

Converting Colors

RGB(242, 161, 207)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(242, 161, 207) contains.

RGB(242, 161, 207)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(242, 161, 207)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2A1CF
RGB	242, 161, 207
RGB Percent	95%, 63%, 81%
CMY	0.0510, 0.3686, 0.1882
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 0.14, 0.05
HSL	326°, 76%, 79%
HSV	326°, 33%, 95%
XYZ	60.6253, 48.8720, 65.2694
YIQ	190.4630, 33.5100, 31.4780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

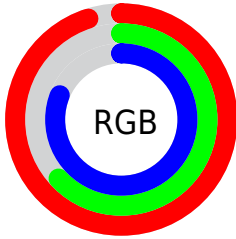
Format	Color
R _Y B	242, 161, 207
Decimal	15901135
CIE Lab	75.37, 36.56, -11.10
CIE LCh	75, 38.207, 343.115
Yxy	48.8720, 0.3469, 0.2796
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294091215 (0xFFFF2A1CF)
YUV	190.4630, 8.1527, 45.1979
Hunter-Lab	69.9085, 32.4570, -6.4196

Details

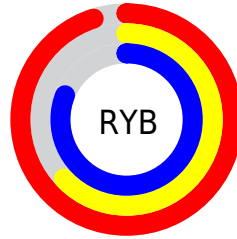
The RGB color **242, 161, 207** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **161, 242, 196**, and the grayscale version is **190, 190, 190**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 217, 255**, and **185, 108, 153** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **242, 137, 197**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **242, 185, 217**.

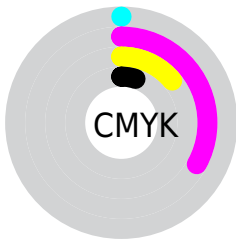
Distribution



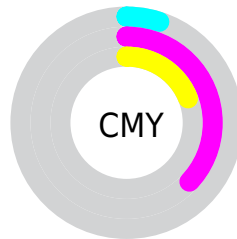
- Red (95%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (5%)




- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 242, 161, 207 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 242, 161, 207 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 242, 161, 207

 242, 161, 207

255, 255, 255

 213, 134, 179

 255, 217, 255

 185, 108, 153

 255, 245, 255

 157, 83, 127

 130, 58, 102

 103, 33, 78

 78, 4, 55

 53, 0, 33

 29, 0, 8

 0, 0, 0

■ 242, 161, 207

■ 242, 161, 207

■ 242, 137, 197

■ 242, 185, 217

■ 242, 113, 186

■ 242, 209, 228

■ 242, 88, 176

■ 242, 234, 238

■ 242, 64, 165

■ 242, 255, 249

■ 242, 40, 155

■ 242, 255, 255

■ 242, 16, 144

■ 242, 0, 137

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



210, 171, 237



242, 161, 207



255, 159, 171

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



242, 161, 207



194, 188, 116



53, 202, 233

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



242, 161, 207



161, 242, 196

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66, 205, 200



242, 161, 207



155, 198, 133

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



242, 161, 207



227, 177, 119



111, 203, 164



102, 195, 252

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



242, 161, 207



253, 162, 149



111, 203, 164



49, 203, 223

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



242, 161, 207



255, 230, 244



195, 161, 242



128, 112, 121



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



242, 161, 207



255, 153, 211



242, 161, 168



120, 108, 115



184, 0, 104



56, 0, 32

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



242, 161, 207



255, 153, 211



161, 242, 235



120, 108, 115



184, 0, 104



56, 0, 32

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 242, 161, 207 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

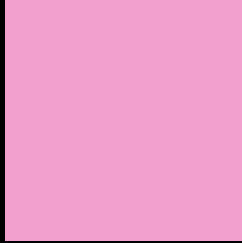
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 242, 161, 207 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 242, 161, 207 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 242, 161, 207.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 242, 161, 207.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
242, 161, 207

Protanopia
178, 184, 222

Deuteranopia
196, 181, 203



Tritanopia
239, 166, 179

Trichromacy



Original Color

242, 161, 207



Protanomaly

201, 176, 217



Deuteranomaly

213, 174, 204



Tritanomaly

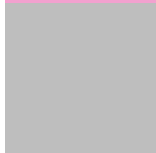
240, 164, 189

Monochromacy



Original Color

242, 161, 207



Achromatopsia

190, 190, 190



Achromatomaly

209, 179, 196

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 242, 161, 207 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 161, 207)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 161, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 161, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 161, 207) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 242, 161, 207 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 161, 207) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 161, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 161, 207)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 161, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 161, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 161,  
207) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 242, 161, 207 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 161, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
161, 207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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