

Converting Colors

RGB(240, 200, 178)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(240, 200, 178) contains.

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Color

RGB(240, 200, 178)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F0C8B2
RGB	240, 200, 178
RGB Percent	94%, 78%, 70%
CMY	0.0588, 0.2157, 0.3020
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 0.26, 0.06
HSL	21°, 67%, 82%
HSV	21°, 26%, 94%
XYZ	64.6253, 63.0482, 50.8829
YIQ	209.4520, 30.9020, 1.6380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

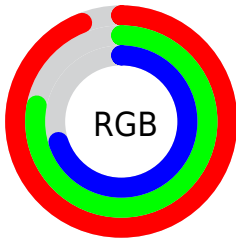
Format	Color
RYB	240, 212, 178
Decimal	15780018
CIELab	83.47, 10.93, 16.29
CIElCh	83, 19.618, 56.150
Yxy	63.0482, 0.3619, 0.3531
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293970098 (0xFFFF0C8B2)
YUV	209.4520, -15.5058, 26.7906
Hunter-Lab	79.4029, 6.3246, 17.5879

Details

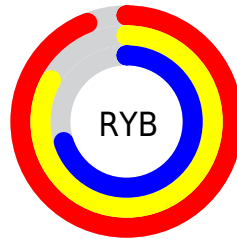
The RGB color **240, 200, 178** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **178, 218, 240**, and the grayscale version is **210, 210, 210**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 234**, and **183, 146, 125** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **240, 185, 154**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **240, 215, 202**.

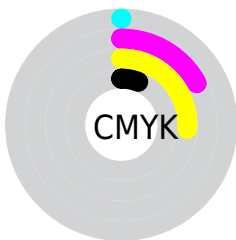
Distribution



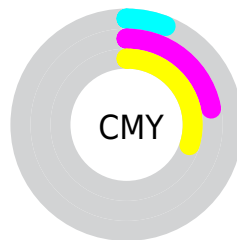
- Red (94%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 240, 200, 178 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 240, 200, 178 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 240, 200, 178

255, 255, 255

 255, 255, 234

 240, 200, 178


 211, 173, 151

 183, 146, 125

 156, 120, 100

 129, 96, 76

 103, 72, 53

 78, 49, 32

 54, 28, 10

 32, 4, 0

 0, 0, 0

240, 200, 178

240, 200, 178

240, 185, 154

240, 215, 202

240, 169, 130

240, 231, 226

240, 154, 106

240, 246, 250

240, 138, 82

240, 255, 255

240, 123, 58

240, 107, 34

240, 92, 10

240, 85, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



247, 196, 193



240, 200, 178



225, 206, 171

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



240, 200, 178



167, 219, 205



208, 204, 241

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



240, 200, 178



178, 218, 240

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



184, 210, 244



240, 200, 178



159, 218, 224

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



240, 200, 178



184, 216, 187



165, 215, 238



230, 198, 229

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



240, 200, 178



212, 210, 173



165, 215, 238



200, 206, 243

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



240, 200, 178



255, 242, 235



240, 178, 218



128, 119, 115



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

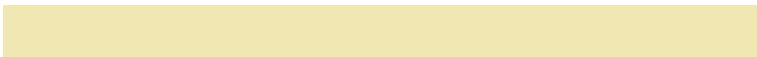
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



240, 200, 178



255, 204, 176



240, 231, 178



120, 112, 108



184, 65, 0



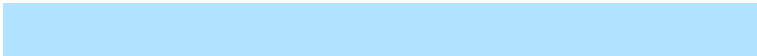
56, 20, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



178, 218, 240



176, 227, 255



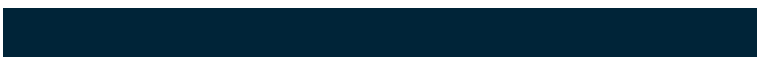
178, 187, 240



108, 116, 120



0, 118, 184



0, 36, 56

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 240, 200, 178 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

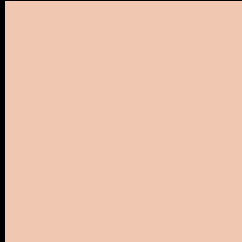
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 240, 200, 178 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

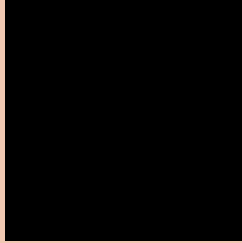
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 240, 200, 178 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 240, 200, 178.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 240, 200, 178.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
240, 200, 178

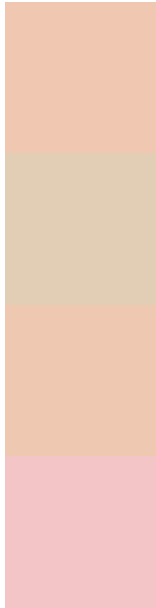
Protanopia
218, 208, 182

Deuteranopia
239, 200, 178



Tritanopia
244, 195, 210

Trichromacy



Original Color

240, 200, 178

Protanomaly

226, 205, 181

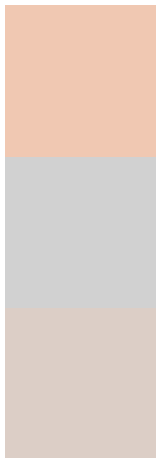
Deuteranomaly

239, 200, 178

Tritanomaly

243, 197, 198

Monochromacy



Original Color

240, 200, 178

Achromatopsia

209, 209, 209

Achromatomaly

220, 206, 198

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 240, 200, 178 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(240, 200, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(240, 200, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 200, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(240, 200, 178) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 240, 200, 178 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(240, 200, 178) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(240, 200, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(240, 200, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 200, 178); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 200, 178); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 200, 178) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 240, 200, 178 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(240, 200, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(240,  
200, 178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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