

Converting Colors

RGB(249, 171, 170)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(249, 171, 170) contains.

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Color

RGB(249, 171, 170)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F9ABAA
RGB	249, 171, 170
RGB Percent	98%, 67%, 67%
CMY	0.0235, 0.3294, 0.3333
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.32, 0.02
HSL	1°, 87%, 82%
HSV	1°, 32%, 98%
XYZ	60.8855, 52.1678, 44.8906
YIQ	194.2080, 46.8090, 16.2250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

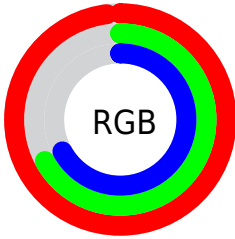
Format	Color
R _Y B	249, 171, 170
Decimal	16362410
CIE Lab	77.38, 28.51, 12.15
CIE LCh	77, 30.993, 23.075
Yxy	52.1678, 0.3855, 0.3303
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294552490 (0xFFF9ABAA)
YUV	194.2080, -11.9345, 48.0526
Hunter-Lab	72.2273, 24.0726, 13.7093

Details

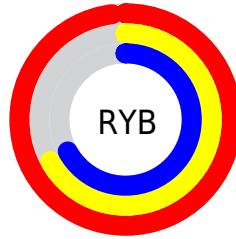
The RGB color **249, 171, 170** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **170, 248, 249**, and the grayscale version is **194, 194, 194**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 227, 225**, and **191, 118, 118** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **249, 146, 145**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **249, 196, 195**.

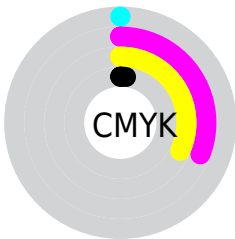
Distribution



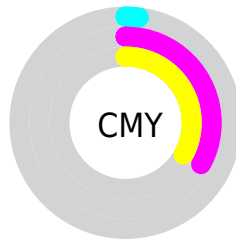
- Red (98%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (2%)




- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 249, 171, 170 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 249, 171, 170 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 249, 171, 170

 249, 171, 170

255, 255, 255

 220, 144, 144

 255, 227, 225


 191, 118, 118

255, 255, 254

 163, 93, 93

 135, 68, 70

 108, 45, 47

 81, 21, 27

 57, 0, 0

 31, 0, 1


 0, 0, 0

 249, 171, 170

 249, 171, 170

 249, 146, 145

 249, 196, 195

 249, 122, 120

 249, 220, 220

 249, 97, 95

 249, 245, 245

 249, 73, 70

 249, 255, 255

 249, 48, 45

 249, 23, 21

 249, 3, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



243, 170, 199



249, 171, 170



239, 178, 146

Triad

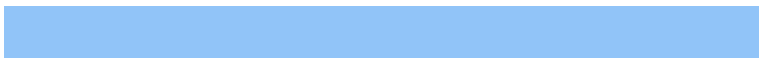
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



249, 171, 170



156, 203, 156



145, 196, 248

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



249, 171, 170



170, 248, 249

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



110, 203, 236



249, 171, 170



124, 207, 183

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



249, 171, 170



189, 196, 138



103, 207, 213



186, 186, 244

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



249, 171, 170



226, 184, 137



103, 207, 213



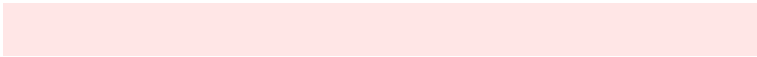
132, 199, 245

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



249, 171, 170



255, 230, 230



249, 170, 249



128, 112, 112



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



249, 171, 170



255, 159, 158



249, 210, 170



125, 113, 112



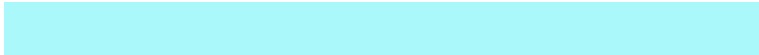
189, 2, 0



61, 1, 0

Inverse Universe

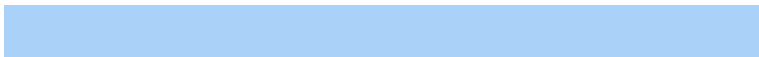
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



170, 248, 249



158, 254, 255



170, 210, 249



112, 125, 125



0, 186, 189



0, 60, 61

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 249, 171, 170 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

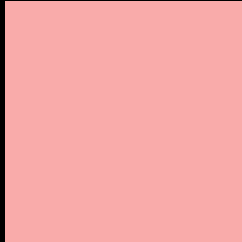
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 249, 171, 170 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 249, 171, 170 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 249, 171, 170.

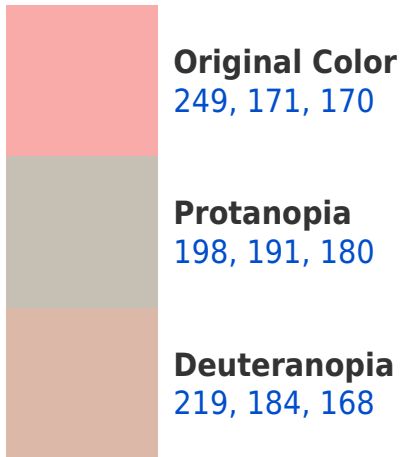



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 249, 171, 170.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
250, 169, 182

Trichromacy



Original Color

249, 171, 170



Protanomaly

217, 184, 176



Deuteranomaly

230, 179, 169



Tritanomaly

250, 170, 178

Monochromacy



Original Color

249, 171, 170



Achromatopsia

194, 194, 194



Achromatomaly

214, 186, 185

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 249, 171, 170 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(249, 171, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(249, 171, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(249, 171, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(249, 171, 170) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 249, 171, 170 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(249, 171, 170) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(249, 171, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(249, 171, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(249, 171, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 171, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 171,  
170) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 249, 171, 170 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(249, 171, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(249,  
171, 170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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