

# Converting Colors

RGB(246, 212, 185)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(246, 212, 185) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(246, 212, 185)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F6D4B9
RGB	246, 212, 185
RGB Percent	96%, 83%, 73%
CMY	0.0353, 0.1686, 0.2745
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.25, 0.04
HSL	27°, 77%, 85%
HSV	27°, 25%, 96%
XYZ	70.3065, 70.1826, 55.7400
YIQ	219.0880, 28.9310, -1.1890

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

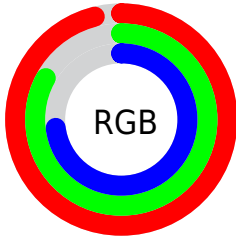
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	246, 233, 185
Decimal	16176313
CIE Lab	87.09, 7.85, 17.74
CIE LCh	87, 19.403, 66.124
Yxy	70.1826, 0.3583, 0.3577
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294366393 (0xFFFF6D4B9)
YUV	219.0880, -16.8054, 23.6018
Hunter-Lab	83.7750, 3.1961, 19.1937

# Details

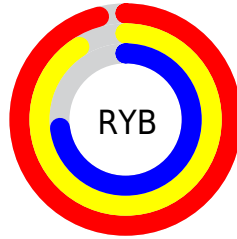
The RGB color **246, 212, 185** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **185, 219, 246**, and the grayscale version is **219, 219, 219**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 241**, and **189, 157, 132** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **246, 198, 160**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **246, 226, 210**.

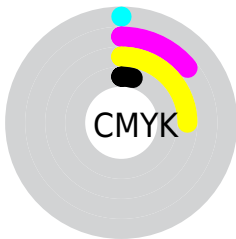
# Distribution



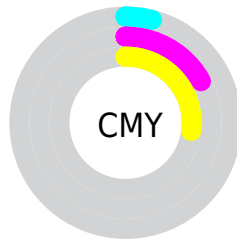
- Red (96%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 246, 212, 185 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 246, 212, 185 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 246, 212, 185


255, 255, 255

 255, 255, 241

 246, 212, 185

 217, 184, 158

 189, 157, 132

 161, 131, 107

 135, 106, 82

 109, 82, 59

 84, 59, 37

 59, 37, 16

 37, 17, 0

 0, 0, 0

 246, 212, 185

 246, 212, 185

 246, 198, 160


 246, 226, 210

 246, 185, 136


 246, 239, 234


 246, 171, 111

 246, 253, 255

 246, 157, 87

 246, 255, 255

 246, 143, 62

 246, 130, 37

 246, 116, 13

 246, 109, 0

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 207, 197



246, 212, 185



229, 218, 182

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



246, 212, 185



173, 229, 221



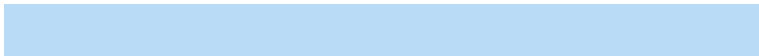
226, 212, 248

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



246, 212, 185



185, 219, 246

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



203, 218, 254



246, 212, 185



170, 228, 239

# Square

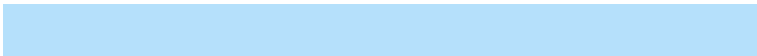
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



246, 212, 185



188, 228, 203



181, 224, 251



246, 207, 233

# Rectangle

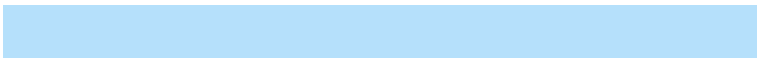
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



246, 212, 185



215, 222, 185



181, 224, 251



219, 214, 251

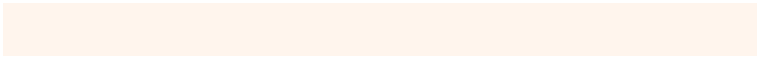


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



246, 212, 185



255, 245, 237



246, 185, 220



128, 122, 117



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



246, 212, 185



255, 212, 179



246, 242, 185



122, 116, 110



186, 82, 0

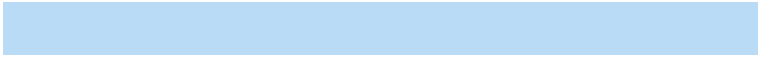


59, 26, 0

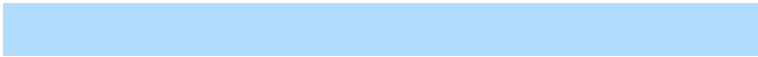


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



185, 219, 246



179, 221, 255



185, 189, 246



110, 117, 122



0, 104, 186



0, 33, 59



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 246, 212, 185 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

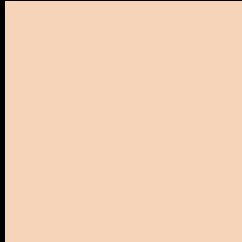
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 246, 212, 185 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

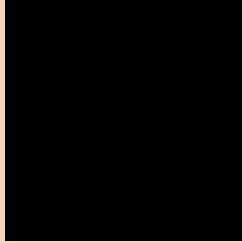
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 246, 212, 185 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 246, 212, 185.






This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 246, 212, 185.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

	<b>Original Color</b> 246, 212, 185
	<b>Protanopia</b> 229, 218, 188
	<b>Deuteranopia</b> 251, 210, 185



**Tritanopia**  
250, 207, 223

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

246, 212, 185

**Protanomaly**

235, 216, 187

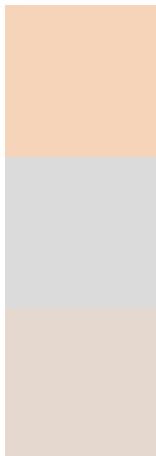
**Deuteranomaly**

249, 211, 185

**Tritanomaly**

249, 209, 209

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

246, 212, 185

**Achromatopsia**

219, 219, 219

**Achromatomaly**

229, 216, 207

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 246, 212, 185 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(246, 212, 185) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(246, 212, 185)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(246, 212, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(246, 212, 185) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 246, 212, 185 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(246, 212, 185) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(246, 212, 185) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(246, 212, 185) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(246, 212, 185); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 212, 185);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 212,  
185) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 246, 212, 185 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(246, 212, 185) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(246,  
212, 185) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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