

Converting Colors

RGB(240, 82, 127)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(240, 82, 127) contains.

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Color

RGB(240, 82, 127)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F0527F
RGB	240, 82, 127
RGB Percent	94%, 32%, 50%
CMY	0.0588, 0.6784, 0.5020
CMYK	0.00, 0.66, 0.47, 0.06
HSL	343°, 84%, 63%
HSV	343°, 66%, 94%
XYZ	42.7832, 26.0922, 22.8600
YIQ	134.3720, 79.7230, 47.4910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

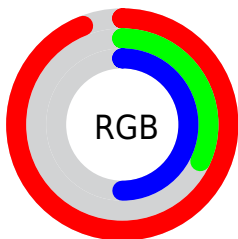
Format	Color
R _Y B	240, 82, 127
Decimal	15749759
CIE Lab	58.12, 63.69, 8.93
CIE LCh	58, 64.312, 7.983
Yxy	26.0922, 0.4664, 0.2844
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293939839 (0xFFFF0527F)
YUV	134.3720, -3.6344, 92.6358
Hunter-Lab	51.0805, 60.1146, 9.2223

Details

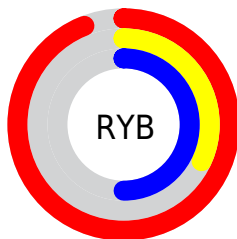
The RGB color **240, 82, 127** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6699**. The color can be described as light muted rose. A complement of this color would be **82, 240, 195**, and the grayscale version is **134, 134, 134**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 140, 180**, and **179, 3, 78** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **240, 58, 110**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **240, 106, 144**.

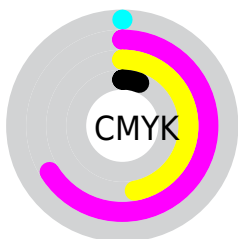
Distribution



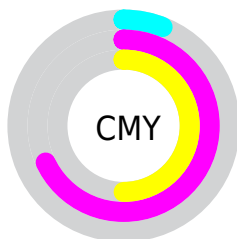
- Red (94%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 240, 82, 127 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 240, 82, 127 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 240, 82, 127

 240, 82, 127

255, 255, 255

 209, 51, 102

 255, 140, 180

 179, 3, 78

 255, 168, 207

 148, 0, 56

 255, 197, 235

 119, 0, 35

 255, 227, 255

 89, 0, 13

 62, 0, 3

 25, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 240, 82, 127

 240, 82, 127

■ 240, 58, 110

■ 240, 106, 144

■ 240, 34, 93

■ 240, 130, 161

■ 240, 10, 76

■ 240, 154, 178

■ 240, 0, 68

■ 240, 178, 196

■ 240, 202, 213

■ 240, 226, 230

■ 240, 250, 247

■ 240, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



218, 92, 183



240, 82, 127



231, 97, 73

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



240, 82, 127



93, 156, 41



0, 157, 244

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



240, 82, 127



82, 240, 195

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 164, 208



240, 82, 127



0, 163, 95

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



240, 82, 127



153, 142, 0



0, 166, 154



0, 141, 252

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



240, 82, 127



212, 113, 41



0, 166, 154



0, 160, 235

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



240, 82, 127



255, 204, 219



193, 82, 240



128, 97, 106



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



240, 82, 127



255, 54, 111



240, 114, 82



120, 108, 111



184, 0, 52



56, 0, 16

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



240, 82, 127



255, 54, 111



82, 208, 240



120, 108, 111



184, 0, 52



56, 0, 16

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 240, 82, 127 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 240, 82, 127 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 240, 82, 127 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 240, 82, 127.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 240, 82, 127.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
238, 89, 94

Trichromacy



Original Color

240, 82, 127



Protanomaly

174, 118, 147



Deuteranomaly

190, 116, 122



Tritanomaly

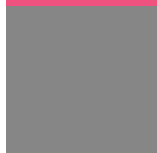
239, 86, 106

Monochromacy



Original Color

240, 82, 127



Achromatopsia

134, 134, 134



Achromatomaly

173, 115, 131

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 240, 82, 127 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(240, 82, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(240, 82, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 82, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(240, 82, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 240, 82, 127 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(240, 82, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(240, 82, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 82, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(240, 82, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 82, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 82,  
127) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 240, 82, 127 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(240, 82, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(240, 82,  
127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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