

Converting Colors

RGB(248, 65, 187)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(248, 65, 187) contains.

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Color

RGB(248, 65, 187)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F841BB
RGB	248, 65, 187
RGB Percent	97%, 25%, 73%
CMY	0.0275, 0.7451, 0.2667
CMYK	0.00, 0.74, 0.25, 0.03
HSL	320°, 93%, 61%
HSV	320°, 74%, 97%
XYZ	49.5713, 27.3249, 49.6752
YIQ	133.6250, 69.9060, 76.7380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

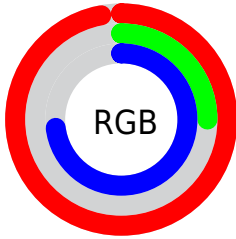
Format	Color
R _Y B	248, 65, 187
Decimal	16269755
CIE Lab	59.27, 78.01, -24.18
CIE LCh	59, 81.676, 342.778
Yxy	27.3249, 0.3916, 0.2159
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294459835 (0xFFFF841BB)
YUV	133.6250, 26.3139, 100.3069
Hunter-Lab	52.2732, 77.7955, -19.7520

Details

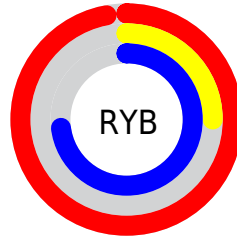
The RGB color **248, 65, 187** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF33CC**. The color can be described as light washed rose. A complement of this color would be **65, 248, 126**, and the grayscale version is **133, 133, 133**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 128, 243**, and **187, 0, 134** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **248, 40, 179**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **248, 90, 195**.

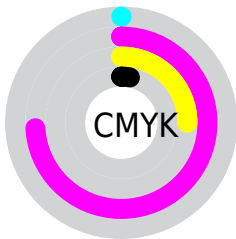
Distribution



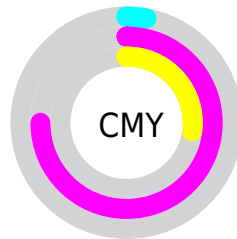
- Red (97%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (74%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (3%)




- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 248, 65, 187 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 248, 65, 187 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 248, 65, 187

 248, 65, 187

255, 255, 255

 217, 19, 160

 255, 128, 243

 187, 0, 134

 255, 158, 255

 157, 0, 108

 255, 188, 255

 128, 0, 84

 255, 218, 255

 99, 0, 60

 255, 248, 255

 72, 0, 38

 42, 0, 15

 0, 0, 0

 248, 65, 187

 248, 65, 187

■ 248, 40, 179

■ 248, 90, 195

■ 248, 15, 170

■ 248, 115, 204

■ 248, 0, 165

■ 248, 139, 212

■ 248, 164, 220

■ 248, 189, 228

■ 248, 214, 237

■ 248, 239, 245

■ 248, 255, 253

■ 248, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



182, 107, 249



248, 65, 187



255, 52, 115

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



248, 65, 187



144, 149, 0



0, 172, 239

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



248, 65, 187



65, 248, 126

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 174, 173



248, 65, 187



54, 164, 5

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



248, 65, 187



206, 124, 0



0, 171, 97



0, 163, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



248, 65, 187



255, 74, 69



0, 171, 97



0, 173, 219

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



248, 65, 187



255, 199, 236



126, 65, 248



128, 94, 116



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



248, 65, 187



255, 28, 179



248, 65, 96



125, 112, 121



189, 0, 126



61, 0, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



248, 65, 187



255, 28, 179



65, 248, 217



125, 112, 121



189, 0, 126



61, 0, 41

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 248, 65, 187 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

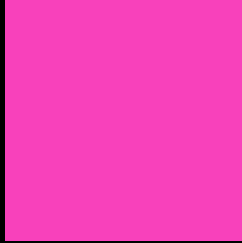
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 248, 65, 187 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 248, 65, 187 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 248, 65, 187.

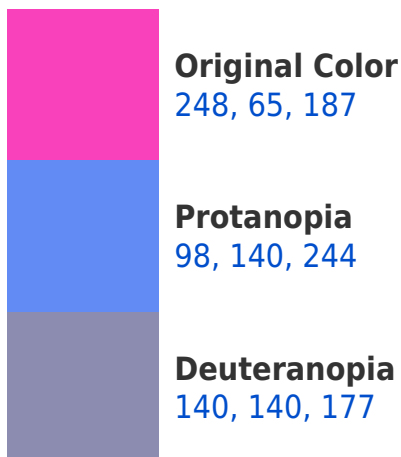


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 248, 65, 187.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
241, 92, 98

Trichromacy



Original Color

248, 65, 187



Protanomaly

153, 113, 223



Deuteranomaly

179, 113, 181



Tritanomaly

244, 82, 130

Monochromacy



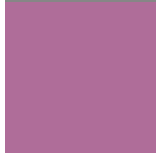
Original Color

248, 65, 187



Achromatopsia

134, 134, 134



Achromatomaly

175, 109, 153

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 248, 65, 187 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(248, 65, 187) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(248, 65, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(248, 65, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(248, 65, 187) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 248, 65, 187 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(248, 65, 187) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(248, 65, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(248, 65, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(248, 65, 187); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 65, 187);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 65,  
187) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 248, 65, 187 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(248, 65, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(248, 65,  
187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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