

Converting Colors

RGB(242, 179, 161)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(242, 179, 161) contains.

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Color

RGB(242, 179, 161)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2B3A1
RGB	242, 179, 161
RGB Percent	95%, 70%, 63%
CMY	0.0510, 0.2980, 0.3686
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.33, 0.05
HSL	13°, 76%, 79%
HSV	13°, 33%, 95%
XYZ	59.1711, 53.6907, 40.9629
YIQ	195.7850, 43.3260, 7.7580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

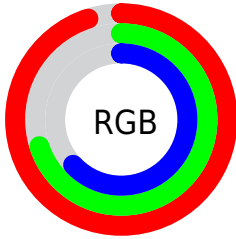
Format	Color
R _Y B	242, 184, 161
Decimal	15905697
CIE Lab	78.28, 20.55, 18.17
CIE LCh	78, 27.433, 41.488
Yxy	53.6907, 0.3847, 0.3490
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294095777 (0xFFFF2B3A1)
YUV	195.7850, -17.1490, 40.5306
Hunter-Lab	73.2739, 15.9152, 18.1464

Details

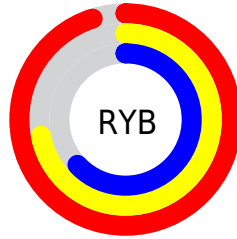
The RGB color **242, 179, 161** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **161, 224, 242**, and the grayscale version is **196, 196, 196**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 235, 216**, and **184, 126, 109** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **242, 160, 137**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **242, 198, 185**.

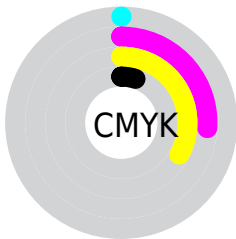
Distribution



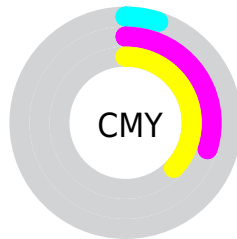
- Red (95%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 242, 179, 161 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 242, 179, 161 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 242, 179, 161

255, 255, 255


 255, 235, 216

 255, 255, 244

 242, 179, 161

 213, 152, 135

 184, 126, 109

 156, 101, 85

 129, 76, 62

 102, 53, 40

 76, 31, 19

 52, 9, 0

 26, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

■ 242, 179, 161

■ 242, 179, 161

■ 242, 160, 137

■ 242, 198, 185

■ 242, 141, 113

■ 242, 217, 209

■ 242, 123, 88

■ 242, 235, 234

■ 242, 104, 64

■ 242, 254, 255

■ 242, 85, 40

■ 242, 255, 255

■ 242, 66, 16

■ 242, 54, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



245, 175, 185



242, 179, 161



226, 187, 146

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



242, 179, 161



145, 207, 177



176, 193, 243

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



242, 179, 161



161, 224, 242

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



142, 201, 241



242, 179, 161



123, 208, 203

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



242, 179, 161



174, 202, 155



120, 206, 226



210, 184, 232

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



242, 179, 161



211, 192, 143



120, 206, 226



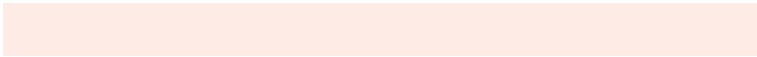
164, 195, 244

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



242, 179, 161



255, 235, 230



242, 161, 224



128, 116, 112



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



242, 179, 161



255, 176, 153



242, 219, 161



120, 111, 108



184, 41, 0



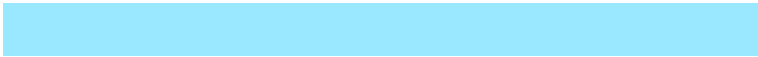
56, 12, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



161, 224, 242



153, 232, 255



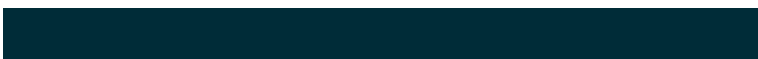
161, 184, 242



108, 117, 120



0, 143, 184



0, 44, 56

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 242, 179, 161 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

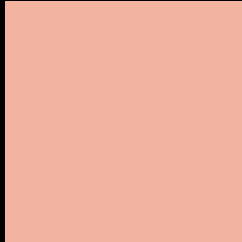
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 242, 179, 161 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

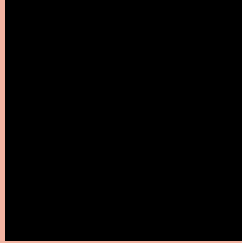
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 242, 179, 161 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 242, 179, 161.

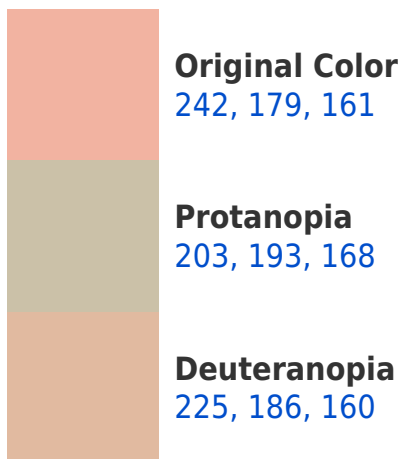



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 242, 179, 161.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

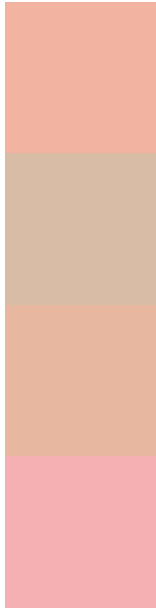
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
245, 175, 188

Trichromacy



Original Color
242, 179, 161

Protanomaly
217, 188, 165

Deuteranomaly
231, 183, 160

Tritanomaly
244, 176, 178

Monochromacy



Original Color
242, 179, 161

Achromatopsia
196, 196, 196

Achromatomaly
213, 190, 183

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 242, 179, 161 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(242, 179, 161) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 179, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 179, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 179, 161) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 242, 179, 161 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 179, 161) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 179, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 179, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 179, 161); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 179, 161);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 179,  
161) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 242, 179, 161 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 179, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
179, 161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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