

Converting Colors

RGB(248, 201, 184)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(248, 201, 184) contains.

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Color

RGB(248, 201, 184)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F8C9B8
RGB	248, 201, 184
RGB Percent	97%, 79%, 72%
CMY	0.0275, 0.2118, 0.2784
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.26, 0.03
HSL	16°, 82%, 85%
HSV	16°, 26%, 97%
XYZ	68.2498, 65.1904, 54.3333
YIQ	213.1150, 33.4690, 4.6770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

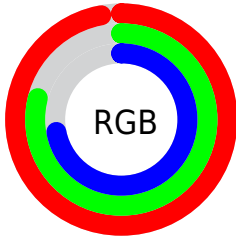
Format	Color
R _Y B	248, 207, 184
Decimal	16304568
CIE Lab	84.58, 14.20, 14.78
CIE LCh	85, 20.495, 46.158
Yxy	65.1904, 0.3635, 0.3472
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294494648 (0xFFFF8C9B8)
YUV	213.1150, -14.3537, 30.5941
Hunter-Lab	80.7406, 9.5894, 16.6200

Details

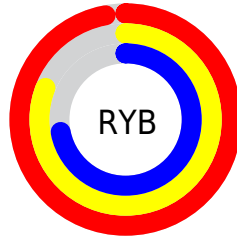
The RGB color **248, 201, 184** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **184, 231, 248**, and the grayscale version is **213, 213, 213**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 240**, and **191, 147, 131** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **248, 183, 159**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **248, 219, 209**.

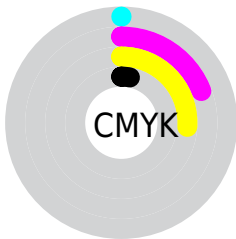
Distribution



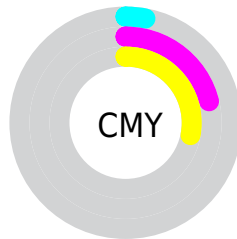
- Red (97%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (72%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (72%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 248, 201, 184 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 248, 201, 184 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 248, 201, 184

255, 255, 255

 255, 255, 240

 248, 201, 184

 219, 174, 157

 191, 147, 131

 163, 121, 106

 136, 96, 82

 110, 72, 59

 84, 50, 37

 60, 28, 16

 38, 5, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 248, 201, 184

■ 248, 201, 184

■ 248, 183, 159

■ 248, 219, 209

■ 248, 165, 134

■ 248, 237, 234

■ 248, 146, 110

■ 248, 255, 255

■ 248, 128, 85

■ 248, 110, 60

■ 248, 92, 35

■ 248, 74, 10

■ 248, 66, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



252, 198, 201



248, 201, 184



235, 207, 174

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



248, 201, 184



173, 222, 201



203, 209, 248

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



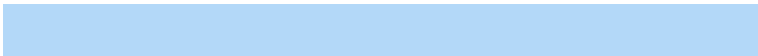
248, 201, 184



184, 231, 248

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



179, 216, 248



248, 201, 184



161, 222, 221

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



248, 201, 184



193, 218, 184



162, 220, 238



227, 203, 238

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



248, 201, 184



222, 211, 173



162, 220, 238



195, 211, 249

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



248, 201, 184



255, 240, 235



248, 184, 232



128, 118, 115



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



248, 201, 184



255, 197, 176



248, 232, 184



125, 116, 112



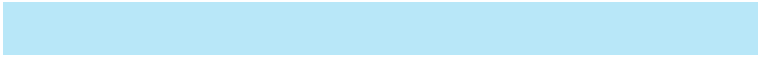
189, 50, 0



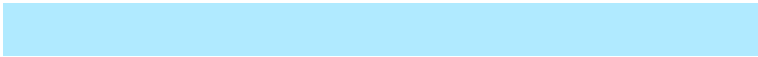
61, 16, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



184, 231, 248



176, 234, 255



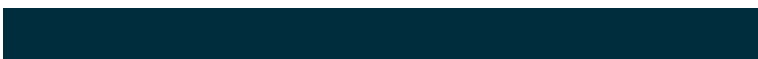
184, 200, 248



112, 122, 125



0, 139, 189



0, 45, 61

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 248, 201, 184 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

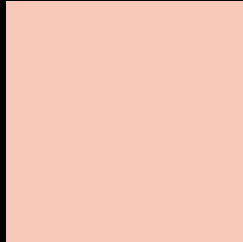
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 248, 201, 184 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

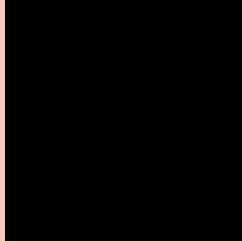
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 248, 201, 184 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 248, 201, 184.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 248, 201, 184.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
248, 201, 184

Protanopia
220, 211, 189

Deuteranopia
242, 204, 184



Tritanopia
251, 197, 212

Trichromacy



Original Color

248, 201, 184

Protanomaly

230, 207, 187

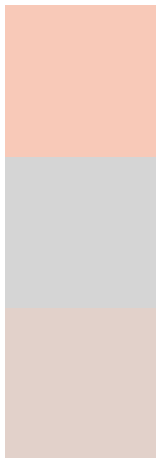
Deuteranomaly

244, 203, 184

Tritanomaly

250, 198, 202

Monochromacy



Original Color

248, 201, 184

Achromatopsia

213, 213, 213

Achromatomaly

226, 209, 202

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 248, 201, 184 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(248, 201, 184) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(248, 201, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(248, 201, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(248, 201, 184) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 248, 201, 184 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(248, 201, 184) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(248, 201, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(248, 201, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(248, 201, 184); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 201, 184);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 201,  
184) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 248, 201, 184 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(248, 201, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(248,  
201, 184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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