

Converting Colors

RGB(246, 194, 194)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(246, 194, 194) contains.

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Color

RGB(246, 194, 194)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F6C2C2
RGB	246, 194, 194
RGB Percent	96%, 76%, 76%
CMY	0.0353, 0.2392, 0.2392
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.21, 0.04
HSL	0°, 74%, 86%
HSV	0°, 21%, 96%
XYZ	67.0354, 62.0714, 59.4868
YIQ	209.5480, 30.9920, 11.0240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

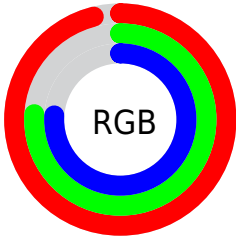
Format	Color
R _Y B	246, 194, 194
Decimal	16171714
CIE Lab	82.95, 18.55, 7.11
CIE LCh	83, 19.867, 20.959
Yxy	62.0714, 0.3554, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294361794 (0xFFFF6C2C2)
YUV	209.5480, -7.6652, 31.9684
Hunter-Lab	78.7854, 14.0041, 10.3830

Details

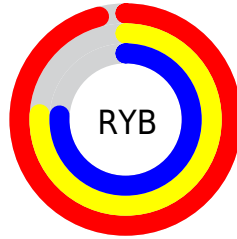
The RGB color **246, 194, 194** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **194, 246, 246**, and the grayscale version is **210, 210, 210**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 251, 250, and **189, 140, 140** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **246, 169, 169**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **246, 219, 219**.

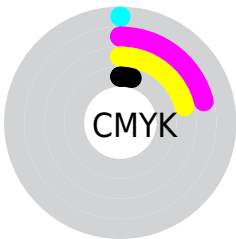
Distribution



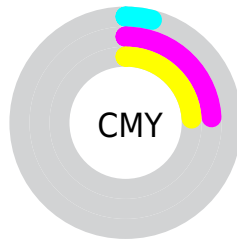
- Red (96%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 246, 194, 194 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 246, 194, 194 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 246, 194, 194


 246, 194, 194

255, 255, 255

 217, 167, 167

 255, 251, 250

 189, 140, 140

 161, 115, 115

 135, 90, 90

 108, 66, 67

 83, 43, 45


 59, 22, 24

 38, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 246, 194, 194

 246, 194, 194

 246, 169, 169

 246, 219, 219

 246, 145, 145

 246, 243, 243

 246, 120, 120

 246, 255, 255

 246, 96, 96

 246, 71, 71

 246, 46, 46

 246, 22, 22

 246, 0, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



241, 194, 213



246, 194, 194



241, 198, 178

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



246, 194, 194



186, 214, 183



179, 210, 243

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



246, 194, 194



194, 246, 246

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



161, 215, 235



246, 194, 194



167, 217, 200

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



246, 194, 194



207, 209, 172



157, 217, 219



203, 204, 241

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



246, 194, 194



232, 201, 172



157, 217, 219



172, 212, 241

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



246, 194, 194



255, 240, 240



246, 194, 246



128, 119, 119



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



246, 194, 194



255, 191, 191



246, 220, 194



122, 110, 110



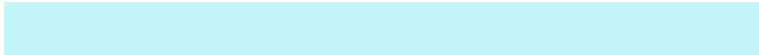
186, 0, 0



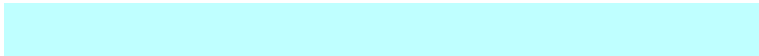
59, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



194, 246, 246



191, 255, 255



194, 220, 246



110, 122, 122



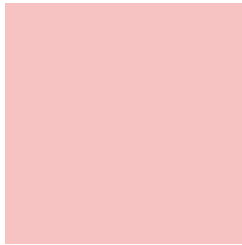
0, 186, 186



0, 59, 59

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 246, 194, 194 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

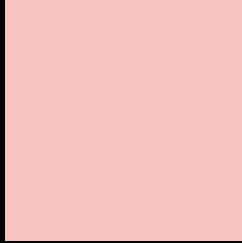
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 246, 194, 194 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 246, 194, 194 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 246, 194, 194.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 246, 194, 194.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
246, 194, 194

Protanopia
212, 206, 201

Deuteranopia
232, 200, 193



Tritanopia
248, 192, 207

Trichromacy



Original Color

246, 194, 194

Protanomaly

224, 202, 198

Deuteranomaly

237, 198, 193

Tritanomaly

247, 193, 202

Monochromacy



Original Color

246, 194, 194

Achromatopsia

210, 210, 210

Achromatomaly

223, 204, 204

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 246, 194, 194 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(246, 194, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(246, 194, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(246, 194, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(246, 194, 194) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 246, 194, 194 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(246, 194, 194) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(246, 194, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(246, 194, 194)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(246, 194, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 194, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 194,  
194) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 246, 194, 194 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(246, 194, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(246,  
194, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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