

Converting Colors

RGB(240, 132, 0)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(240, 132, 0) contains.

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Color

RGB(240, 132, 0)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F08400
RGB	240, 132, 0
RGB Percent	94%, 52%, 0%
CMY	0.0588, 0.4824, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.45, 1.00, 0.06
HSL	33°, 100%, 47%
HSV	33°, 100%, 94%
XYZ	44.1864, 35.0278, 4.4322
YIQ	149.2440, 106.7400, -18.1560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

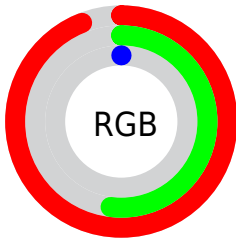
Format	Color
R_{YB}	196, 240, 0
Decimal	15762432
CIE Lab	65.77, 34.88, 72.18
CIE LCh	66, 80.168, 64.212
Yxy	35.0278, 0.5283, 0.4188
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293952512 (0xFFFF08400)
YUV	149.2440, -73.5773, 79.5930
Hunter-Lab	59.1843, 29.6940, 36.9889

Details

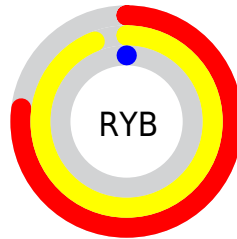
The RGB color **240, 132, 0** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9900**. The color can be described as dark saturated orange. A complement of this color would be **0, 108, 240**, and the grayscale version is **150, 150, 150**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 186, 72**, and **177, 81, 0** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **240, 132, 0**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **240, 143, 24**.

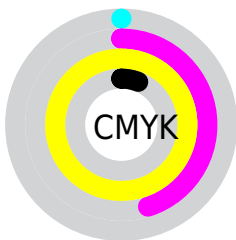
Distribution



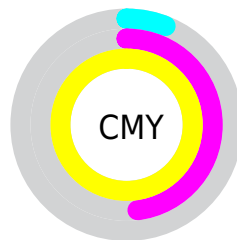
- Red (94%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (94%)
- Blue (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (6%)




















- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 240, 132, 0 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 240, 132, 0 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 240, 132, 0	 240, 132, 0
255, 255, 255	 208, 106, 0
 255, 186, 72	 177, 81, 0
 255, 214, 100	 146, 56, 0
 255, 243, 128	 115, 32, 0
 255, 255, 155	 86, 4, 0
 255, 255, 184	 58, 0, 0
 255, 255, 212	 30, 0, 1
 255, 255, 242	 0, 0, 0


 240, 132, 0


 240, 143, 24

 240, 154, 48

 240, 164, 72

 240, 175, 96

 240, 186, 120

 240, 197, 144

 240, 208, 168

 240, 218, 192

 240, 229, 216

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 98, 83



240, 132, 0



183, 160, 0

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



240, 132, 0



0, 192, 168



171, 136, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



240, 132, 0



0, 108, 240

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 166, 255



240, 132, 0



0, 191, 239

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



240, 132, 0



0, 188, 93



0, 183, 255



253, 99, 224

Rectangle

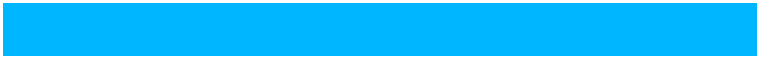
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



240, 132, 0



136, 173, 0



0, 183, 255



125, 147, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



240, 132, 0



255, 221, 179



240, 0, 108



128, 107, 82



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



240, 132, 0



255, 140, 0



228, 240, 0



120, 114, 108



184, 101, 0



56, 31, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



0, 108, 240



0, 115, 255



12, 0, 240



108, 113, 120



0, 83, 184



0, 25, 56

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 240, 132, 0 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

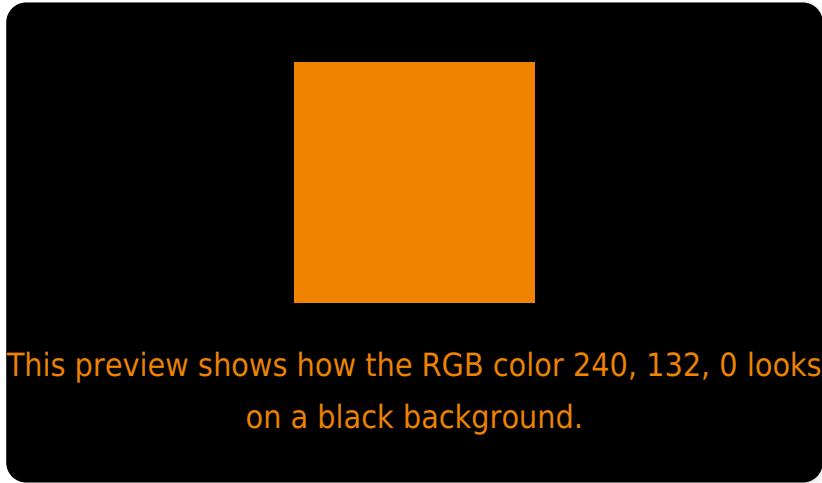
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 240, 132, 0 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 240, 132, 0.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 240, 132, 0.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
240, 132, 0

Protanopia
181, 161, 20

Tritanopia
244, 123, 131

Trichromacy



Original Color

240, 132, 0

Protanomaly

202, 150, 13

Tritanomaly

243, 126, 83

Monochromacy



Original Color

240, 132, 0

Achromatopsia

149, 149, 149

Achromatomaly

182, 143, 95

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 240, 132, 0 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(240, 132, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(240, 132, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 132, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(240, 132, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 240, 132, 0 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(240, 132, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(240, 132, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 132, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(240, 132, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 132, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 132,  
0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 240, 132, 0 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(240, 132, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(240,  
132, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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