

# Converting Colors

RGB(243, 176, 187)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(243, 176, 187) contains.

<b>RGB(243, 176, 187)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# **Color**

**RGB(243, 176, 187)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F3B0BB
RGB	243, 176, 187
RGB Percent	95%, 69%, 73%
CMY	0.0471, 0.3098, 0.2667
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.23, 0.05
HSL	350°, 74%, 82%
HSV	350°, 28%, 95%
XYZ	61.4571, 53.6932, 54.1384
YIQ	197.2870, 36.4010, 17.6250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

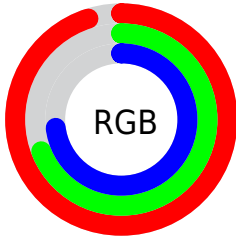
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	243, 176, 187
Decimal	15970491
CIE Lab	78.28, 25.97, 4.11
CIE LCh	78, 26.296, 8.995
Yxy	53.6932, 0.3630, 0.3172
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294160571 (0xFFF3B0BB)
YUV	197.2870, -5.0715, 40.0903
Hunter-Lab	73.2757, 21.4776, 7.4876

# Details

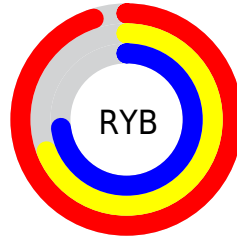
The RGB color **243, 176, 187** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **176, 243, 232**, and the grayscale version is **197, 197, 197**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 232, 243**, and **186, 123, 134** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **243, 152, 167**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **243, 200, 207**.

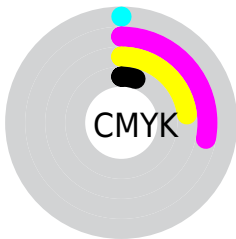
# Distribution



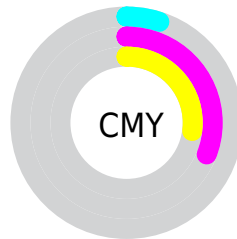
- Red (95%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 243, 176, 187 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 243, 176, 187 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 243, 176, 187

 243, 176, 187


255, 255, 255

 214, 149, 160

 255, 232, 243

 186, 123, 134

 158, 98, 109

 131, 73, 84

 105, 50, 61

 79, 27, 40

 54, 4, 19

 32, 0, 1


 0, 0, 0

 243, 176, 187

 243, 176, 187

 243, 152, 167

 243, 200, 207

 243, 127, 146

 243, 225, 228

 243, 103, 126

 243, 249, 248

 243, 79, 106

 243, 255, 255

 243, 55, 85

 243, 30, 65

 243, 6, 45

 243, 0, 40

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



231, 178, 212



243, 176, 187



241, 179, 164

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



243, 176, 187



177, 201, 155



142, 201, 239

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



243, 176, 187



176, 243, 232

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



124, 206, 223



243, 176, 187



150, 206, 175

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



243, 176, 187



204, 194, 145



128, 208, 200



174, 193, 241

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



243, 176, 187



233, 184, 153



128, 208, 200



134, 203, 235



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



243, 176, 187



255, 235, 238



232, 176, 243



128, 115, 117



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



243, 176, 187



255, 171, 185



243, 198, 176



122, 110, 112



186, 0, 31



59, 0, 10



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



243, 176, 187



255, 171, 185



176, 221, 243



122, 110, 112



186, 0, 31



59, 0, 10



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 243, 176, 187 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

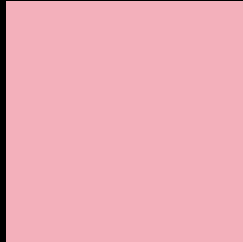
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 243, 176, 187 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 243, 176, 187 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 243, 176, 187.

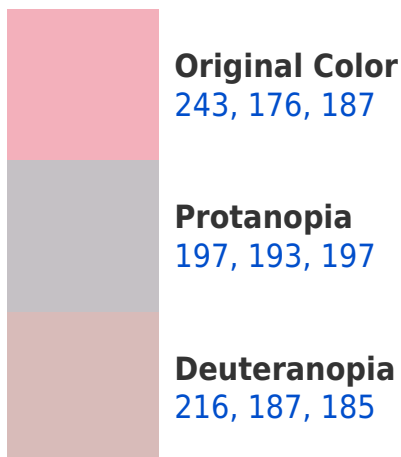



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 243, 176, 187.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

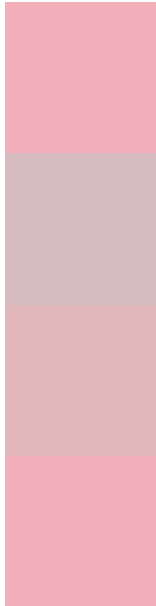
## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
243, 176, 189

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
243, 176, 187

**Protanomaly**  
214, 187, 193

**Deuteranomaly**  
226, 183, 186

**Tritanomaly**  
243, 176, 188

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
243, 176, 187

**Achromatopsia**  
197, 197, 197

**Achromatomaly**  
214, 189, 193

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 243, 176, 187 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(243, 176, 187) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 176, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 176, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 176, 187) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 243, 176, 187 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 176, 187) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 176, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 176, 187)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 176, 187); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 176, 187);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 176,  
187) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 243, 176, 187 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 176, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
176, 187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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