

Converting Colors

RGB(239, 208, 208)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(239, 208, 208) contains.

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Color

RGB(239, 208, 208)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EFD0D0
RGB	239, 208, 208
RGB Percent	94%, 82%, 82%
CMY	0.0627, 0.1843, 0.1843
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.13, 0.06
HSL	0°, 49%, 88%
HSV	0°, 13%, 94%
XYZ	69.5376, 68.0165, 69.1380
YIQ	217.2690, 18.4760, 6.5720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

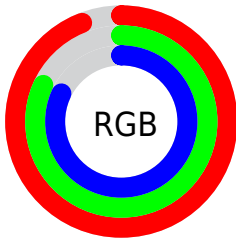
Format	Color
R _Y B	239, 208, 208
Decimal	15716560
CIE Lab	86.01, 10.82, 3.98
CIE LCh	86, 11.529, 20.221
Yxy	68.0165, 0.3364, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293906640 (0xFFEFD0D0)
YUV	217.2690, -4.5696, 19.0581
Hunter-Lab	82.4721, 6.1788, 8.0265

Details

The RGB color **239, 208, 208** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **208, 239, 239**, and the grayscale version is **217, 217, 217**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and **183, 154, 154** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **239, 184, 184**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **239, 232, 232**.

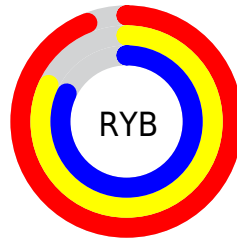
Distribution



Red (94%)

Green (82%)

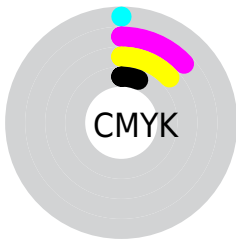
Blue (82%)



Red (94%)

Yellow (82%)

Blue (82%)

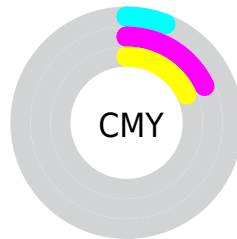


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (6%)



Cyan (6%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 239, 208, 208 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 239, 208, 208 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 239, 208, 208

 239, 208, 208

255, 255, 255


 211, 180, 180

 183, 154, 154


 156, 128, 128

 129, 103, 103

 104, 78, 79

 80, 55, 56

 56, 34, 35

 35, 13, 13

 0, 0, 0

 239, 208, 208


 239, 208, 208


 239, 184, 184

 239, 232, 232

 239, 160, 160

 239, 255, 255

 239, 136, 136

 239, 112, 112

 239, 88, 88

 239, 65, 65

 239, 41, 41

 239, 17, 17

 239, 0, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



235, 208, 219



239, 208, 208



236, 210, 199

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



239, 208, 208



204, 220, 201



200, 217, 236

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



239, 208, 208



208, 239, 239

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



190, 220, 231



239, 208, 208



193, 221, 211

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



239, 208, 208



216, 217, 195



188, 222, 222



213, 214, 235

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



239, 208, 208



231, 212, 195



188, 222, 222



196, 218, 235

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



239, 208, 208



255, 245, 245



239, 208, 239



128, 121, 121



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



239, 208, 208



255, 214, 214



239, 223, 208



120, 108, 108



184, 0, 0



56, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



208, 239, 239



214, 255, 255



208, 223, 239



108, 120, 120



0, 184, 184



0, 56, 56

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 239, 208, 208 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

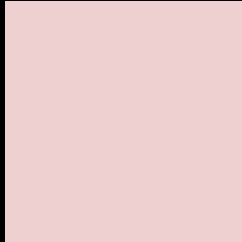
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 239, 208, 208 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

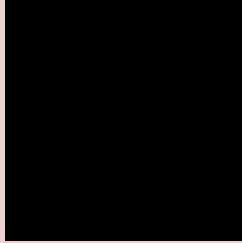
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 239, 208, 208 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 239, 208, 208.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 239, 208, 208.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
239, 208, 208

Protanopia
220, 214, 212

Deuteranopia
239, 208, 208



Tritanopia
241, 206, 222

Trichromacy



Original Color

239, 208, 208

Protanomaly

227, 212, 211

Deuteranomaly

239, 208, 208

Tritanomaly

240, 207, 217

Monochromacy



Original Color

239, 208, 208

Achromatopsia

217, 217, 217

Achromatomaly

225, 214, 214

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 239, 208, 208 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(239, 208, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(239, 208, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 208, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(239, 208, 208) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 239, 208, 208 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(239, 208, 208) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(239, 208, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(239, 208, 208)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(239, 208, 208); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 208, 208);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 208,  
208) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 239, 208, 208 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(239, 208, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(239,  
208, 208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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