

Converting Colors

RGB(249, 209, 216)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(249, 209, 216) contains.

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Color

RGB(249, 209, 216)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F9D1D8
RGB	249, 209, 216
RGB Percent	98%, 82%, 85%
CMY	0.0235, 0.1804, 0.1529
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.13, 0.02
HSL	350°, 77%, 90%
HSV	350°, 16%, 98%
XYZ	74.2621, 70.6985, 74.6979
YIQ	221.7580, 21.5930, 10.6570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

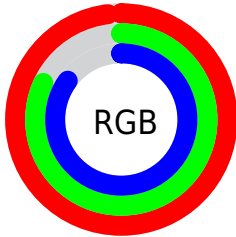
Format	Color
R _Y B	249, 209, 216
Decimal	16372184
CIE Lab	87.34, 15.09, 1.78
CIE LCh	87, 15.198, 6.716
Yxy	70.6985, 0.3381, 0.3219
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294562264 (0xFFFF9D1D8)
YUV	221.7580, -2.8387, 23.8912
Hunter-Lab	84.0824, 10.5079, 6.1851

Details

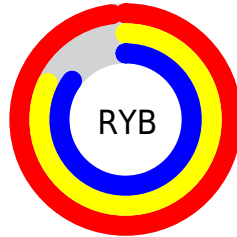
The RGB color **249, 209, 216** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **209, 249, 242**, and the grayscale version is **222, 222, 222**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and **192, 154, 161** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **249, 184, 195**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **249, 234, 237**.

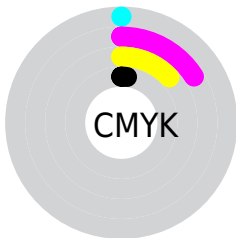
Distribution



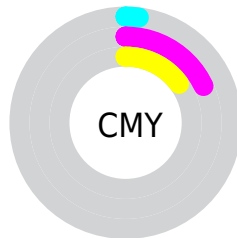
- Red (98%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 249, 209, 216 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 249, 209, 216 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 249, 209, 216

255, 255, 255

 249, 209, 216

 220, 181, 188


 192, 154, 161


 165, 128, 135

 138, 103, 110

 112, 79, 85

 87, 56, 62


 63, 34, 41

 41, 13, 20


 9, 0, 0

 249, 209, 216

 249, 209, 216


 249, 184, 195

 249, 234, 237

 249, 159, 175

 249, 255, 255

 249, 134, 154

 249, 109, 134

 249, 85, 113

 249, 60, 93

 249, 35, 72

 249, 10, 52

 249, 0, 44

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



241, 210, 231



249, 209, 216



249, 210, 202

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



249, 209, 216



211, 223, 196



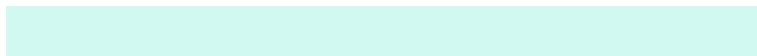
191, 223, 245

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



249, 209, 216



209, 249, 242

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



183, 226, 236



249, 209, 216



195, 226, 207

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



249, 209, 216



227, 219, 190



184, 227, 222



207, 219, 247

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



249, 209, 216



244, 213, 195



184, 227, 222



187, 225, 242

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



249, 209, 216



255, 242, 244



242, 209, 249



128, 120, 121



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

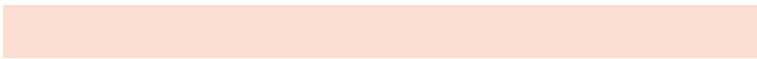
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



249, 209, 216



255, 207, 215



249, 222, 209



125, 112, 115



189, 0, 33



61, 0, 11

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



249, 209, 216



255, 207, 215



209, 236, 249



125, 112, 115



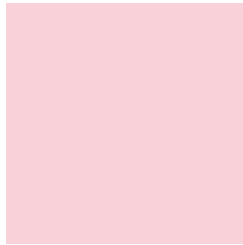
189, 0, 33



61, 0, 11

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 249, 209, 216 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

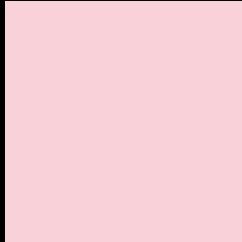
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 249, 209, 216 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 249, 209, 216 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 249, 209, 216.

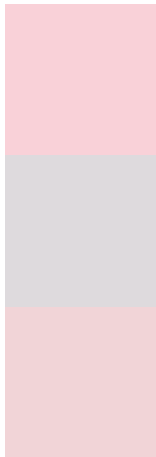


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 249, 209, 216.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
249, 209, 216

Protanopia
222, 218, 221

Deuteranopia
241, 212, 215



Tritanopia
250, 208, 224

Trichromacy



Original Color

249, 209, 216

Protanomaly

232, 215, 219

Deuteranomaly

244, 211, 215

Tritanomaly

250, 208, 221

Monochromacy



Original Color

249, 209, 216

Achromatopsia

222, 222, 222

Achromatomaly

232, 217, 220

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 249, 209, 216 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(249, 209, 216) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(249, 209, 216)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(249, 209, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(249, 209, 216) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 249, 209, 216 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(249, 209, 216) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(249, 209, 216) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(249, 209, 216)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(249, 209, 216); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 209, 216);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 209,  
216) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 249, 209, 216 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(249, 209, 216) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(249,  
209, 216) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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