

Converting Colors

RGB(248, 217, 214)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(248, 217, 214) contains.

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Color

RGB(248, 217, 214)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F8D9D6
RGB	248, 217, 214
RGB Percent	97%, 85%, 84%
CMY	0.0275, 0.1490, 0.1608
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.14, 0.03
HSL	5°, 71%, 91%
HSV	5°, 14%, 97%
XYZ	75.6619, 74.4372, 73.9983
YIQ	225.9270, 19.4390, 5.6390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

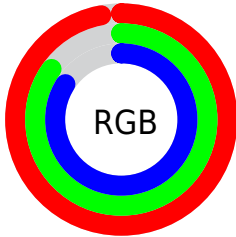
Format	Color
R _Y B	248, 217, 214
Decimal	16308694
CIE Lab	89.13, 10.25, 5.42
CIE LCh	89, 11.595, 27.849
Yxy	74.4372, 0.3376, 0.3322
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294498774 (0xFFFF8D9D6)
YUV	225.9270, -5.8800, 19.3580
Hunter-Lab	86.2770, 5.5534, 9.5419

Details

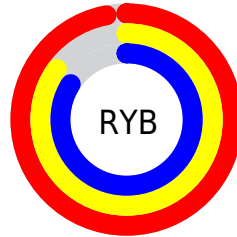
The RGB color **248, 217, 214** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **214, 245, 248**, and the grayscale version is **226, 226, 226**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and **191, 162, 159** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **248, 194, 189**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **248, 240, 239**.

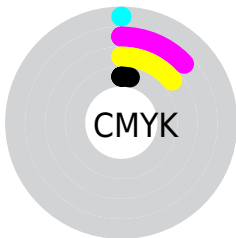
Distribution



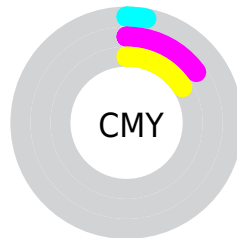
- Red (97%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (16%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 248, 217, 214 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 248, 217, 214 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 248, 217, 214

255, 255, 255

 248, 217, 214

 219, 189, 186

 191, 162, 159


 164, 136, 133

 138, 110, 108

 112, 86, 84

 87, 63, 61

 63, 41, 39

 41, 20, 18


 16, 0, 0

 248, 217, 214

 248, 217, 214


 248, 194, 189


 248, 240, 239

 248, 172, 164

 248, 255, 255

 248, 149, 140

 248, 127, 115

 248, 104, 90

 248, 81, 65

 248, 59, 40

 248, 36, 16

 248, 22, 0

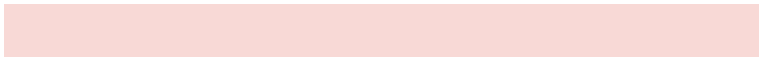
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



246, 217, 225



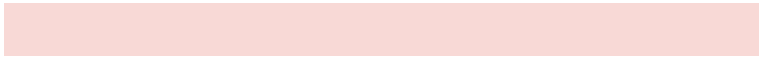
248, 217, 214



244, 219, 206

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



248, 217, 214



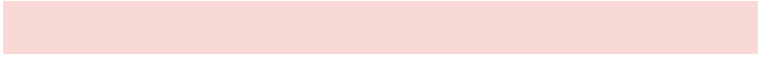
209, 229, 212



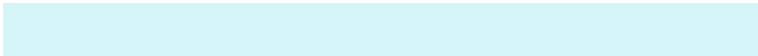
212, 225, 246

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



248, 217, 214



214, 245, 248

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



201, 228, 242



248, 217, 214



200, 231, 223

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



248, 217, 214



222, 226, 204



196, 230, 234



225, 221, 243

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



248, 217, 214



238, 222, 203



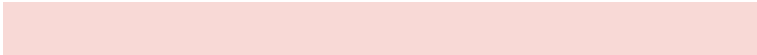
196, 230, 234



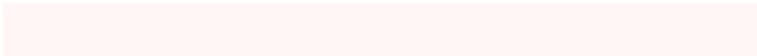
207, 226, 245

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



248, 217, 214



255, 246, 245



248, 214, 245



128, 122, 121



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



248, 217, 214



255, 218, 214



248, 234, 214



125, 114, 112



189, 17, 0



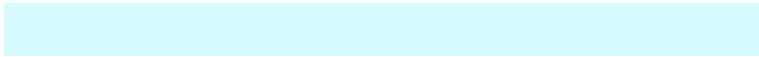
61, 5, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



214, 245, 248



214, 251, 255



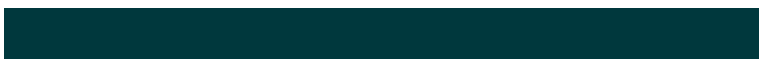
214, 228, 248



112, 124, 125



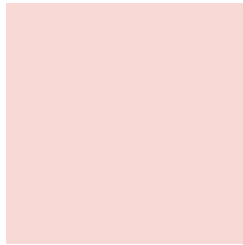
0, 172, 189



0, 56, 61

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 248, 217, 214 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

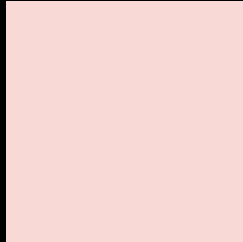
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 248, 217, 214 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

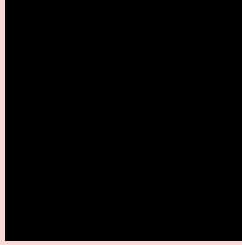
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

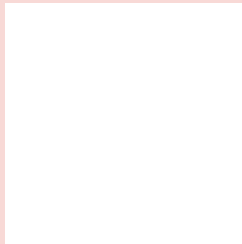
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 248, 217, 214 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 248, 217, 214.

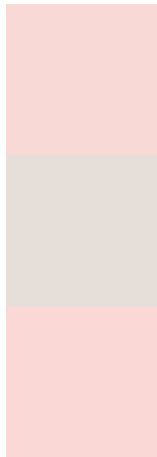


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 248, 217, 214.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
248, 217, 214

Protanopia
230, 223, 217

Deuteranopia
249, 216, 214



Tritanopia
250, 214, 231

Trichromacy



Original Color

248, 217, 214

Protanomaly

237, 221, 216

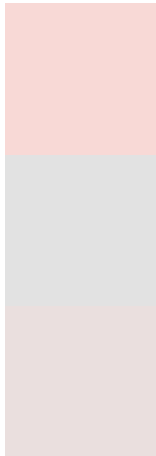
Deuteranomaly

249, 216, 214

Tritanomaly

249, 215, 225

Monochromacy



Original Color

248, 217, 214

Achromatopsia

226, 226, 226

Achromatomaly

234, 223, 222

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 248, 217, 214 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(248, 217, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(248, 217, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(248, 217, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(248, 217, 214) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 248, 217, 214 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(248, 217, 214) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(248, 217, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(248, 217, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(248, 217, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 217, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 217,  
214) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 248, 217, 214 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(248, 217, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(248,  
217, 214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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