

# Converting Colors

RGB(241, 219, 211)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(241, 219, 211) contains.

<b>RGB(241, 219, 211)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# **Color**

**RGB(241, 219, 211)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F1DBD3
RGB	241, 219, 211
RGB Percent	95%, 86%, 83%
CMY	0.0549, 0.1412, 0.1725
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.12, 0.05
HSL	16°, 52%, 89%
HSV	16°, 12%, 95%
XYZ	73.3650, 74.0670, 72.0576
YIQ	224.6660, 15.6800, 2.1760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

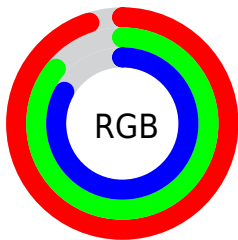
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	241, 222, 211
Decimal	15850451
CIE Lab	88.95, 6.27, 6.67
CIE LCh	89, 9.150, 46.767
Yxy	74.0670, 0.3343, 0.3375
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294040531 (0xFFFF1DBD3)
YUV	224.6660, -6.7373, 14.3249
Hunter-Lab	86.0622, 1.5563, 10.6015

# Details

The RGB color **241, 219, 211** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **211, 233, 241**, and the grayscale version is **225, 225, 225**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **185, 164, 157** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **241, 201, 187**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **241, 237, 235**.

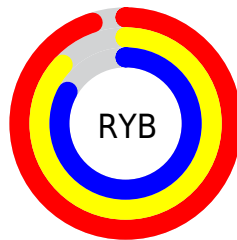
# Distribution



Red (95%)

Green (86%)

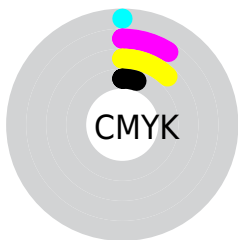
Blue (83%)



Red (95%)

Yellow (87%)

Blue (83%)

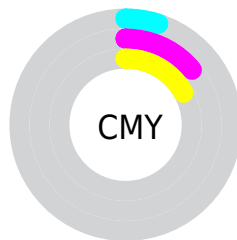


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (5%)

Magenta (14%)


Yellow (17%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 241, 219, 211 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 241, 219, 211 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 241, 219, 211


255, 255, 255

 241, 219, 211

 213, 191, 183

 185, 164, 157

 158, 138, 130

 131, 112, 105

 106, 88, 81

 82, 65, 58


 58, 43, 37


 36, 22, 16


 5, 0, 0

 241, 219, 211


 241, 219, 211

 241, 201, 187


 241, 237, 235


 241, 184, 163


 241, 254, 255

 241, 166, 139

 241, 255, 255

 241, 148, 115

 241, 131, 90

 241, 113, 66

 241, 95, 42

 241, 78, 18

 241, 64, 0

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



243, 218, 219



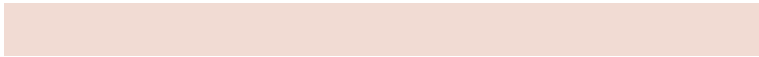
241, 219, 211



235, 221, 207

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



241, 219, 211



207, 228, 219



221, 222, 240

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



241, 219, 211



211, 233, 241

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



210, 225, 240



241, 219, 211



202, 229, 228

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



241, 219, 211



215, 227, 211



204, 228, 236



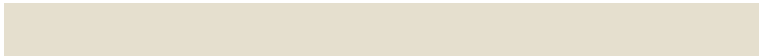
231, 220, 235

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



241, 219, 211



229, 223, 206



204, 228, 236



217, 223, 241



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



241, 219, 211



255, 248, 245



241, 211, 233



128, 123, 121



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

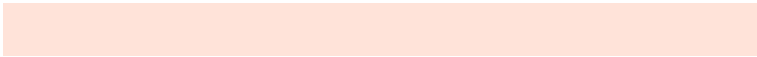


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



241, 219, 211



255, 227, 217



241, 234, 211



120, 111, 108



184, 49, 0



56, 15, 0

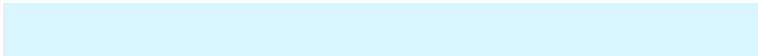


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



211, 233, 241



217, 245, 255



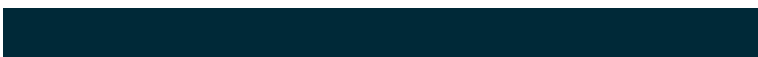
211, 218, 241



108, 117, 120



0, 135, 184

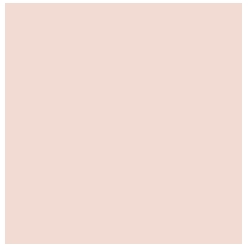


0, 41, 56



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 241, 219, 211 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

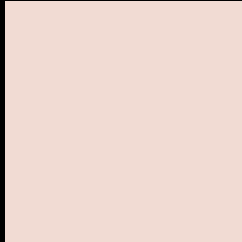
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 241, 219, 211 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

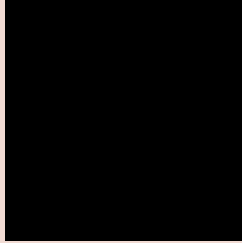
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

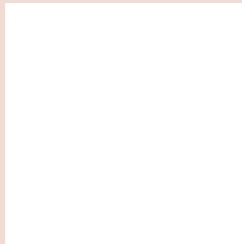
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 241, 219, 211 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 241, 219, 211.

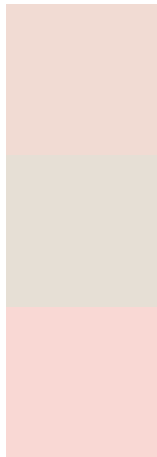


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 241, 219, 211.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
241, 219, 211

**Protanopia**  
230, 223, 213

**Deuteranopia**  
249, 216, 212



**Tritanopia**  
244, 216, 233

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

241, 219, 211

**Protanomaly**

234, 222, 212

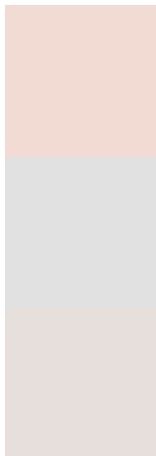
**Deuteranomaly**

246, 217, 212

**Tritanomaly**

243, 217, 225

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

241, 219, 211

**Achromatopsia**

225, 225, 225

**Achromatomaly**

231, 223, 220

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 241, 219, 211 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(241, 219, 211)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(241, 219, 211)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(241, 219, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(241, 219, 211) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 241, 219, 211 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(241, 219, 211) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(241, 219, 211) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(241, 219, 211)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(241, 219, 211); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 219, 211);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 219,  
211) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 241, 219, 211 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(241, 219, 211) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(241,  
219, 211) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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