

Converting Colors

RGB(247, 215, 165)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(247, 215, 165) contains.

RGB(247, 215, 165)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(247, 215, 165)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F7D7A5
RGB	247, 215, 165
RGB Percent	97%, 84%, 65%
CMY	0.0314, 0.1569, 0.3529
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.33, 0.03
HSL	37°, 84%, 81%
HSV	37°, 33%, 97%
XYZ	69.4497, 71.0916, 45.6590
YIQ	218.8680, 35.1220, -8.7660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

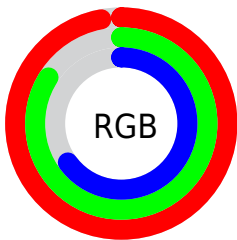
Format	Color
R _Y B	217, 247, 165
Decimal	16242597
CIE Lab	87.53, 4.10, 28.80
CIE LCh	88, 29.091, 81.899
Yxy	71.0916, 0.3730, 0.3818
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294432677 (0xFFFF7D7A5)
YUV	218.8680, -26.5569, 24.6718
Hunter-Lab	84.3159, -0.5249, 26.9142

Details

The RGB color **247, 215, 165** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **165, 197, 247**, and the grayscale version is **219, 219, 219**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 220**, and **190, 160, 113** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **247, 205, 140**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **247, 225, 190**.

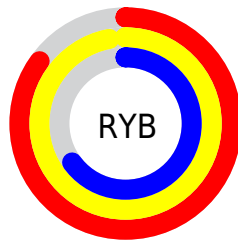
Distribution



Red (97%)

Green (84%)

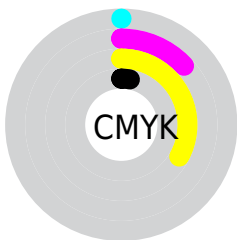
Blue (65%)



Red (85%)

Yellow (97%)

Blue (65%)

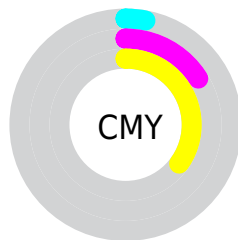


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (33%)

Black (3%)



Cyan (3%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 247, 215, 165 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 247, 215, 165 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 247, 215, 165

 247, 215, 165

255, 255, 255

 218, 187, 138

 255, 255, 220

 190, 160, 113

 255, 255, 249

 162, 134, 88

 135, 109, 64

 108, 85, 41

 83, 62, 19

 59, 40, 0

 34, 20, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 247, 215, 165

■ 247, 215, 165

■ 247, 205, 140

■ 247, 225, 190

■ 247, 196, 116

■ 247, 234, 214

■ 247, 186, 91

■ 247, 244, 239

■ 247, 176, 66

■ 247, 254, 255

■ 247, 167, 41

■ 247, 255, 255

■ 247, 157, 17

■ 247, 151, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 206, 177



247, 215, 165



219, 224, 168

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



247, 215, 165



140, 235, 239



248, 206, 254

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



247, 215, 165



165, 197, 247

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



214, 215, 255



247, 215, 165



146, 231, 255

Square

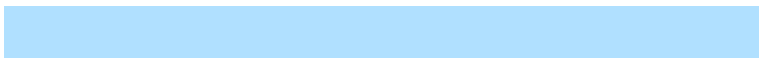
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



247, 215, 165



158, 235, 211



176, 224, 255



255, 200, 228

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



247, 215, 165



197, 229, 178



176, 224, 255



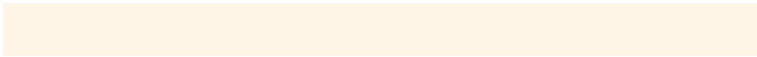
238, 209, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



247, 215, 165



255, 245, 230



247, 165, 198



128, 122, 112



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



247, 215, 165



255, 215, 153



239, 247, 165



122, 118, 110



186, 114, 0



59, 36, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



165, 197, 247



153, 193, 255



173, 165, 247



110, 115, 122



0, 73, 186



0, 23, 59

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 247, 215, 165 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

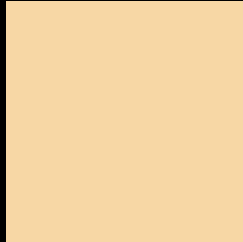
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 247, 215, 165 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

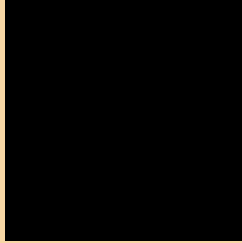
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 247, 215, 165 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 247, 215, 165.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 247, 215, 165.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
247, 215, 165

Protanopia
235, 219, 167

Deuteranopia
255, 211, 172

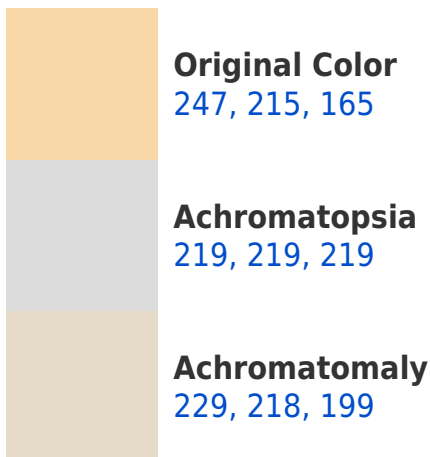


Tritanopia
253, 207, 223

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 247, 215, 165 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(247, 215, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 215, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 215, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 215, 165) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 247, 215, 165 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 215, 165) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 215, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(247, 215, 165)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 215, 165); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 215, 165);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 215,  
165) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 247, 215, 165 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 215, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247,  
215, 165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor