

Converting Colors

RGB(243, 230, 193)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(243, 230, 193) contains.

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Color

RGB(243, 230, 193)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F3E6C1
RGB	243, 230, 193
RGB Percent	95%, 90%, 76%
CMY	0.0471, 0.0980, 0.2431
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.21, 0.05
HSL	44°, 68%, 85%
HSV	44°, 21%, 95%
XYZ	74.8846, 79.4986, 61.8500
YIQ	229.6690, 19.6250, -8.7510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

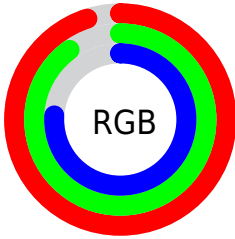
Format	Color
R_{YB}	211, 243, 193
Decimal	15984321
CIE _{Lab}	91.46, -1.39, 19.64
CIE _{LCh}	91, 19.687, 94.038
Yxy	79.4986, 0.3463, 0.3677
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294174401 (0xFFFF3E6C1)
YUV	229.6690, -18.0778, 11.6913
Hunter-Lab	89.1620, -6.1164, 21.2850

Details

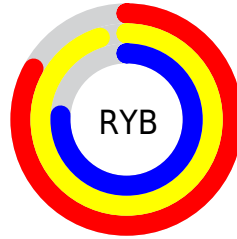
The RGB color **243, 230, 193** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **193, 206, 243**, and the grayscale version is **230, 230, 230**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 250**, and **186, 175, 139** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **243, 224, 169**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **243, 236, 217**.

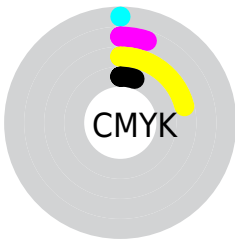
Distribution



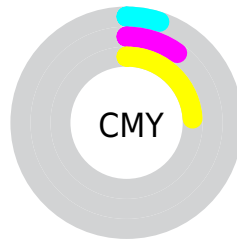
- Red (95%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 243, 230, 193 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 243, 230, 193 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 243, 230, 193


255, 255, 255

 255, 255, 250

 243, 230, 193

 214, 202, 166

 186, 175, 139

 159, 148, 114

 133, 122, 89

 107, 97, 65

 82, 74, 43

 59, 51, 22

 38, 30, 0

 5, 6, 0

 243, 230, 193

 243, 230, 193

 243, 224, 169


 243, 236, 217

 243, 217, 144


 243, 243, 242


 243, 211, 120


 243, 249, 255

 243, 205, 96

 243, 255, 255

 243, 198, 72

 243, 192, 47

 243, 186, 23

 243, 180, 0

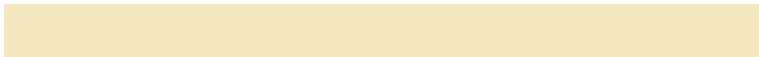
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 224, 197



243, 230, 193



222, 236, 199

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



243, 230, 193



181, 241, 251



255, 220, 247

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



243, 230, 193



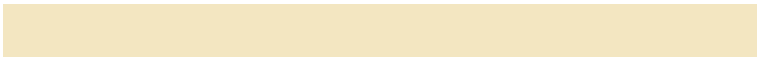
193, 206, 243

Split Complementary

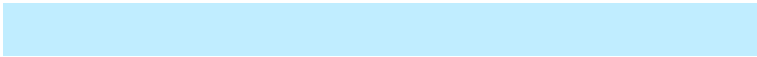
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



237, 225, 255



243, 230, 193



192, 237, 255

Square

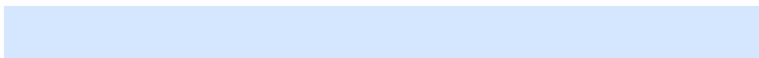
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



243, 230, 193



185, 242, 232



213, 231, 255



255, 217, 229

Rectangle

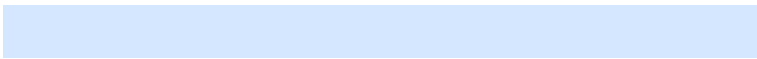
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



243, 230, 193



207, 239, 208



213, 231, 255



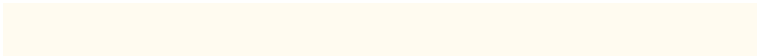
252, 221, 253

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



243, 230, 193



255, 251, 240



243, 193, 206



128, 125, 119



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



243, 230, 193



255, 238, 191



231, 243, 193



122, 119, 110



186, 138, 0



59, 43, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



193, 206, 243



191, 208, 255



205, 193, 243



110, 113, 122



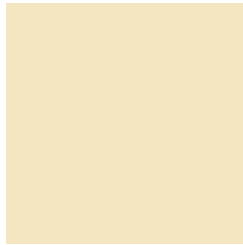
0, 48, 186



0, 15, 59

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 243, 230, 193 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

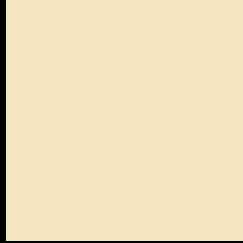
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 243, 230, 193 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

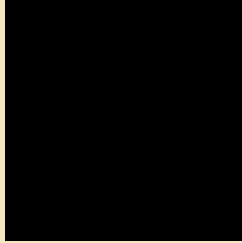
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 243, 230, 193 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 243, 230, 193.

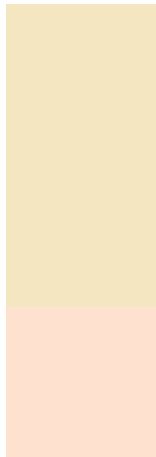


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 243, 230, 193.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
243, 230, 193

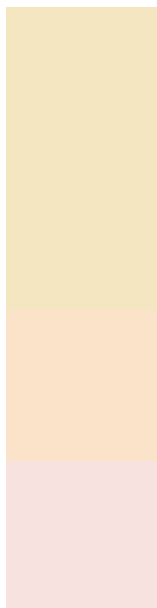
Protanopia
243, 230, 193

Deuteranopia
255, 225, 207



Tritanopia
249, 223, 241

Trichromacy



Original Color

243, 230, 193

Protanomaly

243, 230, 193

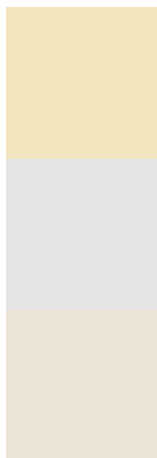
Deuteranomaly

251, 227, 202

Tritanomaly

247, 226, 224

Monochromacy



Original Color

243, 230, 193

Achromatopsia

230, 230, 230

Achromatomaly

235, 230, 217

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 243, 230, 193 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(243, 230, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 230, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 230, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 230, 193) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 243, 230, 193 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 230, 193) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 230, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 230, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 230, 193); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 230, 193); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 230, 193) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 243, 230, 193 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 230, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
230, 193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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