

Converting Colors

RGB(246, 154, 181)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(246, 154, 181) contains.

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Color

RGB(246, 154, 181)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F69AB5
RGB	246, 154, 181
RGB Percent	96%, 60%, 71%
CMY	0.0353, 0.3961, 0.2902
CMYK	0.00, 0.37, 0.26, 0.04
HSL	342°, 84%, 78%
HSV	342°, 37%, 96%
XYZ	57.9021, 46.0402, 49.5509
YIQ	184.5860, 46.1650, 27.9010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

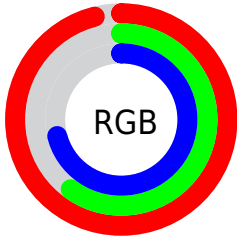
Format	Color
R _Y B	246, 154, 181
Decimal	16161461
CIE Lab	73.57, 37.78, 0.60
CIE LCh	74, 37.780, 0.905
Yxy	46.0402, 0.3772, 0.2999
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294351541 (0xFFFF69AB5)
YUV	184.5860, -1.7679, 53.8601
Hunter-Lab	67.8530, 33.5798, 4.1994

Details

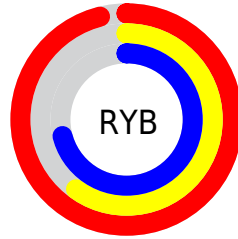
The RGB color **246, 154, 181** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **154, 246, 219**, and the grayscale version is **185, 185, 185**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 209, 237**, and **188, 101, 128** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **246, 129, 164**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **246, 179, 198**.

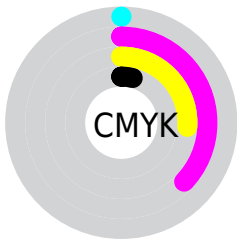
Distribution



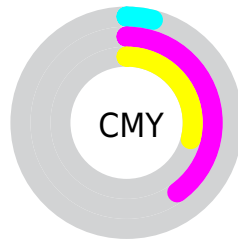
- Red (96%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 246, 154, 181 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 246, 154, 181 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 246, 154, 181

 246, 154, 181

255, 255, 255

 217, 127, 154

 255, 209, 237

 188, 101, 128

 255, 238, 255

 160, 76, 103

 132, 51, 79

 105, 25, 57

 78, 0, 35


 54, 0, 13

 22, 0, 0


 0, 0, 0

 246, 154, 181


 246, 154, 181

 246, 129, 164


 246, 179, 198

 246, 105, 146

 246, 203, 216

 246, 80, 129

 246, 228, 233

 246, 56, 111

 246, 252, 251

 246, 31, 94

 246, 255, 255

 246, 6, 77

 246, 0, 72

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



225, 160, 215



246, 154, 181



247, 157, 147

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



246, 154, 181



166, 189, 120



75, 193, 240

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



246, 154, 181



154, 246, 219

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45, 198, 215



246, 154, 181



125, 196, 146

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



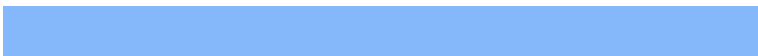
246, 154, 181



203, 179, 111



80, 199, 181



133, 184, 250

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



246, 154, 181



238, 163, 128



80, 199, 181



58, 195, 234

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



246, 154, 181



255, 227, 235



218, 154, 246



128, 111, 116



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



246, 154, 181



255, 140, 174



246, 172, 154



122, 110, 114



186, 0, 55



59, 0, 17

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



246, 154, 181



255, 140, 174



154, 228, 246



122, 110, 114



186, 0, 55



59, 0, 17

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 246, 154, 181 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

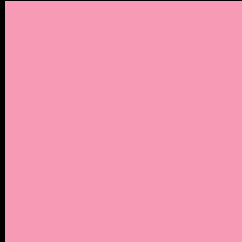
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 246, 154, 181 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 246, 154, 181 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 246, 154, 181.

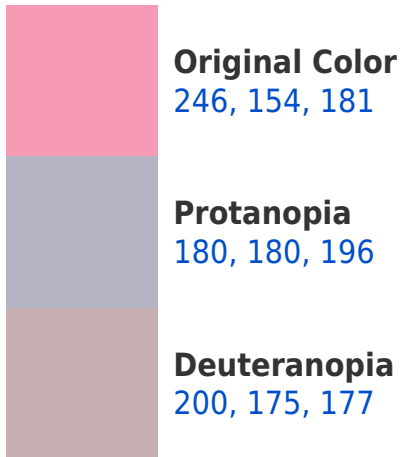


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 246, 154, 181.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
245, 156, 168

Trichromacy



Original Color

246, 154, 181



Protanomaly

204, 171, 191



Deuteranomaly

217, 167, 178



Tritanomaly

245, 155, 173

Monochromacy



Original Color

246, 154, 181



Achromatopsia

185, 185, 185



Achromatomaly

207, 174, 184

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 246, 154, 181 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(246, 154, 181) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(246, 154, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(246, 154, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(246, 154, 181) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 246, 154, 181 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(246, 154, 181) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(246, 154, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(246, 154, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(246, 154, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 154, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 154,  
181) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 246, 154, 181 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(246, 154, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(246,  
154, 181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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