

Converting Colors

RGB(247, 207, 223)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(247, 207, 223) contains.

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Color

RGB(247, 207, 223)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F7CFDF
RGB	247, 207, 223
RGB Percent	97%, 81%, 87%
CMY	0.0314, 0.1882, 0.1255
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.10, 0.03
HSL	336°, 71%, 89%
HSV	336°, 16%, 97%
XYZ	73.9899, 69.7275, 79.3711
YIQ	220.7840, 18.7040, 13.4560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

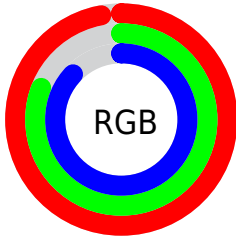
Format	Color
R _Y B	247, 207, 223
Decimal	16240607
CIE Lab	86.86, 16.58, -2.65
CIE LCh	87, 16.789, 350.931
Yxy	69.7275, 0.3317, 0.3126
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294430687 (0xFFF7CFDF)
YUV	220.7840, 1.0925, 22.9914
Hunter-Lab	83.5030, 12.0340, 2.0959

Details

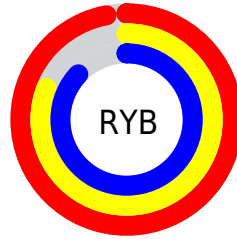
The RGB color **247, 207, 223** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **207, 247, 231**, and the grayscale version is **221, 221, 221**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and **190, 153, 168** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **247, 182, 208**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **247, 232, 238**.

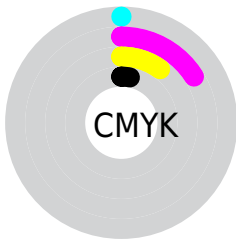
Distribution



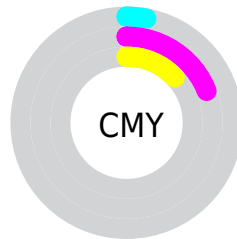
- Red (97%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 247, 207, 223 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 247, 207, 223 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 247, 207, 223

255, 255, 255


 247, 207, 223


 218, 179, 195

 190, 153, 168


 163, 127, 141

 137, 101, 116

 111, 77, 91

 86, 54, 68

 62, 32, 46

 40, 11, 25

 8, 0, 0

■ 247, 207, 223

■ 247, 207, 223

■ 247, 182, 208

■ 247, 232, 238

■ 247, 158, 193

■ 247, 255, 253

■ 247, 133, 179

■ 247, 255, 255

■ 247, 108, 164

■ 247, 84, 149

■ 247, 59, 134

■ 247, 34, 119

■ 247, 9, 104

■ 247, 0, 99

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



234, 210, 238



247, 207, 223



252, 207, 207

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



247, 207, 223



218, 220, 188



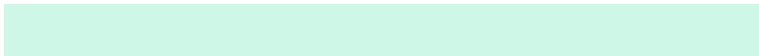
180, 225, 242

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



247, 207, 223



207, 247, 231

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



177, 227, 228



247, 207, 223



200, 224, 197

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



247, 207, 223



235, 215, 186



184, 227, 212



195, 220, 249

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



247, 207, 223



250, 209, 197



184, 227, 212



178, 226, 238

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



247, 207, 223



255, 242, 247



231, 207, 247



128, 120, 123



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

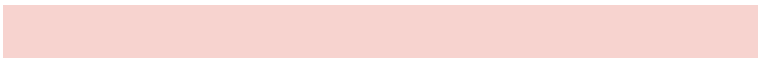
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



247, 207, 223



255, 207, 226



247, 211, 207



122, 110, 115



186, 0, 74



59, 0, 23

Inverse Universe

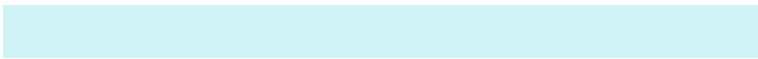
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



247, 207, 223



255, 207, 226



207, 243, 247



122, 110, 115



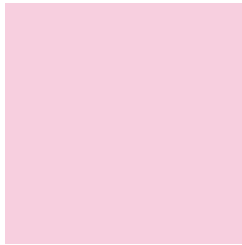
186, 0, 74



59, 0, 23

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 247, 207, 223 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

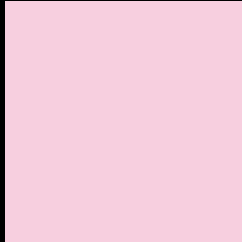
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 247, 207, 223 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 247, 207, 223 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 247, 207, 223.

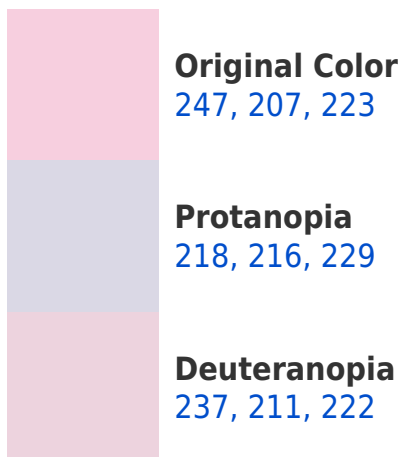


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 247, 207, 223.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
247, 207, 223

Trichromacy



Original Color

247, 207, 223

Protanomaly

229, 213, 227

Deuteranomaly

241, 210, 222

Tritanomaly

247, 207, 223

Monochromacy



Original Color

247, 207, 223

Achromatopsia

221, 221, 221

Achromatomaly

230, 216, 222

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 247, 207, 223 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(247, 207, 223)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 207, 223)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 207, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 207, 223) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 247, 207, 223 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 207, 223) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 207, 223) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 207, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 207, 223); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 207, 223);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 207,  
223) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 247, 207, 223 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 207, 223) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247,  
207, 223) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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