

Converting Colors

RGB(244, 157, 174)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(244, 157, 174) contains.

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Color

RGB(244, 157, 174)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F49DAE
RGB	244, 157, 174
RGB Percent	96%, 62%, 68%
CMY	0.0431, 0.3843, 0.3176
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.29, 0.04
HSL	348°, 80%, 79%
HSV	348°, 36%, 96%
XYZ	57.0052, 46.4030, 45.9966
YIQ	184.9510, 46.3950, 23.7310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

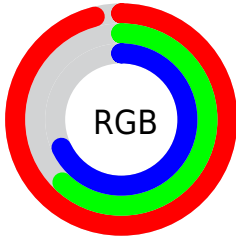
Format	Color
RYB	244, 157, 174
Decimal	16031150
CIELab	73.81, 34.56, 4.77
CIElCh	74, 34.891, 7.860
Yxy	46.4030, 0.3815, 0.3106
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294221230 (0xFFFF49DAE)
YUV	184.9510, -5.3988, 51.7860
Hunter-Lab	68.1198, 30.1659, 7.6494

Details

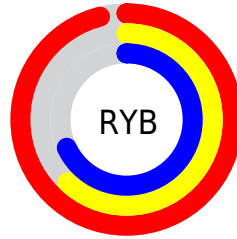
The RGB color **244, 157, 174** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **157, 244, 227**, and the grayscale version is **185, 185, 185**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 212, 229**, and **186, 104, 122** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **244, 133, 154**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **244, 181, 194**.

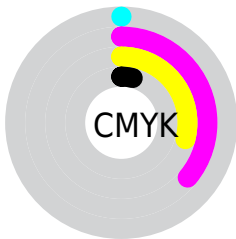
Distribution



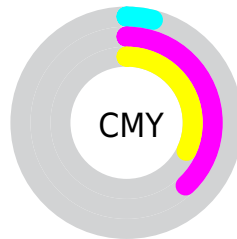
- Red (96%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 244, 157, 174 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 244, 157, 174 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 244, 157, 174

 244, 157, 174

255, 255, 255

 215, 130, 147

 255, 212, 229

 186, 104, 122

 255, 241, 255

 158, 79, 97

 130, 54, 73


 103, 30, 51

 77, 2, 30


 53, 0, 4

 18, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 244, 157, 174


 244, 157, 174

 244, 133, 154

 244, 181, 194

 244, 108, 135

 244, 206, 213

 244, 84, 115

 244, 230, 233

 244, 59, 95

 244, 255, 253

 244, 35, 76

 244, 255, 255

 244, 11, 56

 244, 0, 48

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



229, 160, 206



244, 157, 174



241, 161, 144

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



244, 157, 174



160, 191, 130



101, 191, 240

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



244, 157, 174



157, 244, 227

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



70, 197, 220



244, 157, 174



122, 197, 156

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



244, 157, 174



195, 182, 117



85, 199, 189



151, 182, 244

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



244, 157, 174



231, 168, 128



85, 199, 189



87, 194, 235

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



244, 157, 174



255, 227, 232



227, 157, 244



128, 111, 114



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



244, 157, 174



255, 145, 167



244, 183, 157



122, 110, 113



186, 0, 36



59, 0, 11

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



244, 157, 174



255, 145, 167



157, 218, 244



122, 110, 113



186, 0, 36



59, 0, 11

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 244, 157, 174 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

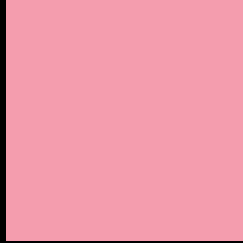
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 244, 157, 174 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 244, 157, 174 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 244, 157, 174.

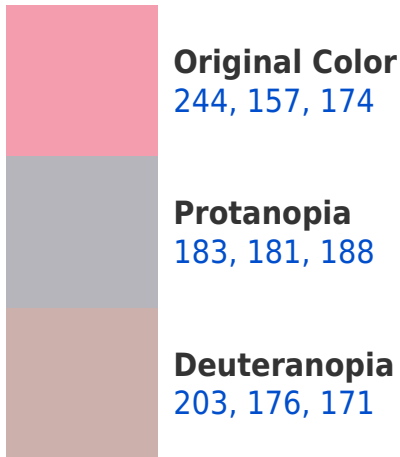



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 244, 157, 174.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
244, 158, 170

Trichromacy



Original Color

244, 157, 174



Protanomaly

205, 172, 183



Deuteranomaly

218, 169, 172



Tritanomaly

244, 158, 171

Monochromacy



Original Color

244, 157, 174



Achromatopsia

185, 185, 185



Achromatomaly

206, 175, 181

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 244, 157, 174 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(244, 157, 174) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(244, 157, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(244, 157, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(244, 157, 174) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 244, 157, 174 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(244, 157, 174) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(244, 157, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(244, 157, 174)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 157, 174); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 157, 174); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 157, 174) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 244, 157, 174 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(244, 157, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(244,  
157, 174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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