

Converting Colors

RGB(239, 205, 150)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(239, 205, 150) contains.

RGB(239, 205, 150)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(239, 205, 150)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EFCD96
RGB	239, 205, 150
RGB Percent	94%, 80%, 59%
CMY	0.0627, 0.1961, 0.4118
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.37, 0.06
HSL	37°, 74%, 76%
HSV	37°, 37%, 94%
XYZ	62.9329, 64.2154, 37.9320
YIQ	208.8960, 37.9190, -9.8970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

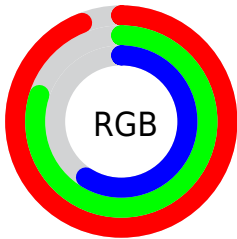
Format	Color
R _Y B	205, 239, 150
Decimal	15715734
CIE Lab	84.08, 4.43, 31.82
CIE LCh	84, 32.127, 82.081
Yxy	64.2154, 0.3812, 0.3890
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293905814 (0xFFEFC996)
YUV	208.8960, -29.0357, 26.4012
Hunter-Lab	80.1345, -0.0519, 28.0289

Details

The RGB color **239, 205, 150** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **150, 184, 239**, and the grayscale version is **209, 209, 209**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 205**, and **182, 151, 99** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **239, 196, 126**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **239, 214, 174**.

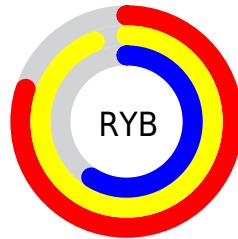
Distribution



Red (94%)

Green (80%)

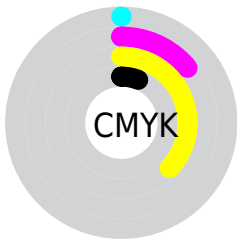
Blue (59%)



Red (80%)

Yellow (94%)

Blue (59%)

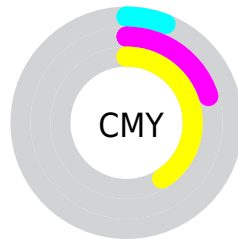


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (37%)

Black (6%)



Cyan (6%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 239, 205, 150 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 239, 205, 150 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 239, 205, 150

 239, 205, 150

255, 255, 255

 210, 178, 124

 255, 255, 205

 182, 151, 99


 255, 255, 233

 154, 125, 74

 127, 100, 51

 100, 76, 28

 75, 54, 4

 51, 33, 0

 26, 11, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 239, 205, 150

■ 239, 205, 150

■ 239, 196, 126

■ 239, 214, 174

■ 239, 187, 102

■ 239, 223, 198

■ 239, 178, 78

■ 239, 232, 222

■ 239, 168, 54

■ 239, 242, 246

■ 239, 159, 31

■ 239, 251, 255

■ 239, 150, 7

■ 239, 255, 255

■ 239, 148, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 195, 163



239, 205, 150



208, 215, 153

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



239, 205, 150



118, 226, 231



241, 195, 247

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



239, 205, 150



150, 184, 239

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



203, 205, 255



239, 205, 150



125, 223, 255

Square

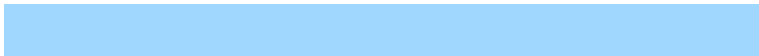
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



239, 205, 150



140, 226, 200



160, 215, 255



255, 188, 219

Rectangle

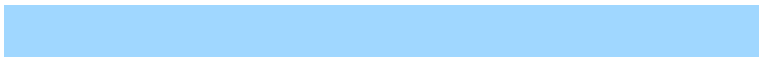
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



239, 205, 150



185, 220, 164



160, 215, 255



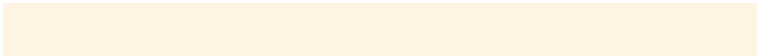
230, 198, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



239, 205, 150



255, 244, 227



239, 150, 184



128, 121, 111



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



239, 205, 150



255, 211, 140



229, 239, 150



120, 115, 108



184, 113, 0



56, 35, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



150, 184, 239



140, 184, 255



160, 150, 239



108, 112, 120



0, 70, 184



0, 21, 56

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 239, 205, 150 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

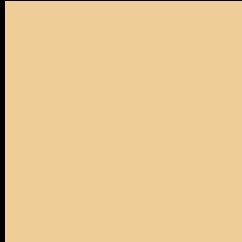
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 239, 205, 150 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 239, 205, 150 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 239, 205, 150.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 239, 205, 150.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
239, 205, 150

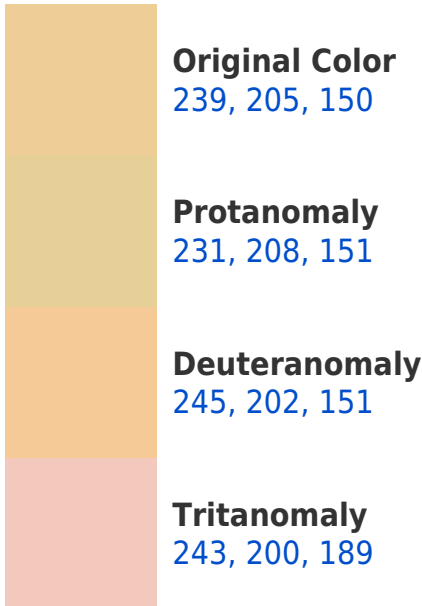
Protanopia
226, 210, 152

Deuteranopia
249, 201, 151



Tritanopia
246, 197, 212

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 239, 205, 150 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(239, 205, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(239, 205, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 205, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(239, 205, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 239, 205, 150 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(239, 205, 150) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(239, 205, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(239, 205, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(239, 205, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 205, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 205,  
150) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 239, 205, 150 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(239, 205, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(239,  
205, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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