

Converting Colors

RGB(242, 206, 114)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(242, 206, 114) contains.

RGB(242, 206, 114)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(242, 206, 114)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2CE72
RGB	242, 206, 114
RGB Percent	95%, 81%, 45%
CMY	0.0510, 0.1922, 0.5529
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.53, 0.05
HSL	43°, 83%, 70%
HSV	43°, 53%, 95%
XYZ	61.7265, 64.2348, 25.0648
YIQ	206.2760, 50.9880, -20.9800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

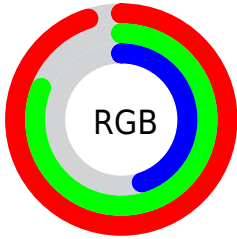
Format	Color
RYB	164, 242, 114
Decimal	15912562
CIELab	84.09, 1.58, 49.99
CIELCh	84, 50.016, 88.190
Yxy	64.2348, 0.4087, 0.4253
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294102642 (0xFFFF2CE72)
YUV	206.2760, -45.4921, 31.3299
Hunter-Lab	80.1466, -2.7812, 37.5604

Details

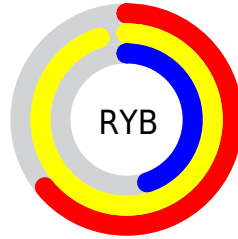
The RGB color **242, 206, 114** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC66**. A complement of this color would be **114, 150, 242**, and the grayscale version is **207, 207, 207**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 168**, and **183, 152, 62** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **242, 199, 90**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **242, 213, 138**.

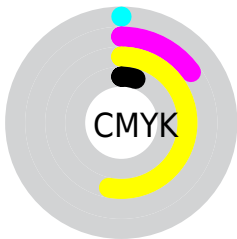
Distribution



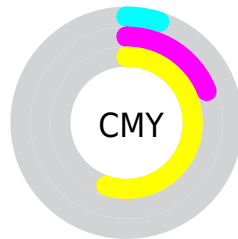
- Red (95%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 242, 206, 114 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 242, 206, 114 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 242, 206, 114

 242, 206, 114

255, 255, 255

 212, 179, 88

 255, 255, 168

 183, 152, 62

 255, 255, 196

 155, 126, 36

 255, 255, 224

 127, 101, 4

255, 255, 253

 100, 78, 0

 73, 55, 0

 47, 34, 0

 22, 13, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 242, 206, 114

■ 242, 206, 114

■ 242, 199, 90

■ 242, 213, 138

■ 242, 192, 66

■ 242, 220, 162

■ 242, 186, 41

■ 242, 226, 187

■ 242, 179, 17

■ 242, 233, 211

■ 242, 174, 0

■ 242, 240, 235

■ 242, 247, 255

■ 242, 254, 255

■ 242, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 189, 131



242, 206, 114



194, 220, 124

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



242, 206, 114



0, 234, 253



255, 182, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



242, 206, 114



114, 150, 242

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



210, 199, 255



242, 206, 114



0, 227, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



242, 206, 114



57, 234, 205



129, 215, 255



255, 172, 214

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



242, 206, 114



157, 227, 145



129, 215, 255



250, 187, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



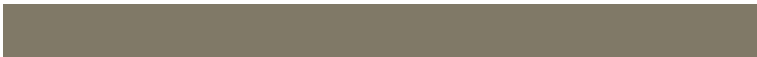
242, 206, 114



255, 244, 214



242, 114, 150



128, 121, 103



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



242, 206, 114



255, 210, 94



214, 242, 114



120, 116, 108



184, 132, 0



56, 40, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



114, 150, 242



94, 140, 255



142, 114, 242



108, 111, 120



0, 52, 184



0, 16, 56

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 242, 206, 114 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 242, 206, 114 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 242, 206, 114 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 242, 206, 114.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 242, 206, 114.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
242, 206, 114

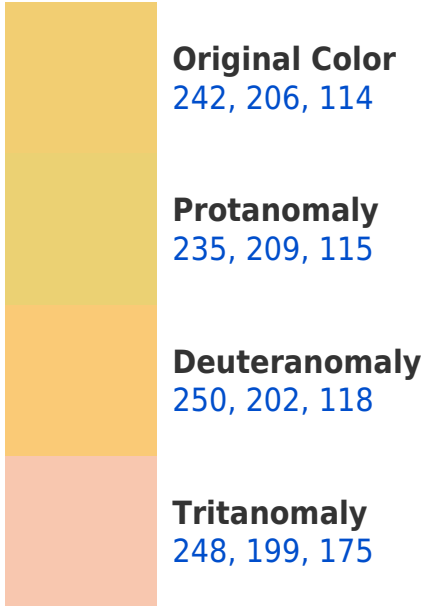
Protanopia
231, 210, 115

Deuteranopia
255, 200, 120

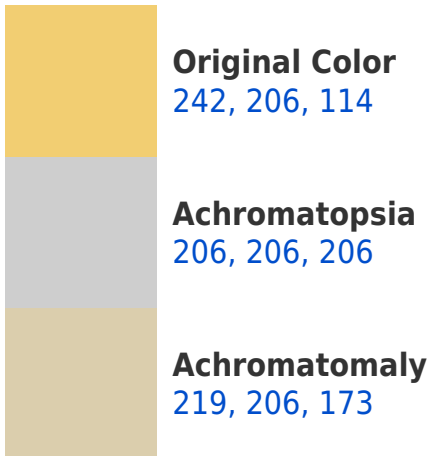


Tritanopia
251, 195, 210

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 242, 206, 114 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 206, 114)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 206, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 206, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 206, 114) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 242, 206, 114 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 206, 114) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 206, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 206, 114)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 206, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 206, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 206,  
114) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 242, 206, 114 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 206, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
206, 114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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