

Converting Colors

RGB(245, 87, 126)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(245, 87, 126) contains.

RGB(245, 87, 126)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(245, 87, 126)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F5577E
RGB	245, 87, 126
RGB Percent	96%, 34%, 49%
CMY	0.0392, 0.6588, 0.5059
CMYK	0.00, 0.64, 0.49, 0.04
HSL	345°, 89%, 65%
HSV	345°, 64%, 96%
XYZ	44.8303, 27.7352, 22.7293
YIQ	138.6880, 81.6490, 45.6250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

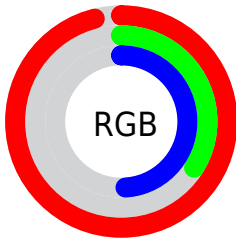
Format	Color
R_{YB}	245, 87, 126
Decimal	16078718
CIE _{Lab}	59.65, 63.14, 11.79
CIE _{LCh}	60, 64.226, 10.575
Yxy	27.7352, 0.4704, 0.2910
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294268798 (0xFFFF5577E)
YUV	138.6880, -6.2552, 93.2356
Hunter-Lab	52.6642, 59.7852, 11.2761

Details

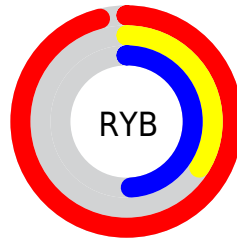
The RGB color **245, 87, 126** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6699**. The color can be described as light muted rose. A complement of this color would be **87, 245, 206**, and the grayscale version is **139, 139, 139**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 144, 178**, and **183, 17, 77** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **245, 62, 108**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **245, 112, 144**.

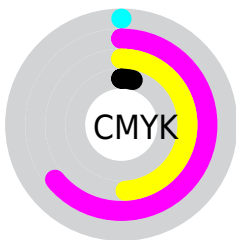
Distribution



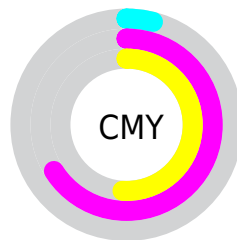
- Red (96%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 245, 87, 126 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 245, 87, 126 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



245, 87, 126



245, 87, 126

255, 255, 255



214, 57, 101



255, 144, 178



183, 17, 77



255, 173, 206



153, 0, 55



255, 202, 234



123, 0, 34



255, 232, 255



94, 0, 12



66, 0, 3



32, 0, 1



0, 0, 0



245, 87, 126



245, 87, 126

■ 245, 62, 108

■ 245, 112, 144

■ 245, 38, 89

■ 245, 136, 163

■ 245, 14, 71

■ 245, 161, 181

■ 245, 0, 60

■ 245, 185, 200

■ 245, 210, 218

■ 245, 234, 237

■ 245, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



226, 95, 183



245, 87, 126



234, 103, 73

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



245, 87, 126



90, 161, 50



0, 160, 250

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



245, 87, 126



87, 245, 206

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 168, 216



245, 87, 126



0, 168, 104

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



245, 87, 126



153, 147, 1



0, 170, 163



50, 144, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



245, 87, 126



214, 119, 41



0, 170, 163



0, 163, 242

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



245, 87, 126



255, 207, 219



206, 87, 245



128, 98, 105



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



245, 87, 126



255, 59, 107



245, 127, 87



122, 110, 113



186, 0, 46



59, 0, 14

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



245, 87, 126



255, 59, 107



87, 206, 245



122, 110, 113



186, 0, 46



59, 0, 14

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 245, 87, 126 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

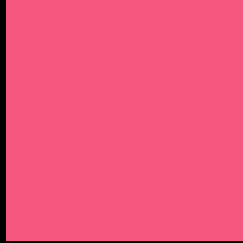
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 245, 87, 126 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 245, 87, 126 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 245, 87, 126.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 245, 87, 126.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
245, 87, 126

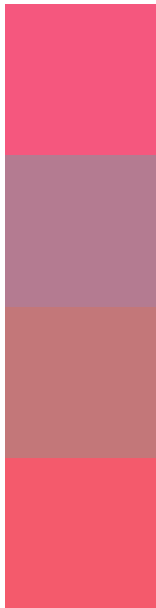
Protanopia
143, 143, 156

Deuteranopia
167, 138, 118



Tritanopia
243, 92, 98

Trichromacy



Original Color

245, 87, 126

Protanomaly

180, 123, 145

Deuteranomaly

195, 119, 121

Tritanomaly

244, 90, 108

Monochromacy



Original Color

245, 87, 126

Achromatopsia

139, 139, 139

Achromatomaly

178, 120, 134

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 245, 87, 126 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(245, 87, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(245, 87, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 87, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(245, 87, 126) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 245, 87, 126 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(245, 87, 126) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(245, 87, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(245, 87, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(245, 87, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 87, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 87,  
126) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 245, 87, 126 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(245, 87, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(245, 87,  
126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor