

Converting Colors

RGB(246, 105, 178)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(246, 105, 178) contains.

RGB(246, 105, 178)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(246, 105, 178)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F669B2
RGB	246, 105, 178
RGB Percent	96%, 41%, 70%
CMY	0.0353, 0.5882, 0.3020
CMYK	0.00, 0.57, 0.28, 0.04
HSL	329°, 89%, 69%
HSV	329°, 57%, 96%
XYZ	51.0935, 32.9103, 45.7789
YIQ	155.4810, 60.6030, 52.5950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

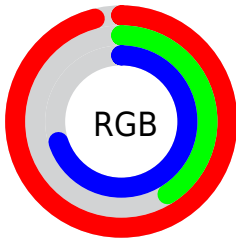
Format	Color
R _Y B	246, 105, 178
Decimal	16148914
CIE Lab	64.09, 61.34, -11.75
CIE LCh	64, 62.455, 349.159
Yxy	32.9103, 0.3937, 0.2536
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294338994 (0xFFFF669B2)
YUV	155.4810, 11.1019, 79.3852
Hunter-Lab	57.3675, 58.5851, -7.1557

Details

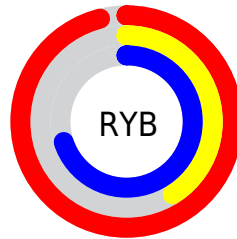
The RGB color **246, 105, 178** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF66CC**. A complement of this color would be **105, 246, 173**, and the grayscale version is **155, 155, 155**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 161, 234**, and **186, 46, 125** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **246, 80, 166**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **246, 130, 190**.

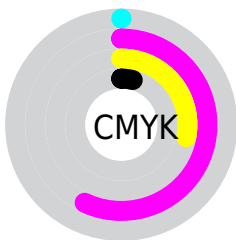
Distribution



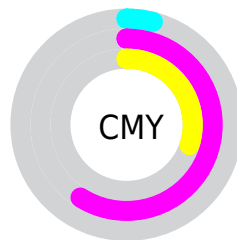
- Red (96%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 246, 105, 178 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 246, 105, 178 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 246, 105, 178


255, 255, 255

 255, 161, 234

 255, 190, 255

 255, 219, 255

 255, 249, 255

 246, 105, 178

 216, 76, 151

 186, 46, 125

 157, 0, 100

 128, 0, 76


 100, 0, 54

 73, 0, 32

 46, 0, 5

 0, 0, 0

 246, 105, 178

 246, 105, 178

■ 246, 80, 166

■ 246, 130, 190

■ 246, 56, 154

■ 246, 154, 202

■ 246, 31, 142

■ 246, 179, 214

■ 246, 7, 131

■ 246, 203, 225

■ 246, 0, 127

■ 246, 228, 237

■ 246, 253, 249

■ 246, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



203, 125, 229



246, 105, 178



255, 105, 122

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



246, 105, 178



150, 163, 37



0, 178, 239

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



246, 105, 178



105, 246, 173

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 182, 190



246, 105, 178



82, 175, 78

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



246, 105, 178



201, 145, 35



0, 181, 132



0, 167, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



246, 105, 178



247, 116, 88



0, 181, 132



0, 180, 224

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



246, 105, 178



255, 212, 234



171, 105, 246



128, 102, 115



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



246, 105, 178



255, 79, 170



246, 105, 110



122, 110, 116



186, 0, 96



59, 0, 30

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



246, 105, 178



255, 79, 170



105, 246, 241



122, 110, 116



186, 0, 96



59, 0, 30

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 246, 105, 178 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

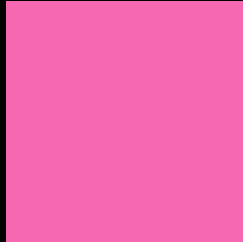
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 246, 105, 178 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 246, 105, 178 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 246, 105, 178.

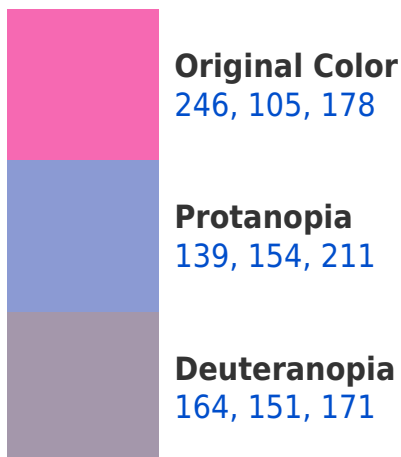


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 246, 105, 178.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
241, 117, 125

Trichromacy



Original Color

246, 105, 178



Protanomaly

178, 136, 199



Deuteranomaly

194, 134, 174



Tritanomaly

243, 113, 144

Monochromacy



Original Color

246, 105, 178



Achromatopsia

155, 155, 155



Achromatomaly

188, 137, 163

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 246, 105, 178 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(246, 105, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(246, 105, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(246, 105, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(246, 105, 178) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 246, 105, 178 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(246, 105, 178) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(246, 105, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(246, 105, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(246, 105, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 105, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 105,  
178) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 246, 105, 178 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(246, 105, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(246,  
105, 178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor