

Converting Colors

RGB(246, 117, 134)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(246, 117, 134) contains.

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Color

RGB(246, 117, 134)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F67586
RGB	246, 117, 134
RGB Percent	96%, 46%, 53%
CMY	0.0353, 0.5412, 0.4745
CMYK	0.00, 0.52, 0.46, 0.04
HSL	352°, 88%, 71%
HSV	352°, 52%, 96%
XYZ	48.6704, 34.0366, 26.5588
YIQ	157.5090, 71.4270, 32.6350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

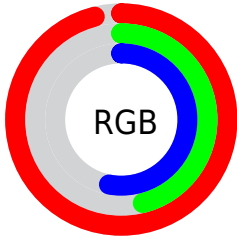
Format	Color
R _Y B	246, 117, 134
Decimal	16151942
CIE Lab	64.99, 50.92, 14.68
CIE LCh	65, 52.989, 16.082
Yxy	34.0366, 0.4454, 0.3115
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294342022 (0xFFFF67586)
YUV	157.5090, -11.5899, 77.6066
Hunter-Lab	58.3409, 46.8154, 13.8478

Details

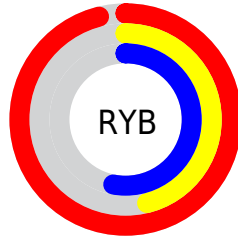
The RGB color **246, 117, 134** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **117, 246, 229**, and the grayscale version is **158, 158, 158**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 172, 187**, and **185, 63, 85** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **246, 92, 113**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **246, 142, 155**.

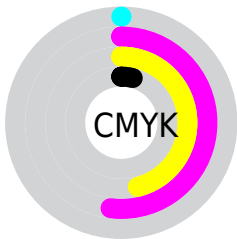
Distribution



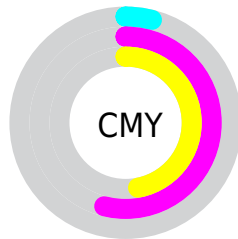
- Red (96%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 246, 117, 134 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 246, 117, 134 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 246, 117, 134

 246, 117, 134

255, 255, 255

 216, 90, 109

 255, 172, 187

 185, 63, 85

 255, 201, 215

 156, 33, 62

 255, 230, 243

 127, 0, 40


 98, 0, 20

 70, 0, 0

 42, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 246, 117, 134

 246, 117, 134

■ 246, 92, 113

■ 246, 142, 155

■ 246, 68, 91

■ 246, 166, 177

■ 246, 43, 70

■ 246, 191, 198

■ 246, 19, 49

■ 246, 215, 219

■ 246, 0, 32

■ 246, 240, 241

■ 246, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



234, 119, 182



246, 117, 134



234, 129, 91

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



246, 117, 134



106, 174, 89



0, 169, 249

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



246, 117, 134



117, 246, 229

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 178, 225



246, 117, 134



0, 180, 133

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



246, 117, 134



160, 163, 61



0, 181, 182



122, 154, 249

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



246, 117, 134



215, 141, 70



0, 181, 182



0, 173, 244

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



246, 117, 134



255, 214, 220



229, 117, 246



128, 103, 106



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



246, 117, 134



255, 94, 116



246, 164, 117



122, 110, 112



186, 0, 25



59, 0, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



246, 117, 134



255, 94, 116



117, 199, 246



122, 110, 112



186, 0, 25



59, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 246, 117, 134 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

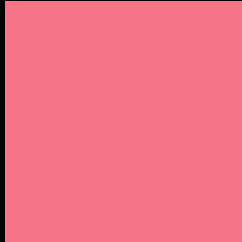
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 246, 117, 134 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 246, 117, 134 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 246, 117, 134.

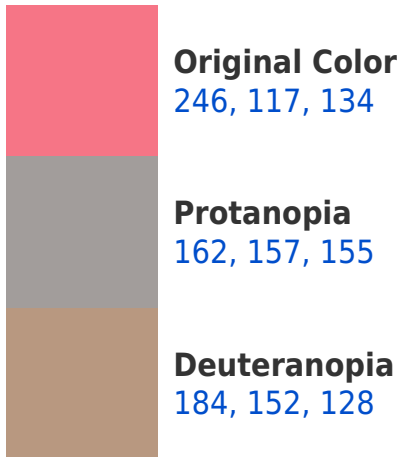



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 246, 117, 134.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
245, 118, 127

Trichromacy



Original Color

246, 117, 134



Protanomaly

193, 142, 147



Deuteranomaly

207, 139, 130



Tritanomaly

245, 118, 130

Monochromacy



Original Color

246, 117, 134



Achromatopsia

158, 158, 158



Achromatomaly

190, 143, 149

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 246, 117, 134 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(246, 117, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(246, 117, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(246, 117, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(246, 117, 134) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 246, 117, 134 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(246, 117, 134) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(246, 117, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(246, 117, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(246, 117, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 117, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 117,  
134) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 246, 117, 134 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(246, 117, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(246,  
117, 134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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