

Converting Colors

RGB(249, 192, 187)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(249, 192, 187) contains.

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Color

RGB(249, 192, 187)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F9C0BB
RGB	249, 192, 187
RGB Percent	98%, 75%, 73%
CMY	0.0235, 0.2471, 0.2667
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.25, 0.02
HSL	5°, 84%, 85%
HSV	5°, 25%, 98%
XYZ	66.8862, 61.4269, 55.3450
YIQ	208.4730, 35.5770, 10.5290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

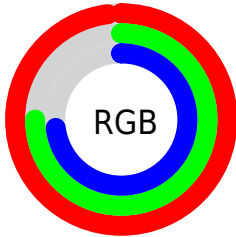
Format	Color
R _Y B	249, 192, 187
Decimal	16367803
CIE Lab	82.61, 19.70, 10.40
CIE LCh	83, 22.279, 27.826
Yxy	61.4269, 0.3642, 0.3345
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294557883 (0xFFF9C0BB)
YUV	208.4730, -10.5862, 35.5422
Hunter-Lab	78.3753, 15.1768, 12.9949

Details

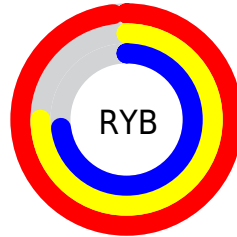
The RGB color **249, 192, 187** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **187, 244, 249**, and the grayscale version is **209, 209, 209**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 249, 243**, and **192, 138, 134** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **249, 169, 162**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **249, 215, 212**.

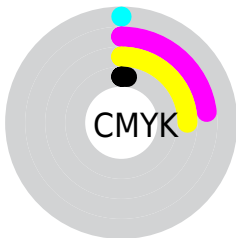
Distribution



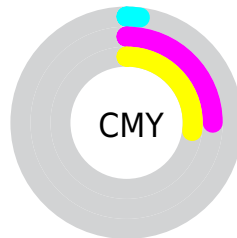
- Red (98%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 249, 192, 187 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 249, 192, 187 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 249, 192, 187

255, 255, 255

 255, 249, 243

 249, 192, 187

 220, 165, 160

 192, 138, 134

 164, 113, 109

 137, 88, 84

 110, 64, 61

 85, 42, 39


 60, 20, 19

 39, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 249, 192, 187


 249, 192, 187

 249, 169, 162


 249, 215, 212

 249, 146, 137

 249, 238, 237

 249, 123, 112

 249, 255, 255

 249, 100, 87

 249, 78, 62

 249, 55, 38

 249, 32, 13

 249, 20, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



246, 191, 208



249, 192, 187



241, 197, 171

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



249, 192, 187



177, 215, 183



180, 208, 247

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



249, 192, 187



187, 244, 249

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



157, 214, 240



249, 192, 187



157, 218, 203

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



249, 192, 187



201, 210, 168



148, 217, 224



207, 201, 242

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



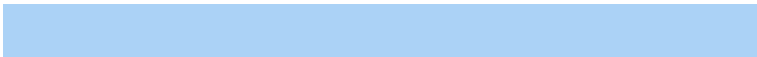
249, 192, 187



230, 201, 165



148, 217, 224



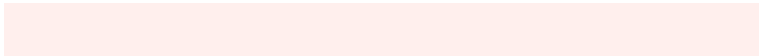
171, 210, 246

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



249, 192, 187



255, 239, 237



249, 187, 245



128, 118, 117



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



249, 192, 187



255, 185, 179



249, 222, 187



125, 113, 112



189, 15, 0



61, 5, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



187, 244, 249



179, 249, 255



187, 214, 249



112, 124, 125



0, 173, 189



0, 56, 61

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 249, 192, 187 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

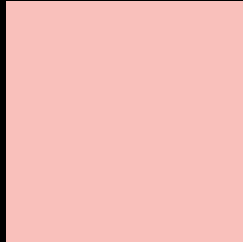
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 249, 192, 187 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 249, 192, 187 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 249, 192, 187.

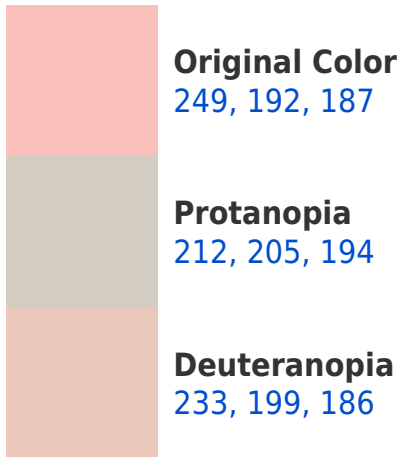



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 249, 192, 187.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

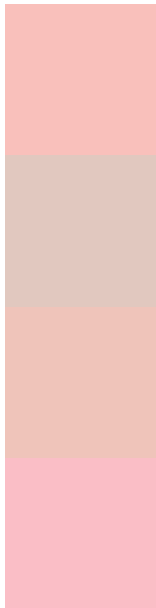
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
251, 189, 204

Trichromacy



Original Color
249, 192, 187

Protanomaly
225, 200, 191

Deuteranomaly
239, 196, 186

Tritanomaly
250, 190, 198

Monochromacy



Original Color
249, 192, 187

Achromatopsia
208, 208, 208

Achromatomaly
223, 202, 200

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 249, 192, 187 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(249, 192, 187) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(249, 192, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(249, 192, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(249, 192, 187) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 249, 192, 187 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(249, 192, 187) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(249, 192, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(249, 192, 187)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(249, 192, 187); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 192, 187);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 192,  
187) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 249, 192, 187 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(249, 192, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(249,  
192, 187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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