

Converting Colors

RGB(243, 157, 207)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(243, 157, 207) contains.

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Color

RGB(243, 157, 207)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F39DCF
RGB	243, 157, 207
RGB Percent	95%, 62%, 81%
CMY	0.0471, 0.3843, 0.1882
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.15, 0.05
HSL	325°, 78%, 78%
HSV	325°, 35%, 95%
XYZ	60.2816, 47.6736, 65.0562
YIQ	188.4140, 35.2060, 33.7820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

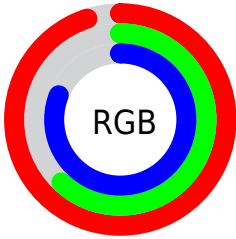
Format	Color
R_{YB}	243, 157, 207
Decimal	15965647
CIE _{Lab}	74.62, 38.99, -12.21
CIE _{LCh}	75, 40.858, 342.610
Yxy	47.6736, 0.3484, 0.2756
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294155727 (0xFFFF39DCF)
YUV	188.4140, 9.1629, 47.8719
Hunter-Lab	69.0461, 35.0111, -7.5316

Details

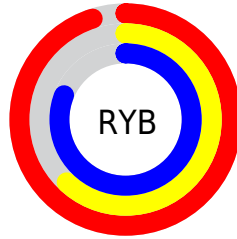
The RGB color **243, 157, 207** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **157, 243, 193**, and the grayscale version is **188, 188, 188**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 213, 255**, and **185, 104, 153** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **243, 133, 197**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **243, 181, 217**.

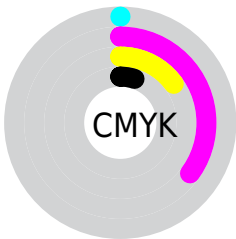
Distribution



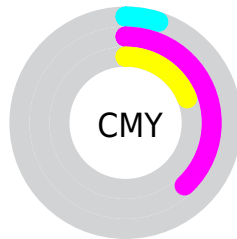
- Red (95%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (5%)




- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 243, 157, 207 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 243, 157, 207 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 243, 157, 207

 243, 157, 207

255, 255, 255

 214, 130, 179

 255, 213, 255

 185, 104, 153

 255, 241, 255

 158, 79, 127

 130, 53, 102

 104, 28, 78

 78, 0, 55

 54, 0, 33

 28, 0, 8

 0, 0, 0

■ 243, 157, 207

■ 243, 157, 207

■ 243, 133, 197

■ 243, 181, 217

■ 243, 108, 187

■ 243, 206, 227

■ 243, 84, 176

■ 243, 230, 238

■ 243, 60, 166

■ 243, 254, 248

■ 243, 36, 156

■ 243, 255, 255

■ 243, 11, 146

■ 243, 0, 141

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



208, 168, 239



243, 157, 207



255, 154, 169

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



243, 157, 207



193, 186, 109



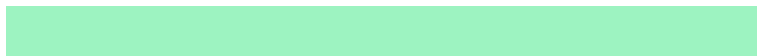
0, 201, 233

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



243, 157, 207



157, 243, 193

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



43, 204, 199



243, 157, 207



151, 196, 127

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



243, 157, 207



227, 174, 112



103, 202, 160



88, 194, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



243, 157, 207



254, 158, 145



103, 202, 160



0, 202, 223

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



243, 157, 207



255, 227, 243



193, 157, 243



128, 111, 121



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



243, 157, 207



255, 148, 210



243, 157, 164



122, 110, 117



186, 0, 108



59, 0, 34

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



243, 157, 207



255, 148, 210



157, 243, 236



122, 110, 117



186, 0, 108



59, 0, 34

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 243, 157, 207 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

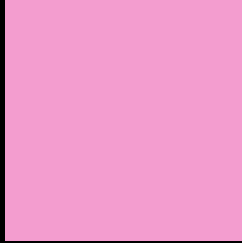
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 243, 157, 207 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 243, 157, 207 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 243, 157, 207.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 243, 157, 207.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
243, 157, 207

Protanopia
175, 182, 224

Deuteranopia
193, 179, 203



Tritanopia
239, 163, 175

Trichromacy



Original Color

243, 157, 207



Protanomaly

200, 173, 218



Deuteranomaly

211, 171, 204



Tritanomaly

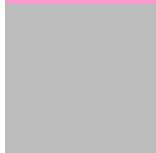
240, 161, 187

Monochromacy



Original Color

243, 157, 207



Achromatopsia

188, 188, 188



Achromatomaly

208, 177, 195

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 243, 157, 207 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(243, 157, 207) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 157, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 157, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 157, 207) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 243, 157, 207 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 157, 207) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 157, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 157, 207)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 157, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 157, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 157,  
207) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 243, 157, 207 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 157, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
157, 207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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