

Converting Colors

RGB(242, 142, 142)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(242, 142, 142) contains.

RGB(242, 142, 142)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(242, 142, 142)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F28E8E
RGB	242, 142, 142
RGB Percent	95%, 56%, 56%
CMY	0.0510, 0.4431, 0.4431
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.41, 0.05
HSL	0°, 79%, 75%
HSV	0°, 41%, 95%
XYZ	51.1734, 40.1762, 30.6488
YIQ	171.9000, 59.6000, 21.2000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

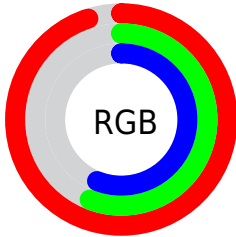
Format	Color
R _Y B	242, 142, 142
Decimal	15896206
CIE Lab	69.59, 37.82, 16.50
CIE LCh	70, 41.261, 23.577
Yxy	40.1762, 0.4195, 0.3293
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294086286 (0xFFFF28E8E)
YUV	171.9000, -14.7407, 61.4777
Hunter-Lab	63.3847, 33.1881, 15.7004

Details

The RGB color **242, 142, 142** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **142, 242, 242**, and the grayscale version is **172, 172, 172**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 197, 196**, and **183, 90, 92** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **242, 118, 118**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **242, 166, 166**.

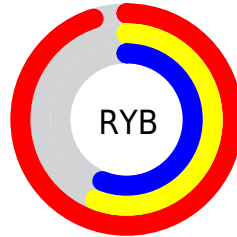
Distribution



Red (95%)

Green (56%)

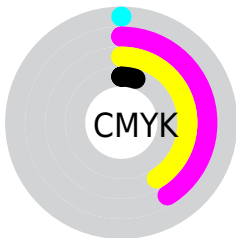
Blue (56%)



Red (95%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (56%)

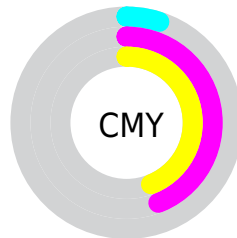


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (41%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (5%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 242, 142, 142 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 242, 142, 142 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 242, 142, 142

 242, 142, 142

255, 255, 255

 212, 116, 116

 255, 197, 196


 183, 90, 92


 255, 225, 224

 154, 64, 68

 255, 254, 252

 126, 39, 46

 98, 10, 26


 71, 0, 0

 47, 0, 2

 0, 0, 0


 242, 142, 142

 242, 142, 142

 242, 118, 118

 242, 166, 166

 242, 94, 94

 242, 190, 190

 242, 69, 69

 242, 215, 215

 242, 45, 45

 242, 239, 239

 242, 21, 21

 242, 255, 255

 242, 0, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



236, 141, 180



242, 142, 142



229, 152, 111

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



242, 142, 142



120, 185, 124



97, 176, 244

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



242, 142, 142



142, 242, 242

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 185, 229



242, 142, 142



65, 189, 160

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



242, 142, 142



164, 177, 100



0, 189, 199



162, 163, 238

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



242, 142, 142



212, 161, 98



0, 189, 199



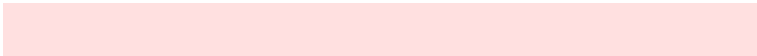
70, 180, 241

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



242, 142, 142



255, 224, 224



242, 142, 242



128, 110, 110



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



242, 142, 142



255, 128, 128



242, 192, 142



120, 108, 108



184, 0, 0



56, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



142, 242, 242



128, 255, 255



142, 192, 242



108, 120, 120



0, 184, 184



0, 56, 56

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 242, 142, 142 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

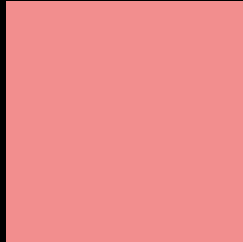
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 242, 142, 142 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 242, 142, 142 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 242, 142, 142.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 242, 142, 142.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
242, 142, 142

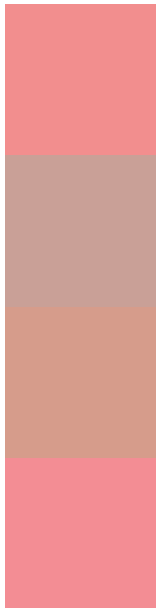
Protanopia
177, 170, 156

Deuteranopia
198, 164, 138



Tritanopia
243, 141, 151

Trichromacy



Original Color

242, 142, 142

Protanomaly

201, 160, 151

Deuteranomaly

214, 156, 139

Tritanomaly

243, 141, 148

Monochromacy



Original Color

242, 142, 142

Achromatopsia

172, 172, 172

Achromatomaly

197, 161, 161

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 242, 142, 142 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(242, 142, 142) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 142, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 142, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 142, 142) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 242, 142, 142 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 142, 142) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 142, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 142, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 142, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 142, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 142,  
142) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 242, 142, 142 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 142, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
142, 142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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