021
RGB	239, 0, 33
RGB Percent	94%, 0%, 13%
CMY	0.0627, 1.0000, 0.8706
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.86, 0.06
HSL	352°, 100%, 47%
HSV	352°, 100%, 94%
XYZ	35.8711, 18.4605, 3.1115
YIQ	75.2230, 131.8510, 60.9310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

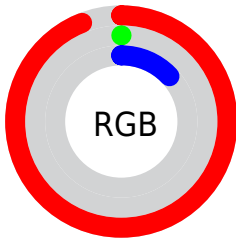
Format	Color
R_{YB}	239, 0, 33
Decimal	15663137
CIE Lab	50.05, 76.63, 52.73
CIE LCh	50, 93.024, 34.533
Yxy	18.4605, 0.6245, 0.3214
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293853217 (0xFFEF0021)
YUV	75.2230, -20.8159, 143.6324
Hunter-Lab	42.9657, 73.8357, 25.7824

Details

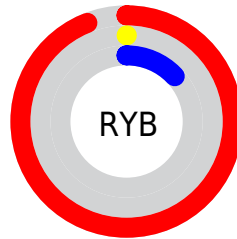
The RGB color **239, 0, 33** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3333**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **0, 239, 206**, and the grayscale version is **75, 75, 75**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 93, 80**, and **173, 0, 0** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **239, 0, 33**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **239, 24, 54**.

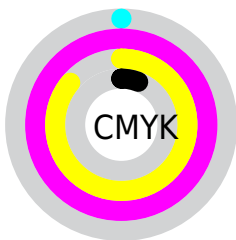
Distribution



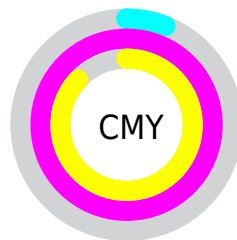
- Red (94%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (13%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Black (6%)



















- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (87%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 239, 0, 33 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 239, 0, 33 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 239, 0, 33	 239, 0, 33
255, 255, 255	 206, 0, 9
 255, 93, 80	 173, 0, 0
 255, 124, 105	 140, 0, 0
 255, 155, 131	 108, 0, 2
 255, 184, 157	 78, 0, 4
 255, 215, 184	 45, 0, 2
 255, 245, 212	 0, 0, 0
 255, 255, 241	

 239, 0, 33


 239, 24, 54

 239, 48, 74


 239, 72, 95

 239, 96, 115

 239, 119, 136

 239, 143, 157

 239, 167, 177

 239, 191, 198

 239, 215, 218

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



250, 0, 111



239, 0, 33



197, 86, 0

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



239, 0, 33



0, 146, 43



0, 127, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



239, 0, 33



0, 239, 206

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 145, 255



239, 0, 33



0, 150, 130

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



239, 0, 33



39, 138, 0



0, 150, 208



122, 90, 252

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



239, 0, 33



158, 111, 0



0, 150, 208



0, 135, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



239, 0, 33



255, 179, 189



203, 0, 239



128, 82, 88



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



239, 0, 33



255, 0, 35



239, 84, 0



120, 108, 110



184, 0, 25



56, 0, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



239, 0, 33



255, 0, 35



0, 155, 239



120, 108, 110



184, 0, 25



56, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 239, 0, 33 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 239, 0, 33 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 239, 0, 33 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 239, 0, 33.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 239, 0, 33.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
239, 0, 33

Protanopia
134, 121, 55

Deuteranopia
153, 115, 0



Tritanopia
238, 22, 0

Trichromacy



Original Color

239, 0, 33



Protanomaly

172, 77, 47



Deuteranomaly

184, 73, 12



Tritanomaly

238, 14, 12

Monochromacy



Original Color

239, 0, 33



Achromatopsia

75, 75, 75



Achromatomaly

135, 48, 60

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 239, 0, 33 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(239, 0, 33)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(239, 0, 33)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 0, 33) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(239, 0, 33) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 239, 0, 33 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(239, 0, 33) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(239, 0, 33) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(239, 0, 33)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(239, 0, 33); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 0, 33);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 0, 33)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 239, 0, 33 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(239, 0, 33) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(239, 0,  
33) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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