

Converting Colors

RGB(242, 228, 212)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(242, 228, 212) contains.

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Color

RGB(242, 228, 212)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2E4D4
RGB	242, 228, 212
RGB Percent	95%, 89%, 83%
CMY	0.0510, 0.1059, 0.1686
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.12, 0.05
HSL	32°, 54%, 89%
HSV	32°, 12%, 95%
XYZ	76.2450, 79.1175, 73.5400
YIQ	230.3620, 13.4800, -2.0080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

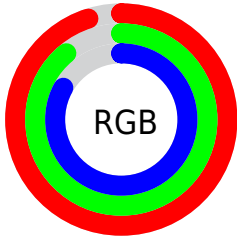
Format	Color
R _Y B	238, 242, 212
Decimal	15918292
CIE Lab	91.29, 2.13, 9.50
CIE LCh	91, 9.739, 77.339
Yxy	79.1175, 0.3331, 0.3456
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294108372 (0xFFFF2E4D4)
YUV	230.3620, -9.0525, 10.2065
Hunter-Lab	88.9480, -2.6513, 13.2441

Details

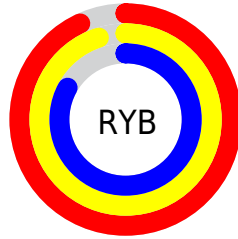
The RGB color **242, 228, 212** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **212, 226, 242**, and the grayscale version is **230, 230, 230**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and **186, 173, 157** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **242, 217, 188**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **242, 239, 236**.

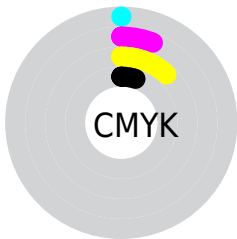
Distribution



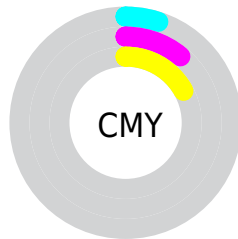
- Red (95%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (17%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 242, 228, 212 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 242, 228, 212 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 242, 228, 212

255, 255, 255

■ 242, 228, 212

■ 214, 200, 184

■ 186, 173, 157

■ 159, 146, 131

■ 132, 120, 106

■ 107, 96, 82

■ 83, 72, 59

■ 59, 50, 37

■ 37, 29, 17

■ 13, 3, 0

 242, 228, 212


 242, 228, 212

 242, 217, 188


 242, 239, 236

 242, 205, 164


 242, 251, 255

 242, 194, 139


 242, 255, 255

 242, 183, 115

 242, 172, 91

 242, 160, 67

 242, 149, 43

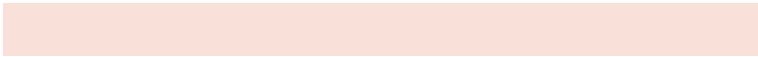
 242, 138, 18

 242, 129, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



249, 225, 217



242, 228, 212



232, 231, 212

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



242, 228, 212



207, 236, 235



238, 226, 243

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



242, 228, 212



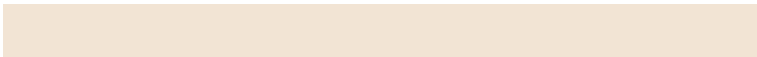
212, 226, 242

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



227, 229, 248



242, 228, 212



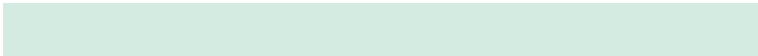
209, 234, 243

Square

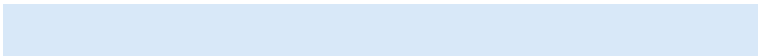
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



242, 228, 212



212, 235, 226



216, 232, 248



247, 224, 234

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



242, 228, 212



225, 233, 215



216, 232, 248



235, 227, 245

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



242, 228, 212



255, 250, 245



242, 212, 226



128, 125, 121



0, 0, 0



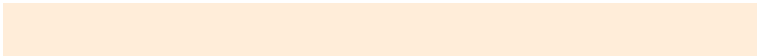
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



242, 228, 212



255, 237, 217



241, 242, 212



120, 114, 108



184, 98, 0



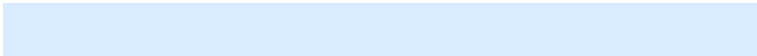
56, 30, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



212, 226, 242



217, 235, 255



213, 212, 242



108, 113, 120



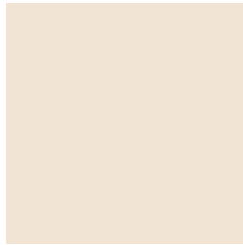
0, 86, 184



0, 26, 56

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 242, 228, 212 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

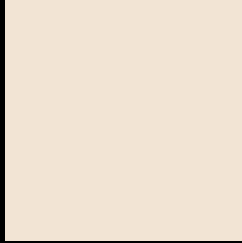
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 242, 228, 212 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

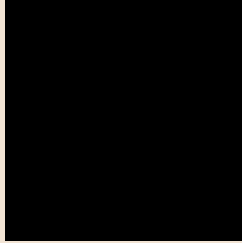
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 242, 228, 212 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 242, 228, 212.

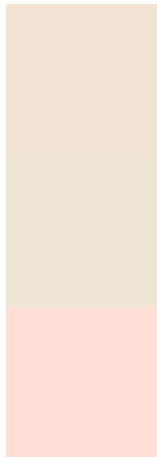


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 242, 228, 212.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
242, 228, 212

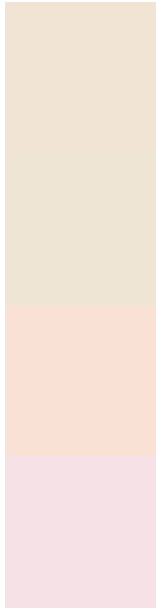
Protanopia
238, 229, 213

Deuteranopia
255, 223, 215



Tritanopia
246, 224, 241

Trichromacy



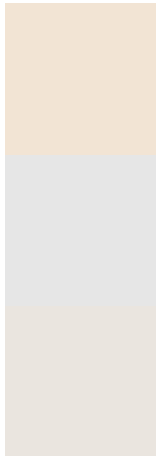
Original Color
242, 228, 212

Protanomaly
239, 229, 213

Deuteranomaly
250, 225, 214

Tritanomaly
245, 225, 230

Monochromacy



Original Color
242, 228, 212

Achromatopsia
230, 230, 230

Achromatomaly
234, 229, 223

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 242, 228, 212 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 228, 212)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 228, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 228, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 228, 212) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 242, 228, 212 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 228, 212) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 228, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 228, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 228, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 228, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 228,  
212) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 242, 228, 212 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 228, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
228, 212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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