

Converting Colors

RGB(246, 188, 174)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(246, 188, 174) contains.

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Color

RGB(246, 188, 174)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F6BCAE
RGB	246, 188, 174
RGB Percent	96%, 74%, 68%
CMY	0.0353, 0.2627, 0.3176
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.29, 0.04
HSL	12°, 80%, 82%
HSV	12°, 29%, 96%
XYZ	63.6292, 58.6153, 48.0047
YIQ	203.7460, 39.0620, 7.9420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

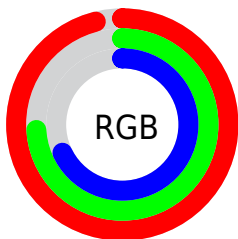
Format	Color
R _{YB}	246, 191, 174
Decimal	16170158
CIE Lab	81.08, 18.95, 15.16
CIE LCh	81, 24.268, 38.657
Yxy	58.6153, 0.3737, 0.3443
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294360238 (0xFFFF6BCAE)
YUV	203.7460, -14.6648, 37.0568
Hunter-Lab	76.5606, 14.3696, 16.4167

Details

The RGB color **246, 188, 174** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **174, 232, 246**, and the grayscale version is **204, 204, 204**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 244, 229**, and **188, 135, 122** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **246, 168, 149**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **246, 208, 199**.

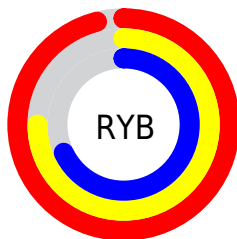
Distribution



Red (96%)

Green (74%)

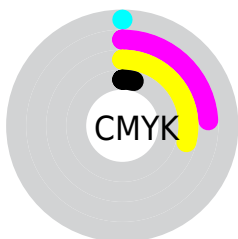
Blue (68%)



Red (96%)

Yellow (75%)

Blue (68%)

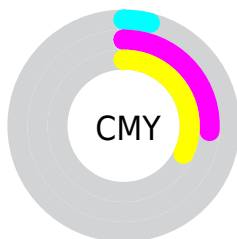


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (4%)



Cyan (4%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 246, 188, 174 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 246, 188, 174 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 246, 188, 174


255, 255, 255

 255, 244, 229

 246, 188, 174


 217, 161, 147

 188, 135, 122

 161, 109, 97

 133, 84, 73

 107, 61, 50

 81, 38, 29

 57, 17, 5

 35, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 246, 188, 174

■ 246, 188, 174

■ 246, 168, 149

■ 246, 208, 199

■ 246, 148, 125

■ 246, 228, 223

■ 246, 129, 100

■ 246, 247, 248

■ 246, 109, 76

■ 246, 255, 255

■ 246, 89, 51

■ 246, 69, 26

■ 246, 49, 2

■ 246, 48, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



248, 185, 195



246, 188, 174



233, 194, 160

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



246, 188, 174



161, 213, 184



184, 201, 246

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



246, 188, 174



174, 232, 246

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



155, 208, 243



246, 188, 174



142, 214, 207

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



246, 188, 174



186, 209, 165



139, 213, 229



213, 193, 237

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



246, 188, 174



220, 199, 156



139, 213, 229



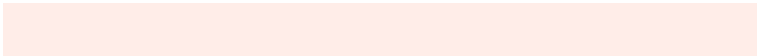
173, 204, 246

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



246, 188, 174



255, 237, 232



246, 174, 233



128, 116, 113



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



246, 188, 174



255, 183, 166



246, 223, 174



122, 113, 110



186, 36, 0



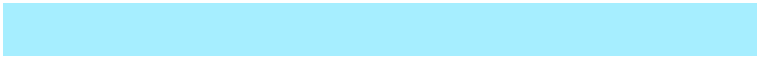
59, 11, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



174, 232, 246



166, 238, 255



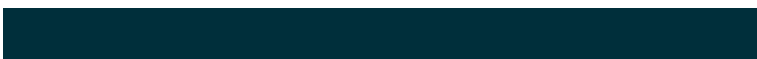
174, 197, 246



110, 120, 122



0, 150, 186



0, 47, 59

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 246, 188, 174 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 246, 188, 174 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 246, 188, 174 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 246, 188, 174.

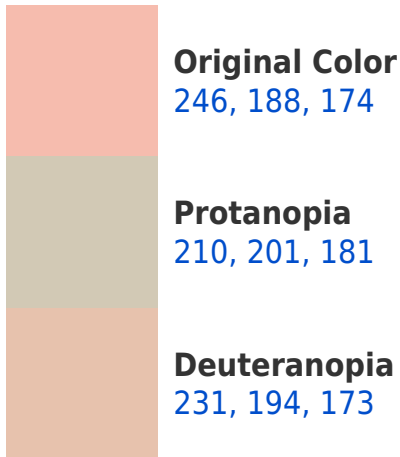



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 246, 188, 174.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

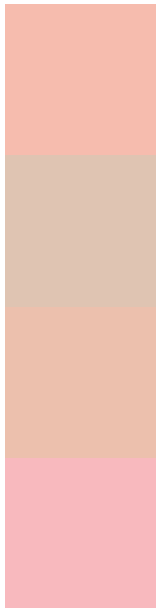
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
249, 184, 199

Trichromacy



Original Color

246, 188, 174

Protanomaly

223, 196, 178

Deuteranomaly

236, 192, 173

Tritanomaly

248, 185, 190

Monochromacy



Original Color

246, 188, 174

Achromatopsia

204, 204, 204

Achromatomaly

219, 198, 193

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 246, 188, 174 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(246, 188, 174) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(246, 188, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(246, 188, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(246, 188, 174) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 246, 188, 174 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(246, 188, 174) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(246, 188, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(246, 188, 174)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(246, 188, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 188, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 188,  
174) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 246, 188, 174 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(246, 188, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(246,  
188, 174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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