

Converting Colors

RGB(242, 220, 125)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(242, 220, 125) contains.

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Color

RGB(242, 220, 125)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2DC7D
RGB	242, 220, 125
RGB Percent	95%, 86%, 49%
CMY	0.0510, 0.1373, 0.5098
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.48, 0.05
HSL	49°, 82%, 72%
HSV	49°, 48%, 95%
XYZ	65.9128, 71.5443, 29.7375
YIQ	215.7480, 43.6070, -24.8810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

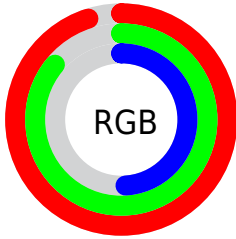
Format	Color
RYB	152, 242, 125
Decimal	15916157
CIELab	87.75, -4.62, 49.12
CIELCh	88, 49.333, 95.379
Yxy	71.5443, 0.3942, 0.4279
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294106237 (0xFFF2DC7D)
YUV	215.7480, -44.7388, 23.0230
Hunter-Lab	84.5839, -8.9239, 38.3639

Details

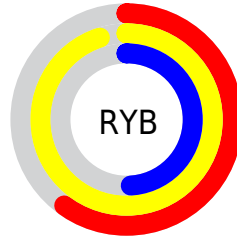
The RGB color **242, 220, 125** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. A complement of this color would be **125, 147, 242**, and the grayscale version is **216, 216, 216**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 179**, and **184, 165, 73** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **242, 215, 101**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **242, 225, 149**.

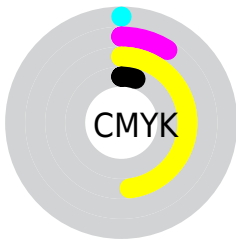
Distribution



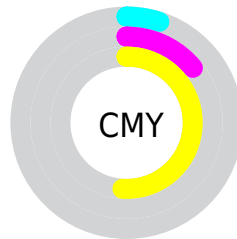
- Red (95%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Black (5%)


















- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 242, 220, 125 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 242, 220, 125 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 242, 220, 125	 242, 220, 125
 255, 255, 255	 213, 192, 99
 255, 255, 179	 184, 165, 73
 255, 255, 207	 156, 139, 47
 255, 255, 236	 128, 114, 20
	 101, 89, 0
	 75, 66, 0
	 49, 44, 0
	 25, 24, 0
	 0, 0, 0

 242, 220, 125


 242, 220, 125

 242, 215, 101


 242, 225, 149

 242, 211, 77

 242, 229, 173

 242, 206, 52

 242, 234, 198

 242, 202, 28

 242, 238, 222

 242, 197, 4

 242, 243, 246

 242, 196, 0

 242, 247, 255

 242, 252, 255

 242, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 204, 135



242, 220, 125



192, 233, 142

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



242, 220, 125



0, 243, 255



255, 189, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



242, 220, 125



125, 147, 242

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



236, 205, 255



242, 220, 125



66, 235, 255

Square

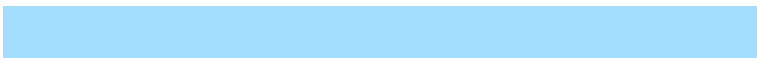
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



242, 220, 125



53, 245, 227



163, 222, 255



255, 183, 213

Rectangle

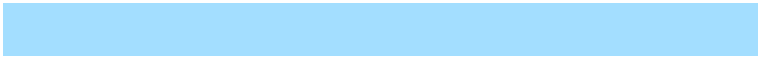
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



242, 220, 125



154, 239, 165



163, 222, 255



255, 194, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



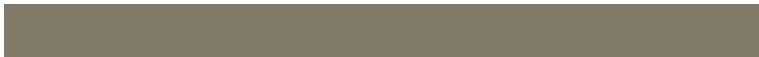
242, 220, 125



255, 248, 217



242, 125, 148



128, 123, 105



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



242, 220, 125



255, 227, 107



207, 242, 125



120, 118, 108



184, 149, 0



56, 46, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



125, 147, 242



107, 135, 255



160, 125, 242



108, 110, 120



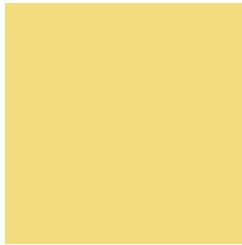
0, 35, 184



0, 11, 56

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 242, 220, 125 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

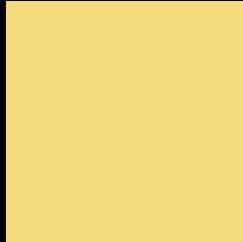
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 242, 220, 125 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 242, 220, 125 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 242, 220, 125.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 242, 220, 125.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
242, 220, 125

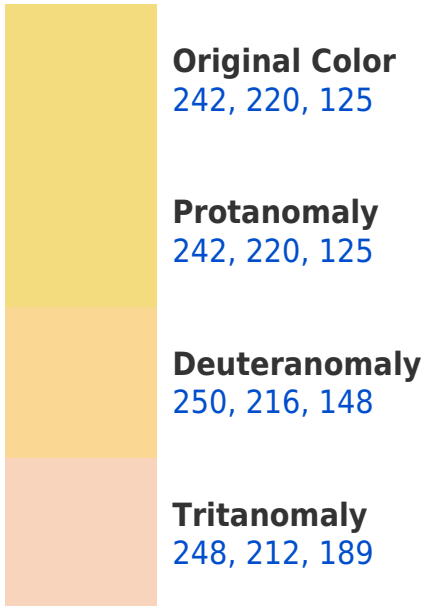
Protanopia
242, 220, 125

Deuteranopia
255, 213, 161



Tritanopia
252, 208, 225

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 242, 220, 125 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 220, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 220, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 220, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 220, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 242, 220, 125 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 220, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 220, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 220, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 220, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 220, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 220,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 242, 220, 125 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 220, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
220, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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