

Converting Colors

RGB(239, 158, 154)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(239, 158, 154) contains.

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Color

RGB(239, 158, 154)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EF9E9A
RGB	239, 158, 154
RGB Percent	94%, 62%, 60%
CMY	0.0627, 0.3804, 0.3961
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.36, 0.06
HSL	3°, 73%, 77%
HSV	3°, 36%, 94%
XYZ	53.6562, 45.1375, 36.4563
YIQ	181.7630, 49.5600, 15.9280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

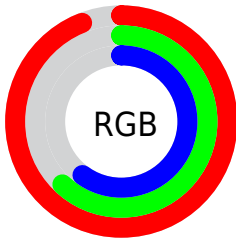
Format	Color
R _Y B	239, 158, 154
Decimal	15703706
CIE Lab	72.98, 29.69, 14.54
CIE LCh	73, 33.059, 26.091
Yxy	45.1375, 0.3967, 0.3337
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293893786 (0xFFEF9E9A)
YUV	181.7630, -13.6872, 50.1968
Hunter-Lab	67.1845, 24.9844, 14.8566

Details

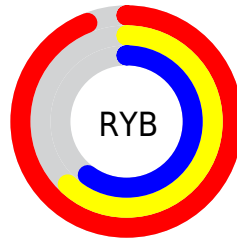
The RGB color **239, 158, 154** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **154, 235, 239**, and the grayscale version is **182, 182, 182**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 213, 208**, and **181, 106, 103** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **239, 135, 130**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **239, 181, 178**.

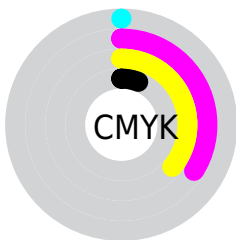
Distribution



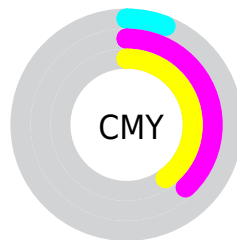
- Red (94%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 239, 158, 154 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 239, 158, 154 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 239, 158, 154

 239, 158, 154

255, 255, 255

 210, 131, 128

 255, 213, 208

 181, 106, 103

 255, 242, 237

 153, 81, 79

 125, 57, 56

 98, 33, 35

 72, 7, 13

 48, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 239, 158, 154

 239, 158, 154

■ 239, 135, 130

■ 239, 181, 178

■ 239, 112, 106

■ 239, 204, 202

■ 239, 90, 82

■ 239, 226, 226

■ 239, 67, 58

■ 239, 249, 250

■ 239, 44, 34

■ 239, 255, 255

■ 239, 21, 11

■ 239, 11, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



235, 157, 184



239, 158, 154



227, 166, 130

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



239, 158, 154



137, 192, 144



132, 183, 239

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



239, 158, 154



154, 235, 239

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



91, 191, 228



239, 158, 154



102, 195, 174

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



239, 158, 154



173, 185, 124



78, 195, 205



178, 173, 233

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



239, 158, 154



213, 172, 121



78, 195, 205



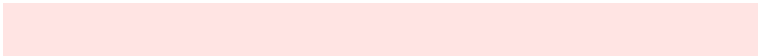
117, 186, 237

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



239, 158, 154



255, 228, 227



239, 154, 236



128, 112, 111



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



239, 158, 154



255, 151, 145



239, 199, 154



120, 108, 108



184, 9, 0



56, 3, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



154, 235, 239



145, 250, 255



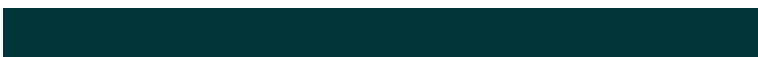
154, 194, 239



108, 119, 120



0, 175, 184



0, 53, 56

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 239, 158, 154 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

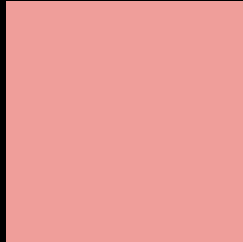
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 239, 158, 154 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 239, 158, 154 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 239, 158, 154.

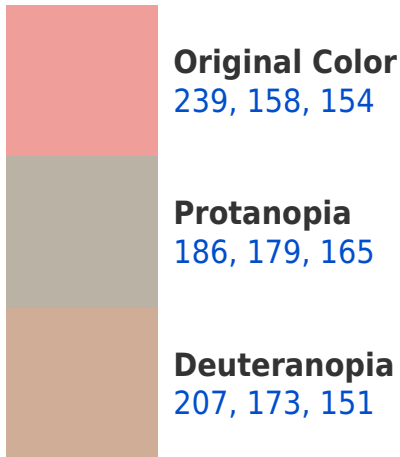


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 239, 158, 154.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
240, 156, 168

Trichromacy



Original Color

239, 158, 154



Protanomaly

205, 171, 161



Deuteranomaly

219, 168, 152



Tritanomaly

240, 157, 163

Monochromacy



Original Color

239, 158, 154



Achromatopsia

182, 182, 182



Achromatomaly

203, 173, 172

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 239, 158, 154 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(239, 158, 154) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(239, 158, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 158, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(239, 158, 154) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 239, 158, 154 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(239, 158, 154) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(239, 158, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(239, 158, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 158, 154); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 158, 154); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 158, 154) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 239, 158, 154 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(239, 158, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(239,  
158, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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