

Converting Colors

RGB(239, 26, 143)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(239, 26, 143) contains.

RGB(239, 26, 143)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(239, 26, 143)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EF1A8F
RGB	239, 26, 143
RGB Percent	94%, 10%, 56%
CMY	0.0627, 0.8980, 0.4392
CMYK	0.00, 0.89, 0.40, 0.06
HSL	327°, 87%, 52%
HSV	327°, 89%, 94%
XYZ	40.9239, 21.0727, 27.8971
YIQ	103.0250, 89.3910, 81.5430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

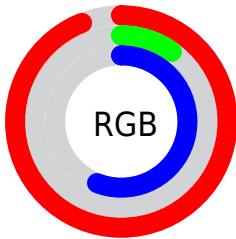
Format	Color
R_{YB}	239, 26, 143
Decimal	15669903
CIE _{Lab}	53.03, 80.02, -8.01
CIE _{LCh}	53, 80.419, 354.282
Yxy	21.0727, 0.4552, 0.2344
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293859983 (0xFFEF1A8F)
YUV	103.0250, 19.7077, 119.2501
Hunter-Lab	45.9050, 78.7976, -3.8979

Details

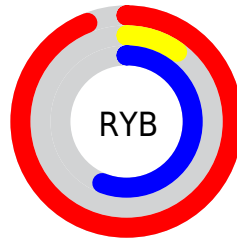
The RGB color **239, 26, 143** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3399**. The color can be described as dark washed rose. A complement of this color would be **26, 239, 122**, and the grayscale version is **103, 103, 103**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 103, 197**, and **177, 0, 93** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **239, 2, 132**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **239, 50, 154**.

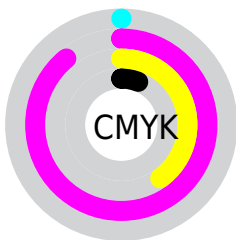
Distribution



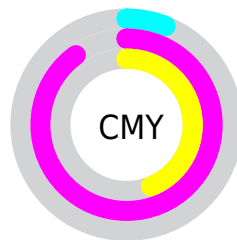
- Red (94%)
- Green (10%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 239, 26, 143 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 239, 26, 143 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 239, 26, 143

 239, 26, 143

255, 255, 255

 208, 0, 117

 255, 103, 197

 177, 0, 93

 255, 134, 225

 146, 0, 69

 255, 165, 253

 116, 0, 47

 255, 195, 255

 87, 0, 27

 255, 225, 255

 57, 0, 2

 17, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 239, 26, 143

 239, 26, 143

■ 239, 2, 132

■ 239, 50, 154

■ 239, 0, 131

■ 239, 74, 165

■ 239, 98, 175

■ 239, 122, 186

■ 239, 145, 197

■ 239, 169, 208

■ 239, 193, 218

■ 239, 217, 229

■ 239, 241, 240

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



195, 74, 209



239, 26, 143



242, 42, 75

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



239, 26, 143



99, 139, 0



0, 152, 239

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



239, 26, 143



26, 239, 122

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 156, 182



239, 26, 143



0, 150, 34

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



239, 26, 143



165, 119, 0



0, 155, 111



0, 140, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



239, 26, 143



226, 73, 28



0, 155, 111



0, 154, 223

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



239, 26, 143



255, 186, 224



122, 26, 239



128, 87, 109



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



239, 26, 143



255, 0, 140



239, 26, 37



120, 108, 114



184, 0, 101



56, 0, 31

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



239, 26, 143



255, 0, 140



26, 239, 228



120, 108, 114



184, 0, 101



56, 0, 31

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 239, 26, 143 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

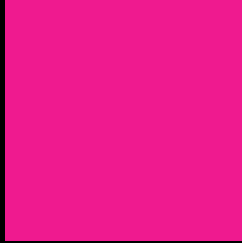
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 239, 26, 143 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 239, 26, 143 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 239, 26, 143.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 239, 26, 143.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
239, 26, 143

Protanopia
98, 125, 202

Deuteranopia
137, 124, 133



Tritanopia
234, 60, 62

Trichromacy



Original Color

239, 26, 143



Protanomaly

149, 89, 181



Deuteranomaly

174, 88, 137



Tritanomaly

236, 48, 91

Monochromacy



Original Color

239, 26, 143



Achromatopsia

103, 103, 103



Achromatomaly

152, 75, 118

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 239, 26, 143 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(239, 26, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(239, 26, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 26, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(239, 26, 143) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 239, 26, 143 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(239, 26, 143) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(239, 26, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 26, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(239, 26, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 26, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 26,  
143) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 239, 26, 143 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(239, 26, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(239, 26,  
143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor