

Converting Colors

RGB(246, 219, 182)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(246, 219, 182) contains.

RGB(246, 219, 182)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(246, 219, 182)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F6DBB6
RGB	246, 219, 182
RGB Percent	96%, 86%, 71%
CMY	0.0353, 0.1412, 0.2863
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.26, 0.04
HSL	35°, 78%, 84%
HSV	35°, 26%, 96%
XYZ	71.7811, 73.6333, 54.6853
YIQ	222.8550, 27.9690, -5.7830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

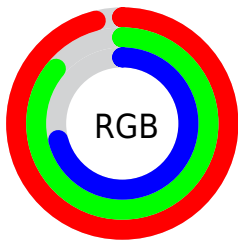
Format	Color
R _Y B	229, 246, 182
Decimal	16178102
CIE Lab	88.75, 3.83, 21.62
CIE LCh	89, 21.961, 79.964
Yxy	73.6333, 0.3587, 0.3680
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294368182 (0xFFF6DBB6)
YUV	222.8550, -20.1415, 20.2982
Hunter-Lab	85.8098, -0.8496, 22.2822

Details

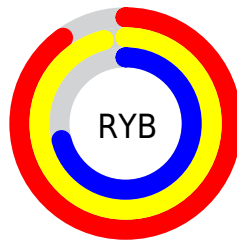
The RGB color **246, 219, 182** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **182, 209, 246**, and the grayscale version is **223, 223, 223**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 238**, and **189, 164, 129** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **246, 209, 157**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **246, 229, 207**.

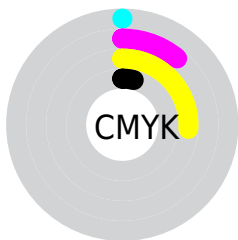
Distribution



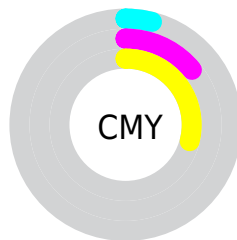
- Red (96%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 246, 219, 182 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 246, 219, 182 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 246, 219, 182


255, 255, 255


 255, 255, 238

 246, 219, 182


 217, 191, 155

 189, 164, 129

 161, 138, 104

 135, 112, 79

 109, 88, 56

 84, 65, 34

 59, 43, 13

 37, 22, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 246, 219, 182

■ 246, 219, 182

■ 246, 209, 157

■ 246, 229, 207

■ 246, 198, 133

■ 246, 240, 231

■ 246, 188, 108

■ 246, 250, 255

■ 246, 177, 84

■ 246, 255, 255

■ 246, 167, 59

■ 246, 157, 34

■ 246, 146, 10

■ 246, 142, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 213, 192



246, 219, 182



224, 226, 183

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



246, 219, 182



167, 235, 236



243, 213, 250

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



246, 219, 182



182, 209, 246

Split Complementary

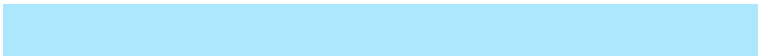
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



218, 220, 255



246, 219, 182



171, 232, 254

Square

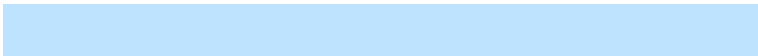
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



246, 219, 182



179, 235, 215



190, 227, 255



255, 209, 231

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



246, 219, 182



208, 230, 190



190, 227, 255



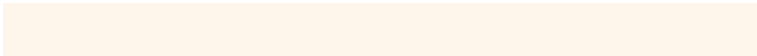
235, 215, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



246, 219, 182



255, 246, 235



246, 182, 210



128, 122, 115



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

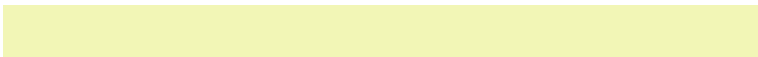
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



246, 219, 182



255, 222, 176



242, 246, 182



122, 117, 110



186, 108, 0



59, 34, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



182, 209, 246



176, 209, 255



186, 182, 246



110, 115, 122



0, 79, 186



0, 25, 59

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 246, 219, 182 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 246, 219, 182 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

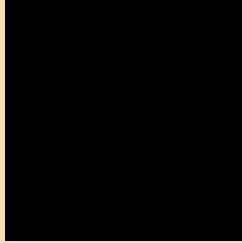
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

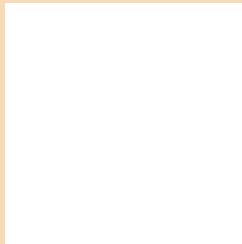
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 246, 219, 182 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 246, 219, 182.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 246, 219, 182.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

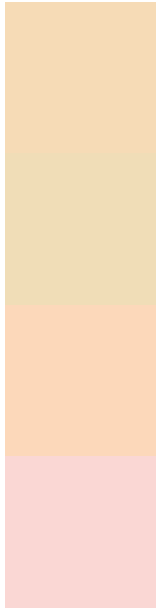
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
252, 212, 229

Trichromacy



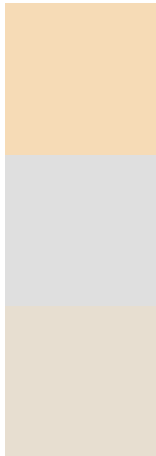
Original Color
246, 219, 182

Protanomaly
240, 221, 183

Deuteranomaly
252, 216, 186

Tritanomaly
250, 215, 212

Monochromacy



Original Color
246, 219, 182

Achromatopsia
223, 223, 223

Achromatomaly
231, 222, 208

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 246, 219, 182 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(246, 219, 182)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(246, 219, 182)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(246, 219, 182) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(246, 219, 182) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 246, 219, 182 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(246, 219, 182) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(246, 219, 182) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(246, 219, 182)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(246, 219, 182); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 219, 182);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 219,  
182) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 246, 219, 182 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(246, 219, 182) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(246,  
219, 182) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor