

# Converting Colors

RGB(240, 203, 169)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(240, 203, 169) contains.

<b>RGB(240, 203, 169)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# **Color**

**RGB(240, 203, 169)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F0CBA9
RGB	240, 203, 169
RGB Percent	94%, 80%, 66%
CMY	0.0588, 0.2039, 0.3373
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.30, 0.06
HSL	29°, 70%, 80%
HSV	29°, 30%, 94%
XYZ	64.4525, 64.1017, 46.5120
YIQ	210.1870, 32.9660, -2.7300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

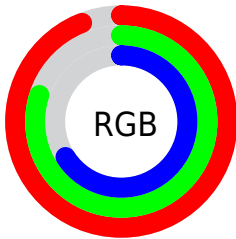
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	240, 234, 169
Decimal	15780777
CIE Lab	84.02, 8.16, 21.82
CIE LCh	84, 23.297, 69.495
Yxy	64.1017, 0.3682, 0.3662
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293970857 (0xFFFF0CBA9)
YUV	210.1870, -20.3052, 26.1460
Hunter-Lab	80.0635, 3.5844, 21.6007

# Details

The RGB color **240, 203, 169** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **169, 206, 240**, and the grayscale version is **210, 210, 210**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 224**, and **183, 149, 117** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **240, 190, 145**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **240, 216, 193**.

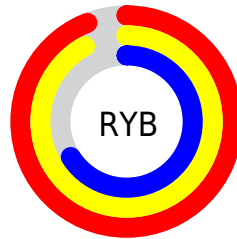
# Distribution



Red (94%)

Green (80%)

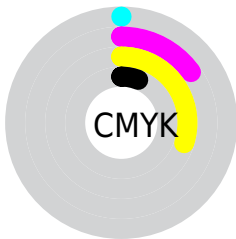
Blue (66%)



Red (94%)

Yellow (92%)

Blue (66%)

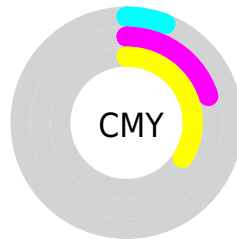


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (6%)



Cyan (6%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (34%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 240, 203, 169 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 240, 203, 169 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 240, 203, 169

255, 255, 255

 255, 255, 224

255, 255, 253

 240, 203, 169

 211, 176, 142

 183, 149, 117

 156, 123, 92

 129, 98, 68

 103, 74, 46

 77, 52, 24

 54, 31, 0

 30, 8, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 240, 203, 169

■ 240, 203, 169

■ 240, 190, 145

■ 240, 216, 193

■ 240, 178, 121

■ 240, 228, 217

■ 240, 165, 97

■ 240, 241, 241

■ 240, 153, 73

■ 240, 253, 255

■ 240, 140, 49

■ 240, 255, 255

■ 240, 128, 25

■ 240, 115, 1

■ 240, 115, 0

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



253, 197, 183



240, 203, 169



219, 210, 166

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



240, 203, 169



153, 222, 216



222, 202, 243

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



240, 203, 169



169, 206, 240

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



193, 209, 252



240, 203, 169



150, 221, 237

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



240, 203, 169



170, 221, 193



166, 216, 250



244, 196, 225

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



240, 203, 169



203, 215, 171



166, 216, 250



213, 204, 248

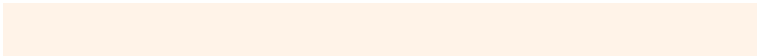


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



240, 203, 169



255, 243, 232



240, 169, 207



128, 120, 113



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



240, 203, 169



255, 207, 163



240, 238, 169



120, 114, 108



184, 88, 0



56, 27, 0

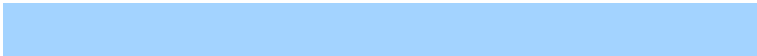


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



169, 206, 240



163, 211, 255



169, 171, 240



108, 114, 120



0, 96, 184



0, 29, 56



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 240, 203, 169 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

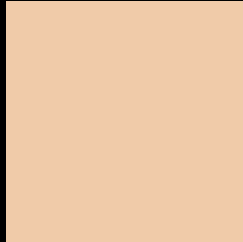
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 240, 203, 169 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

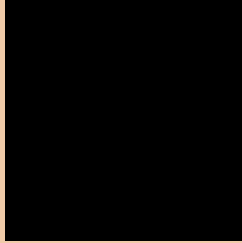
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 240, 203, 169 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 240, 203, 169.





This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 240, 203, 169.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

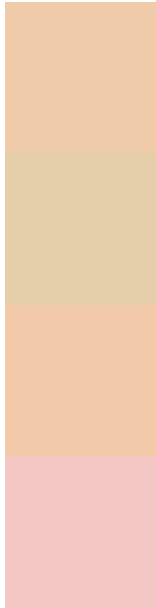
## Dichromacy

	<b>Original Color</b> 240, 203, 169
	<b>Protanopia</b> 222, 209, 172
	<b>Deuteranopia</b> 244, 201, 169



**Tritanopia**  
245, 197, 212

# Trichromacy



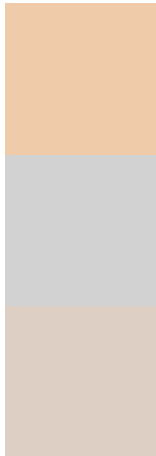
**Original Color**  
240, 203, 169

**Protanomaly**  
229, 207, 171

**Deuteranomaly**  
243, 202, 169

**Tritanomaly**  
243, 199, 196

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
240, 203, 169

**Achromatopsia**  
210, 210, 210

**Achromatomaly**  
221, 207, 195

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 240, 203, 169 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(240, 203, 169)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(240, 203, 169)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 203, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(240, 203, 169) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 240, 203, 169 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(240, 203, 169) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(240, 203, 169) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(240, 203, 169)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(240, 203, 169); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 203, 169);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 203,  
169) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 240, 203, 169 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(240, 203, 169) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(240,  
203, 169) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor