

Converting Colors

RGB(246, 235, 161)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(246, 235, 161) contains.

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Color

RGB(246, 235, 161)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F6EBA1
RGB	246, 235, 161
RGB Percent	96%, 92%, 63%
CMY	0.0353, 0.0784, 0.3686
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.35, 0.04
HSL	52°, 83%, 80%
HSV	52°, 35%, 96%
XYZ	74.1474, 81.5827, 45.5573
YIQ	229.8530, 30.3100, -20.6820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

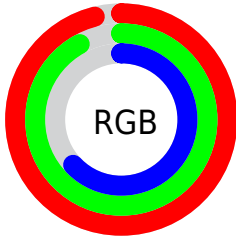
Format	Color
RYB	174, 246, 161
Decimal	16182177
CIELab	92.39, -6.92, 37.29
CIELCh	92, 37.929, 100.511
Yxy	81.5827, 0.3684, 0.4053
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294372257 (0xFFFF6EBA1)
YUV	229.8530, -33.9445, 14.1609
Hunter-Lab	90.3231, -11.5326, 33.3215

Details

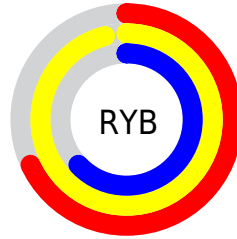
The RGB color **246, 235, 161** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **161, 172, 246**, and the grayscale version is **230, 230, 230**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 216**, and **189, 179, 108** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **246, 232, 136**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **246, 238, 186**.

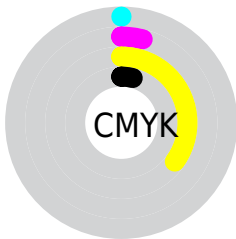
Distribution



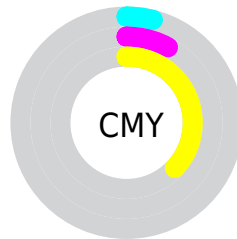
- Red (96%)
- Green (92%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 246, 235, 161 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 246, 235, 161 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 246, 235, 161

 246, 235, 161


255, 255, 255

 217, 207, 134

 255, 255, 216

 189, 179, 108

 255, 255, 245

 161, 153, 83

 134, 127, 59

 107, 102, 35

 82, 78, 9

 58, 55, 0

 33, 34, 0

 0, 13, 0

 246, 235, 161


 246, 235, 161

 246, 232, 136


 246, 238, 186

 246, 229, 112


 246, 241, 210

 246, 225, 87


 246, 245, 235

 246, 222, 63

 246, 248, 255

 246, 219, 38

 246, 251, 255

 246, 216, 13

 246, 254, 255

 246, 214, 0

 246, 255, 255

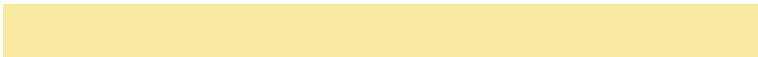
Harmonies

Analogous

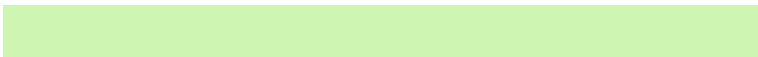
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 223, 165



246, 235, 161



206, 245, 177

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



246, 235, 161



117, 251, 255



255, 209, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



246, 235, 161



161, 172, 246

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 219, 255



246, 235, 161



151, 244, 255

Square

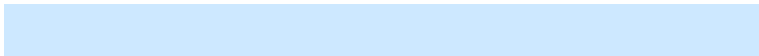
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



246, 235, 161



126, 253, 245



205, 232, 255



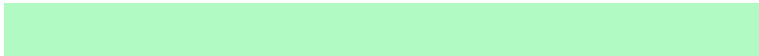
255, 206, 221

Rectangle

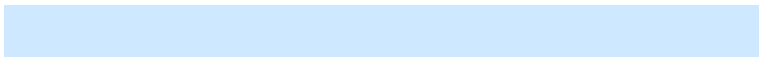
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



246, 235, 161



177, 250, 196



205, 232, 255



255, 212, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



246, 235, 161



255, 252, 230



246, 161, 172



128, 126, 112



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



246, 235, 161



255, 241, 150



215, 246, 161



122, 121, 110



186, 162, 0



59, 51, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



161, 172, 246



150, 164, 255



192, 161, 246



110, 112, 122



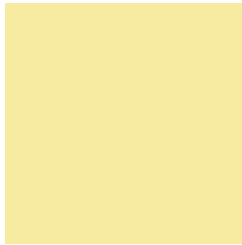
0, 24, 186



0, 8, 59

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 246, 235, 161 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

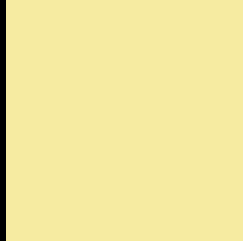
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 246, 235, 161 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

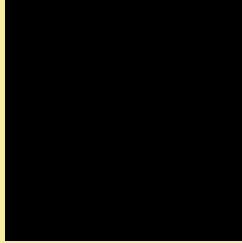
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 246, 235, 161 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 246, 235, 161.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 246, 235, 161.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
246, 235, 161

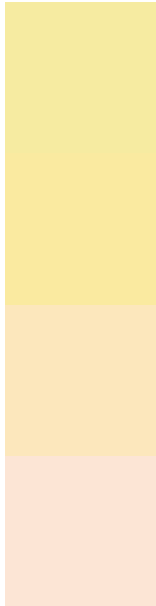
Protanopia
252, 233, 160

Deuteranopia
255, 229, 204



Tritanopia
255, 225, 242

Trichromacy



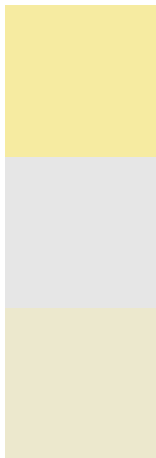
Original Color
246, 235, 161

Protanomaly
250, 234, 160

Deuteranomaly
252, 231, 188

Tritanomaly
252, 229, 213

Monochromacy



Original Color
246, 235, 161

Achromatopsia
230, 230, 230

Achromatomaly
236, 232, 205

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 246, 235, 161 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(246, 235, 161)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(246, 235, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(246, 235, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(246, 235, 161) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 246, 235, 161 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(246, 235, 161) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(246, 235, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(246, 235, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 235, 161); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 235, 161); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 235, 161) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 246, 235, 161 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(246, 235, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(246,  
235, 161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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