

Converting Colors

RGB(246, 224, 167)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(246, 224, 167) contains.

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Color

RGB(246, 224, 167)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F6E0A7
RGB	246, 224, 167
RGB Percent	96%, 88%, 65%
CMY	0.0353, 0.1216, 0.3451
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.32, 0.04
HSL	43°, 81%, 81%
HSV	43°, 32%, 96%
XYZ	71.6367, 75.6942, 47.3940
YIQ	224.0800, 31.4090, -13.0630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

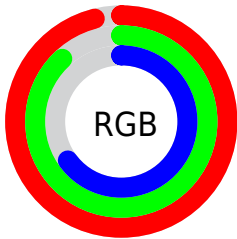
Format	Color
RYB	197, 246, 167
Decimal	16179367
CIELab	89.72, -0.65, 30.70
CIELCh	90, 30.706, 91.216
Yxy	75.6942, 0.3679, 0.3887
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294369447 (0xFFFF6E0A7)
YUV	224.0800, -28.1404, 19.2238
Hunter-Lab	87.0024, -5.2794, 28.6038

Details

The RGB color **246, 224, 167** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **167, 189, 246**, and the grayscale version is **224, 224, 224**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 222**, and **189, 169, 115** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **246, 217, 142**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **246, 231, 192**.

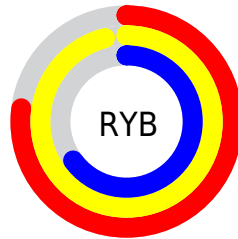
Distribution



Red (96%)

Green (88%)

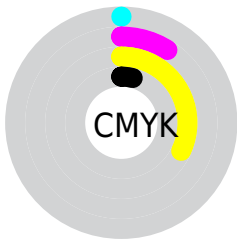
Blue (65%)



Red (77%)

Yellow (96%)

Blue (65%)

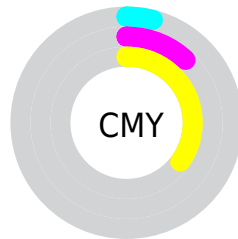


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (32%)

Black (4%)



Cyan (4%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 246, 224, 167 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 246, 224, 167 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 246, 224, 167

255, 255, 255


 255, 255, 222

 255, 255, 251

 246, 224, 167

 217, 196, 140

 189, 169, 115

 161, 143, 90

 134, 117, 65

 108, 92, 42

 82, 69, 20

 58, 47, 0

 34, 26, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 246, 224, 167

■ 246, 224, 167

■ 246, 217, 142

■ 246, 231, 192

■ 246, 210, 118

■ 246, 238, 216

■ 246, 203, 93

■ 246, 245, 241

■ 246, 197, 69

■ 246, 251, 255

■ 246, 190, 44

■ 246, 255, 255

■ 246, 183, 19

■ 246, 177, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 214, 175



246, 224, 167



214, 233, 175

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



246, 224, 167



139, 241, 255



255, 209, 254

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



246, 224, 167



167, 189, 246

Split Complementary

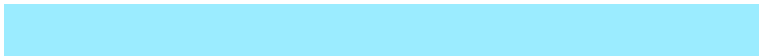
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



232, 218, 255



246, 224, 167



155, 236, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



246, 224, 167



152, 242, 226



191, 228, 255



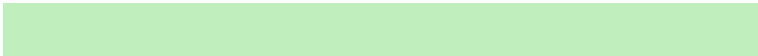
255, 204, 225

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



246, 224, 167



192, 238, 188



191, 228, 255



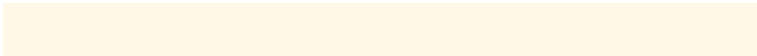
255, 211, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



246, 224, 167



255, 248, 230



246, 167, 189



128, 123, 112



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



246, 224, 167



255, 227, 156



229, 246, 167



122, 119, 110



186, 134, 0



59, 42, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



167, 189, 246



156, 183, 255



184, 167, 246



110, 114, 122



0, 52, 186



0, 16, 59

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 246, 224, 167 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

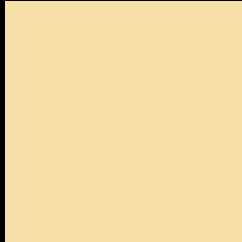
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 246, 224, 167 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

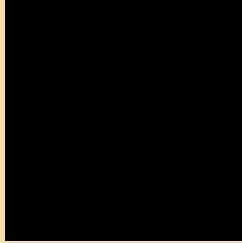
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 246, 224, 167 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 246, 224, 167.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 246, 224, 167.


Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

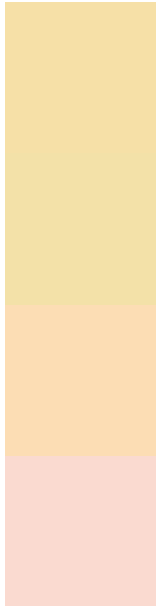


Original Color 246, 224, 167
Protanopia 242, 225, 168
Deuteranopia 255, 219, 188



Tritanopia
253, 215, 232

Trichromacy



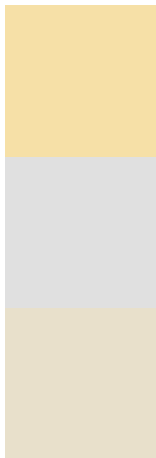
Original Color
246, 224, 167

Protanomaly
243, 225, 168

Deuteranomaly
252, 221, 180

Tritanomaly
250, 218, 208

Monochromacy



Original Color
246, 224, 167

Achromatopsia
224, 224, 224

Achromatomaly
232, 224, 203

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 246, 224, 167 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(246, 224, 167)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(246, 224, 167)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(246, 224, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(246, 224, 167) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 246, 224, 167 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(246, 224, 167) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(246, 224, 167) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(246, 224, 167)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(246, 224, 167); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 224, 167);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 224,  
167) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 246, 224, 167 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(246, 224, 167) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(246,  
224, 167) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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