

Converting Colors

RGB(243, 82, 130)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(243, 82, 130) contains.

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Color

RGB(243, 82, 130)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F35282
RGB	243, 82, 130
RGB Percent	95%, 32%, 51%
CMY	0.0471, 0.6784, 0.4902
CMYK	0.00, 0.66, 0.47, 0.05
HSL	342°, 87%, 64%
HSV	342°, 66%, 95%
XYZ	44.0087, 26.7010, 23.9534
YIQ	135.6110, 80.5480, 49.0600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

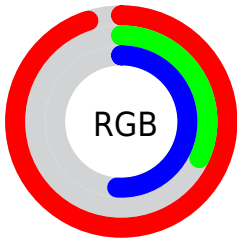
Format	Color
R_{YB}	243, 82, 130
Decimal	15946370
CIE _{Lab}	58.70, 64.85, 8.05
CIE _{LCh}	59, 65.345, 7.078
Yxy	26.7010, 0.4649, 0.2821
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294136450 (0xFF35282)
YUV	135.6110, -2.7662, 94.1802
Hunter-Lab	51.6730, 61.5966, 8.6868

Details

The RGB color **243, 82, 130** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6699**. The color can be described as light muted rose. A complement of this color would be **82, 243, 195**, and the grayscale version is **136, 136, 136**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 140, 183**, and **181, 0, 81** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **243, 58, 113**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **243, 106, 147**.

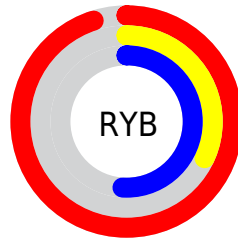
Distribution



Red (95%)

Green (32%)

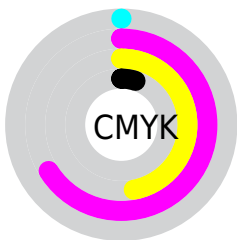
Blue (51%)



Red (95%)

Yellow (32%)

Blue (51%)

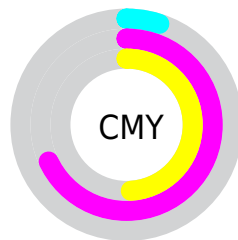


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (66%)

Yellow (47%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (5%)


Magenta (68%)

Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 243, 82, 130 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 243, 82, 130 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 243, 82, 130

 243, 82, 130

255, 255, 255

 212, 51, 105

 255, 140, 183

 181, 0, 81

 255, 169, 210

 151, 0, 58

 255, 198, 238

 121, 0, 37

 255, 227, 255

 92, 0, 16

 64, 0, 3

 30, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 243, 82, 130

 243, 82, 130

■ 243, 58, 113

■ 243, 106, 147

■ 243, 33, 96

■ 243, 131, 164

■ 243, 9, 79

■ 243, 155, 181

■ 243, 0, 72

■ 243, 179, 198

■ 243, 203, 215

■ 243, 228, 232

■ 243, 252, 249

■ 243, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



220, 93, 187



243, 82, 130



235, 97, 75

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



243, 82, 130



95, 157, 39



0, 159, 247

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



243, 82, 130



82, 243, 195

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 166, 209



243, 82, 130



0, 165, 94

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



243, 82, 130



156, 143, 0



0, 168, 154



0, 144, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



243, 82, 130



216, 113, 42



0, 168, 154



0, 162, 237

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



243, 82, 130



255, 204, 219



195, 82, 243



128, 97, 106



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



243, 82, 130



255, 51, 112



243, 114, 82



122, 110, 114



186, 0, 55



59, 0, 17

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



243, 82, 130



255, 51, 112



82, 211, 243



122, 110, 114



186, 0, 55



59, 0, 17

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 243, 82, 130 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

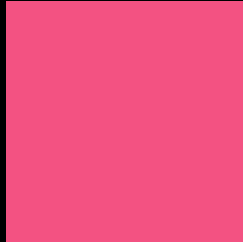
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 243, 82, 130 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 243, 82, 130 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 243, 82, 130.

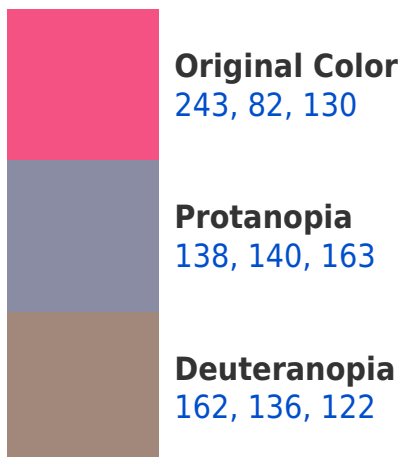


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 243, 82, 130.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





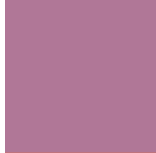
Tritanopia
241, 89, 95

Trichromacy



Original Color

243, 82, 130



Protanomaly

176, 119, 151



Deuteranomaly

191, 116, 125



Tritanomaly

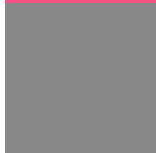
242, 86, 108

Monochromacy



Original Color

243, 82, 130



Achromatopsia

136, 136, 136



Achromatomaly

175, 116, 134

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 243, 82, 130 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(243, 82, 130) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 82, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 82, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 82, 130) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 243, 82, 130 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 82, 130) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 82, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 82, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 82, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 82, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 82,  
130) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 243, 82, 130 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 82, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243, 82,  
130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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