

Converting Colors

RGB(249, 178, 108)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(249, 178, 108) contains.

RGB(249, 178, 108)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(249, 178, 108)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F9B26C
RGB	249, 178, 108
RGB Percent	98%, 70%, 42%
CMY	0.0235, 0.3020, 0.5765
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.57, 0.02
HSL	30°, 92%, 70%
HSV	30°, 57%, 98%
XYZ	57.6941, 53.0632, 21.3888
YIQ	191.2490, 64.7860, -6.7180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

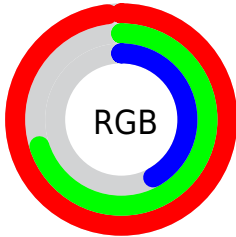
Format	Color
R _Y B	249, 247, 108
Decimal	16364140
CIE Lab	77.91, 18.56, 45.66
CIE LCh	78, 49.283, 67.881
Yxy	53.0632, 0.4366, 0.4015
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294554220 (0xFFF9B26C)
YUV	191.2490, -41.0418, 50.6476
Hunter-Lab	72.8445, 13.8971, 33.5823

Details

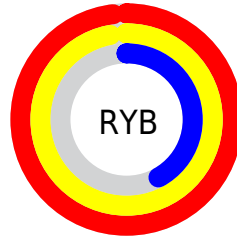
The RGB color **249, 178, 108** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9966**. A complement of this color would be **108, 179, 249**, and the grayscale version is **192, 192, 192**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 234, 161**, and **189, 125, 58** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **249, 165, 83**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **249, 191, 133**.

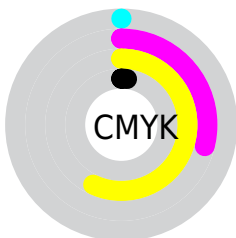
Distribution



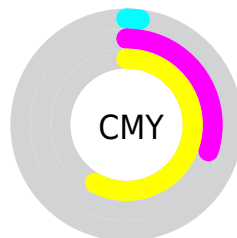
- Red (98%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Black (2%)




- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 249, 178, 108 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 249, 178, 108 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 249, 178, 108

 249, 178, 108

255, 255, 255

 219, 151, 83

 255, 234, 161

 189, 125, 58

 255, 255, 188

 160, 100, 33

 255, 255, 216

 131, 76, 5

 255, 255, 245

 103, 53, 0

 76, 31, 0


 49, 10, 0


 21, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 249, 178, 108

 249, 178, 108

 249, 165, 83

 249, 191, 133

 249, 153, 58

 249, 203, 158

 249, 140, 33

 249, 216, 183

 249, 128, 8

 249, 228, 208

 249, 124, 0

 249, 241, 233

 249, 253, 255

 249, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 163, 139



249, 178, 108



209, 194, 100

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



249, 178, 108



0, 216, 204



213, 176, 255

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



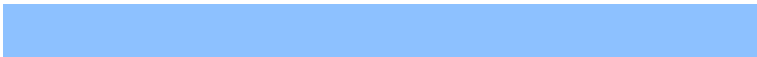
249, 178, 108



108, 179, 249

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



141, 193, 255



249, 178, 108



0, 214, 247

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



249, 178, 108



99, 214, 157



0, 207, 255



255, 161, 228

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



249, 178, 108



178, 203, 109



0, 207, 255



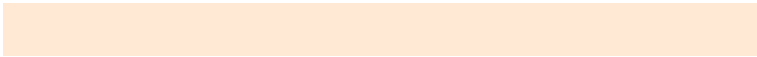
192, 182, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



249, 178, 108



255, 233, 212



249, 108, 181



128, 115, 102



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



249, 178, 108



255, 168, 82



249, 247, 108



125, 119, 112



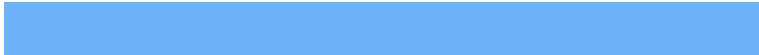
189, 94, 0



61, 30, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



108, 179, 249



82, 169, 255



108, 110, 249



112, 119, 125



0, 95, 189



0, 31, 61

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 249, 178, 108 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

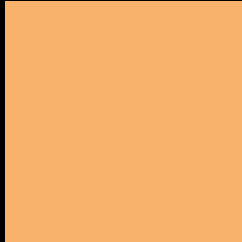
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 249, 178, 108 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

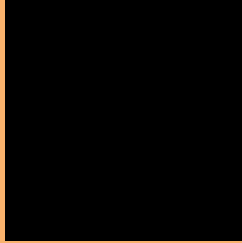
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 249, 178, 108 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 249, 178, 108.

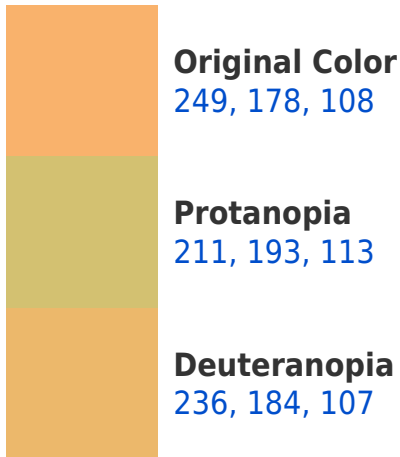


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 249, 178, 108.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
255, 169, 182

Trichromacy



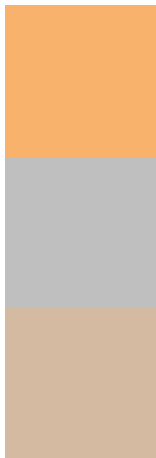
Original Color
249, 178, 108

Protanomaly
225, 188, 111

Deuteranomaly
241, 182, 107

Tritanomaly
253, 172, 155

Monochromacy



Original Color
249, 178, 108

Achromatopsia
191, 191, 191

Achromatomaly
212, 186, 161

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 249, 178, 108 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(249, 178, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(249, 178, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(249, 178, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(249, 178, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 249, 178, 108 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(249, 178, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(249, 178, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(249, 178, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(249, 178, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 178, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 178,  
108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 249, 178, 108 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(249, 178, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(249,  
178, 108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor