

Converting Colors

RGB(243, 187, 200)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(243, 187, 200) contains.

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Color

RGB(243, 187, 200)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F3BBC8
RGB	243, 187, 200
RGB Percent	95%, 73%, 78%
CMY	0.0471, 0.2667, 0.2157
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.18, 0.05
HSL	346°, 70%, 84%
HSV	346°, 23%, 95%
XYZ	65.1578, 58.7655, 62.5523
YIQ	205.2260, 29.2030, 15.9150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

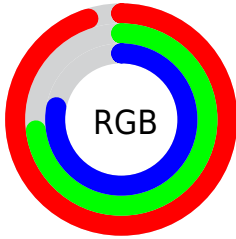
Format	Color
R _Y B	243, 187, 200
Decimal	15973320
CIE _{Lab}	81.16, 22.07, 1.26
CIE _{LCh}	81, 22.104, 3.269
Y _{xy}	58.7655, 0.3494, 0.3151
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294163400 (0xFFFF3BBC8)
Y _{UV}	205.2260, -2.5764, 33.1278
Hunter-Lab	76.6586, 17.5676, 5.2813

Details

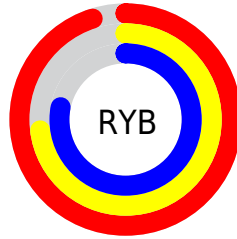
The RGB color **243, 187, 200** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **187, 243, 230**, and the grayscale version is **205, 205, 205**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 243, 255**, and **186, 133, 146** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **243, 163, 181**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **243, 211, 219**.

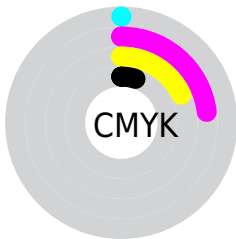
Distribution



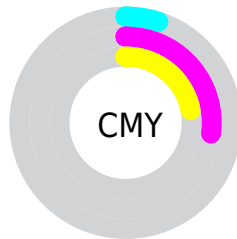
- Red (95%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 243, 187, 200 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 243, 187, 200 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 243, 187, 200

255, 255, 255

 255, 243, 255

 243, 187, 200


 214, 160, 173

 186, 133, 146

 159, 108, 120

 132, 83, 96

 106, 60, 72

 81, 37, 50


 57, 15, 29

 38, 0, 2

 0, 0, 0

 243, 187, 200

 243, 187, 200

 243, 163, 181


 243, 211, 219


 243, 138, 163

 243, 236, 237

 243, 114, 144

 243, 255, 255

 243, 90, 125

 243, 66, 107

 243, 41, 88

 243, 17, 69

 243, 0, 56

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



231, 190, 221



243, 187, 200



244, 189, 180

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



243, 187, 200



192, 207, 167



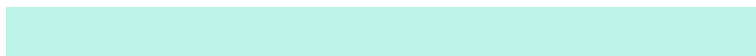
157, 209, 238

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



243, 187, 200



187, 243, 230

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



145, 213, 223



243, 187, 200



169, 212, 182

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



243, 187, 200



215, 201, 160



151, 214, 203



181, 203, 242

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



243, 187, 200



238, 192, 169



151, 214, 203



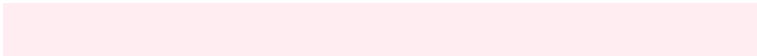
151, 210, 234

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



243, 187, 200



255, 237, 241



230, 187, 243



128, 117, 120



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



243, 187, 200



255, 184, 200



243, 202, 187



122, 110, 113



186, 0, 43



59, 0, 14

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



243, 187, 200



255, 184, 200



187, 228, 243



122, 110, 113



186, 0, 43



59, 0, 14

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 243, 187, 200 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

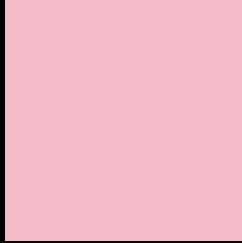
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 243, 187, 200 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 243, 187, 200 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 243, 187, 200.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 243, 187, 200.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
243, 187, 200

Protanopia
204, 201, 208

Deuteranopia
223, 195, 198



Tritanopia
243, 187, 201

Trichromacy



Original Color
243, 187, 200

Protanomaly
218, 196, 205

Deuteranomaly
230, 192, 199

Tritanomaly
243, 187, 201

Monochromacy



Original Color
243, 187, 200

Achromatopsia
205, 205, 205

Achromatomaly
219, 198, 203

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 243, 187, 200 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(243, 187, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 187, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 187, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 187, 200) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 243, 187, 200 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 187, 200) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 187, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 187, 200)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 187, 200); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 187, 200);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 187,  
200) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 243, 187, 200 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 187, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
187, 200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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