

Converting Colors

RGB(247, 208, 224)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(247, 208, 224) contains.

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Color

RGB(247, 208, 224)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F7D0E0
RGB	247, 208, 224
RGB Percent	97%, 82%, 88%
CMY	0.0314, 0.1843, 0.1216
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.09, 0.03
HSL	335°, 71%, 89%
HSV	335°, 16%, 97%
XYZ	74.3682, 70.2677, 80.1644
YIQ	221.4850, 18.1080, 13.2440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

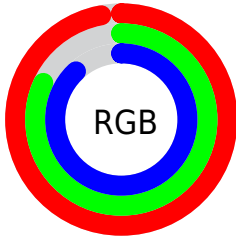
Format	Color
R _Y B	247, 208, 224
Decimal	16240864
CIE Lab	87.13, 16.22, -2.79
CIE LCh	87, 16.457, 350.249
Yxy	70.2677, 0.3308, 0.3126
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294430944 (0xFFFF7D0E0)
YUV	221.4850, 1.2399, 22.3767
Hunter-Lab	83.8258, 11.6655, 1.9778

Details

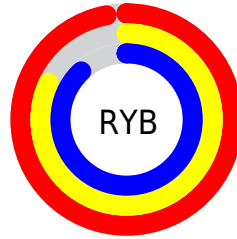
The RGB color **247, 208, 224** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **208, 247, 231**, and the grayscale version is **221, 221, 221**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and **190, 154, 169** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **247, 183, 209**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **247, 233, 239**.

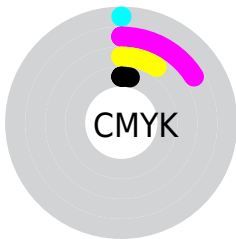
Distribution



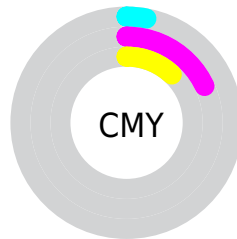
- Red (97%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (12%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 247, 208, 224 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 247, 208, 224 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 247, 208, 224

255, 255, 255


 247, 208, 224

 218, 180, 196

 190, 154, 169

 163, 127, 142

 137, 102, 117

 111, 78, 92

 86, 55, 69


 62, 33, 47

 40, 12, 26


 10, 0, 0

 247, 208, 224

 247, 208, 224

 247, 183, 209

 247, 233, 239

 247, 159, 195


 247, 255, 253

 247, 134, 180

 247, 255, 255

 247, 109, 166

 247, 85, 151

 247, 60, 137

 247, 35, 122

 247, 10, 107

 247, 0, 101

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



234, 211, 238



247, 208, 224



252, 208, 208

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



247, 208, 224



219, 221, 189



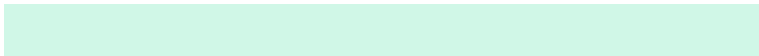
182, 225, 242

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



247, 208, 224



208, 247, 231

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



178, 227, 228



247, 208, 224



201, 225, 198

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



247, 208, 224



236, 215, 188



186, 227, 212



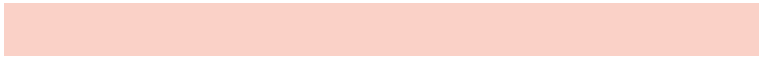
195, 221, 249

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



247, 208, 224



250, 209, 199



186, 227, 212



179, 226, 238

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



247, 208, 224



255, 242, 247



231, 208, 247



128, 120, 123



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



247, 208, 224



255, 207, 226



247, 211, 208



122, 110, 115



186, 0, 76



59, 0, 24

Inverse Universe

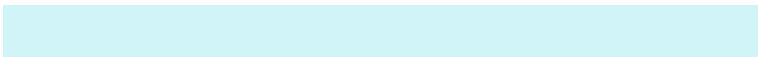
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



247, 208, 224



255, 207, 226



208, 244, 247



122, 110, 115



186, 0, 76



59, 0, 24

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 247, 208, 224 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

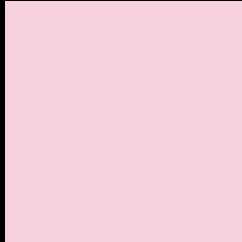
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 247, 208, 224 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 247, 208, 224 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 247, 208, 224.

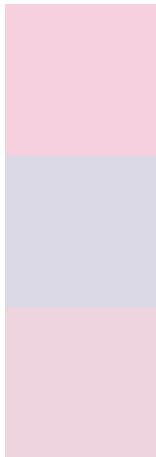


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 247, 208, 224.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
247, 208, 224

Protanopia
219, 217, 229

Deuteranopia
237, 212, 223



Tritanopia

247, 208, 224

Trichromacy



Original Color

247, 208, 224

Protanomaly

229, 214, 227

Deuteranomaly

241, 211, 223

Tritanomaly

247, 208, 224

Monochromacy



Original Color

247, 208, 224

Achromatopsia

221, 221, 221

Achromatomaly

230, 216, 222

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 247, 208, 224 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(247, 208, 224)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 208, 224)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 208, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 208, 224) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 247, 208, 224 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 208, 224) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 208, 224) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(247, 208, 224)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 208, 224); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 208, 224);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 208,  
224) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 247, 208, 224 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 208, 224) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247,  
208, 224) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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